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Oakland Tribune.

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VOL. XXXXV PART I—12 PAGES OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 30, 1898. PAGES 1 TO 8 NO. 204

PHILIPPINE REBELS ARE MENACING.

AGUINALDO NOW OPENLY DEFIANT.

Dispatch From Dewey Says the Insurgent Chief Is Hostile and a Large Army Is Needed to Deal With the Rebels.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A dispatch received from Admiral Dewey announced that Aguinaldo has assumed a bold attitude of defiance and that it would take a large force from this country to subdue the insurgents.

SANTIAGO WANTS AMERICAN RULE.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 29, 4 P. M. (delayed in transmission)—A feature of the situation here is the constant stream of native residents who are presenting claims to the authorities here against the United States Government for losses sustained at the hands of the Cuban troops, damage to property, robbery and plunder during the last three years. These claims are promptly returned with an expression of regret.

The daily passes issued through the lines exceed 300. Today it was discovered that they are being used to take rum and tobacco to the Spanish, with whom a good traffic is kept up. Future bearers of passes will be searched.

Among the passengers on the Ward line steamer Philadelphia on her return trip to New York will be Don Aldoon, the new Collector of the Port at Santiago. The full capacity of the ship has been engaged. She will probably take a cargo of iron ore, the first since the war broke out.

All foreign orders for goods have been countermanded. There is a distinct sentiment here for continuation of occupation and the definite establishment of an American protectorate. Local merchants, Spanish, foreign and native, are drawing up a petition requesting the establishment of a bonded warehouse at Santiago, so that, in case they desire to re-ship goods to Porto Rico, they may be saved the payment of double duties. Under the Spanish regime the entry of goods in bond here was unknown. Merchandise imported and re-shipped to Porto Rico and Spanish colonies paid duties twice.

Senor Enrique Trujillo, the editor of the Porvenci of New York, the organ of the Cuban insurgents, arrived here yesterday on board the Philadelphia and applied to General Wood for a license to establish a Cuban paper here. But the character of the proposed publication was not considered desirable by the General at present, and permission to publish it was absolutely refused.

SANTIAGO FEARS CUBAN MISRULE.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 28, 12:15 P. M. (delayed in transmission.)—General Shafter has had some cable correspondence with Adjutant-General Corbin tending to allay the fear among Spanish and foreign merchants here that the American troops are to be withdrawn from Santiago and the city given over to the custody of the Cuban soldiers. Representations had been made to General Shafter of the alleged impossibility of a resumption of business unless assurances were given by the United States Government that enough American troops will remain to maintain order and that a stable government would be established. General Shafter cabled to Adjutant-General Corbin, requesting authority to give the desired assurance in the name of the President.

General Shafter says the four immune regiments from Alabama and Mississippi, in all 5,000 men, half of whom are expected today, will remain to garrison the city. He has recommended the withdrawal of the cavalry and their return north as soon as their state of health will permit. It is understood that the rest of the Fifth Army Corps will go to Montauk Point, L. I., and there is great rejoicing among the troops.

SHAFTER REPORTS MORE YELLOW FEVER

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The War Department posted the following:

"SANTIAGO DE CUBA, via Bermuda, July 29.—Adjutant General, Washington:—Sanitary conditions for July 28: Total sick, 4,278; total fever cases, 3,406; new cases fever, 696; cases fever restored to duty, 590; death, Private Michael McGoldrick, First Infantry, cause, athenia following malarial fever.

"SHAFTER."

MARIA TERESA WILL BE FLOATED.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Navy Department has posted the following from Admiral Sampson:

"PLAYA, July 29.—The Infanta Maria Teresa, upon which the wreckers are now engaged, will be floated and brought to Guantanamo as soon as a small leak is located, which is somewhere in the bow of the ship. Whether this leak is due to a small valve being left open or a hole which may have been made in the bow is not yet known. Her own pumps are being used to remove the water, there being steam in one of her boilers.

"SAMPSON."

HULL WOULD HOLD THE PHILIPPINES.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 30.—Congressman Hull, Chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, is in town. He has just returned from the Republican Congressional Convention at Knoxville, by which he was renominated for another term. In regard to the disposal of the Philippine Islands, he said it appeared probable that they would be returned to Spain.

"It will be hard to do this," he added, "when it is remembered that the Philippine insurgents, in marked distinction to the Cuban insurgents, have proved themselves fighters and have assisted Dewey in every possible way. Personally, I would favor retaining all the territory we have captured, and I know there is a large and growing element in our country which holds to the same belief."

SENATOR STEWART GIVES HIS VIEWS.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CARSON, Nev., July 30.—Senator William M. Stewart, in reference to the terms of peace now being considered at Washington, says: "The terms of peace should be the withdrawal of all Spanish troops from Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines, and all other Spanish islands in the Pacific, and the absolute relinquishment by Spain of all right or claim of sovereignty in such islands.

"What disposition is to be made of these provinces must be determined by the United States, untrammeled in a treaty of peace. The United States should dictate—not negotiate—the terms of peace, the same as Germany did to France. If Spain would absolutely withdraw all claim to the islands, within the influence of our present military operations, I would expect no further indemnity, but if she continues the war, our claims, as compensation, must be enlarged for the expense which the United States would suffer from her folly."

SENATOR HARRIS' TERMS OF PEACE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LINWOOD, Kas., July 30.—On the question of the terms of peace between the United States and Spain, Senator W. A. Harris says: The favorite game of the Spaniard is diplomatic quibbling. We can tolerate no temporizing policy. We must have free Cuba recognized, with no load of debt or obligations for Spanish bonds, Porto Rico for our own, and an absolutely free hand in the Philippines. Would be generous as to war indemnity if an immediate and prompt acceptance of these demands is conceded. Would not have the Philippines as American territory on any terms if it can be avoided; would afford them an opportunity to govern themselves, or might consider some guaranteed form of autonomy under Spanish sovereignty for a final settlement, with adequate naval station for ourselves; but not a moment's halt in the forward movement till acceptance of these terms."

Substitutes

There are none for *Schilling's Best* tea. There is none other fresh-roasted. 33

PHILIPPINES PROBLEM YET IN ABEYANCE.

The Cabinet Decides to Defer Action on the Disposition of the Coveted Islands.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Cabinet convened in a special session today to approve formally the answer of the United States to the Spanish note asking peace. Practically all was in readiness for a final vote, the language of the diplomatic note to be communicated to Spain having been practically settled upon yesterday. The hour fixed for convening was 10:30 o'clock, but it was considerably past that time when all of the members of the Cabinet had assembled.

Secretary Day announced on joining the Cabinet at 11:10 o'clock that an official statement outlining the nature of the reply to Spain probably would be made public this afternoon.

The paper prepared by Secretary Day for presentation to M. Cambon, the French Embassador, as the answer of the United States to Spain's proposal contained about 1,100 words. It was pretty well understood before the Cabinet met to-day that a practical agreement had been reached upon the answer to be returned to the Spanish overtures for peace, and that what remained for the cabinet to do was simply to go over carefully the text of the communication the Secretary had been charged to prepare over night and to give it the seal of formal approval.

NAVAL STATION DEMANDED.

Of course, it is understood what form the Philippine arrangement takes. The United States is to have a naval station there, for it is understood that the original plan to acquire a coaling station has been broadened into a demand for a naval station.

The argument that brought about this change was the representation of the Naval War Board that one of the most pressing needs of the United States naval vessels in Asiatic waters was a good dry dock and some machinery where the repairs that always are required by the complex warships of to-day can be effected. It was also pointed out that under strict application of the neutrality laws, as urged by some writers, the United States might be prevented in time of war from taking its own coal from its own coaling station, though the same rule cannot be applied to a naval station, which would be held under an entirely different tenure. The maintenance of a naval station would require more territory than a coaling station, and the existence of a dock yard at Cavite has fixed the eyes of the Naval War Board upon that place as one ready made for our occupation. A naval station involves some resident population to supply the necessary labor, and some agricultural land is required to maintain this population, the extent of territory depending entirely upon the size of the station and its importance.

MERRITT'S MESSAGE.

The statement of General Merritt contained in his cablegram today that he probably would need all the troops that had been assigned him was regarded as a little ominous of trouble to come, though whether this is to be with the natives or is incident to the siege of Manila is not evident. The General's dispatch, it is supposed, was brought to Hong Kong on the British gunboat Plover, and as he makes no mention of the reported surrender of Manila, although his dispatch undoubtedly is the latest from the Philippines, that report is now looked upon as at least premature. It is noticeable, too, that Admiral Dewey in his telegram made no reference to the reported surrender.

The Cabinet adjourned about 1 o'clock. As to the Philippines, it was decided to leave their government open for the present, to be determined later by a commission to be appointed by the two countries, the United States meanwhile to exercise control and jurisdiction over Manila, its harbor and immediate surrounding territory.

A PEACE COMMISSION.

It is learned that the Spanish-American Commission is to have entire charge of the terms of peace, on condition, however, that the Spanish troops are removed immediately from Cuba and Porto Rico, and that the United States shall have one of the Ladrone islands also. The President has decided that the statement intended to be made public as soon as a reply was made to Spain, shall not be given out. He reached this determination upon representation that such a course would be a violation of the proprieties of diplomacy, which require that such a note shall not be published before it is known to have reached the nation addressed, and that even then reasonable time must be allowed for an answer.

The American reply distinctly gives warning that the proposition as to the surrender of all sovereignty in the West Indian waters and the selection of an island in the Ladrones is beyond any discussion whatever. As to the Philippines, the reply says in substance that as further indemnity to the United States for its expenses, the United States for its expenses, the United States will hold the city of Manila, its bay and harbor, pending the determination of the future government of the whole island or of the group. One island of the Ladrone group is to be ceded to the United States, this Government to make its selection. In demanding the surrender of Spanish sovereignty in all our nearby waters, the reply diplomatically avoids making any pledges to what is to be done by this Government as to Cuba.

DISPATCH FROM DEWEY.

While the Cabinet was in session a significant cablegram was received from Admiral Dewey. It announced the arrival of Major General Merritt and the expedition with him at Manilla, but graphically painted the uncertainties as to the future there. The dispatch, which has not been made public save in its unimportant features, largely guides the Cabinet in its disposition of the Philippine problem. Without minding his words, Admiral Dewey said that Aguinaldo had assumed a bold attitude of defiance and that there were strong indications that the Philippine insurgents themselves would have to be fought. Based on this depiction of the gravity of the situation there, it would take 150,000 soldiers from this country to cope with the insurgents throughout all the islands. The deferment of final disposition of the Philippine problem was based on substantially the following grounds:

1.—That the United States has no satisfactory knowledge of the existing conditions there.

2.—Nothing is known of what obligations were incurred as between the United States forces and the Philippine insurgents.

3.—The present defiant attitude of the insurgents is unknown.

4.—The extent to which Aguinaldo controls the islands of the Philippine group is unknown.

5—Incident to the foregoing, it is unknown what will have to be done by this Government in subjugating the insurgent forces, the Spanish and the natives.

The French Embassador left the Embassy shortly before 2 o'clock, accompanied by his First Secretary, M. Thlebaut. They were shown through to the private corridor of the White House, and the conference began soon after 2 o'clock.

It had been expected that the Embassador's call would be brief, only long enough to receive the American answer. But it soon developed that the call was to be an extended one and long enough to permit full discussion. At 2:40 o'clock it was still in progress. About that time Secretary Day arrived and joined the President and the Embassador. Attorney General Griggs also came, although it was not known whether he joined in the conference with the Embassador. It was thought possible, though hardly probable, that the Embassador had come prepared to discuss and maybe to determine on some of the terms under consideration.

A LONG CONFERENCE.

At 4:30 the French Embassador was still in close conference with the President. Secretary Long with Admiral Sicard, president of the War Board, also came to the White House, presumably in answer to a call, and Assistant Secretary Adee was summoned with papers from the State Department. Based on the extension of the interview beyond a period of time necessary for the simple delivery of the answer to the Spanish overture to M. Cambon, it is surmised that the latter has succeeded in addressing himself to the merits of the question, and perhaps in at least securing a hearing upon some proposition to amend the demands of the United States upon Spain.

At 4:45 the Embassador left the White House, his call having lasted two and three-quarters hours.

At the close of the conference it was announced that the United States answer had been placed in the hands of the French Embassador, and that nothing could be said as to its nature until it had been received by the Spanish government.

TARS MUST WAIT FOR PRIZE MONEY

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The sailors of Sampson's fleet who participated in the destruction of the vessels of Cervera's squadron probably will have to wait some time yet for their prize money. The Navy Department has prepared lists of all the crews of the Spanish vessels and of the vessels of our own fleet that participated in the engagement, who were entitled to prize money, for the use of the Auditor of the Treasury in settling the accounts, but the Treasury Department officials, in their care to prevent any misapplication of funds, discovered that they must be supplied with further detailed information, and this request has necessitated the return of the lists to the North Atlantic fleet off Santiago for amendment. To prevent further trouble and delay on this score, Secretary Long has issued a circular, No. 43, which has been dispatched to all commanding officers of the navy, laying down the rules for the preparation of the prize lists as suggested by the order from the Navy Department.

SPANIARDS IN MANILA HAVE LOST COURAGE

Disheartened by Spain's Utter Impotence They Will Make a Merely Perfunctory Resistance.

SPANIARDS—2-COL HD

MANILA, July 25 (via Hong Kong July 30.)—The Spaniards are gradually realizing that Spain has not been victorious, that the expected reinforcements are not coming and that the contest is utterly hopeless. The insurgents are in overwhelming numbers, and the Spaniards can only obtain the bare necessities of life.

Only a fortnight ago Spanish national pride was rampant, but it is now merging into indignation at Spain's feebleness and regret that they were born Spaniards. While they will never surrender without a fight the Spanish officers will jump at the first honorable opportunity to surrender. They fear national disgrace too much to give in without a fight.

The fighting in the suburbs is desultory and the Americans are idle. This has given rise to a report that they had determined to suspend operations until September, and by that time peace will probably be concluded. Then, it is asserted here, the Americans may permanently annex the Caroline islands and the Ladrone islands and possibly abandon the Philippines, with the exception of keeping a coaling station here.

Although the insurgents have redoubled their efforts, they have hitherto been unable to capture the citadel. On the other hand, the Spaniards are not able to re-establish their suzerainty. Under the circumstances it seems evident that somebody must interfere in the name of humanity. Some insurgent shells have been thrown into the citadel, but they do not appear to have done much damage.

The natives are reported to be starving by thousands, and the Europeans are also hard pressed for food.

TRACKS TORN UP.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—By order of Mayor Phelan, four blocks of the street railway tracks were removed from Market street today. The tracks, which are useless, and have been so for years, were declared a nuisance by the Board of Supervisors recently, and in order to facilitate the re-paving of the thoroughfare the Mayor ordered their removal. A legal action will be instituted by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, in spite of the fact that its franchise expressly specifies that only two sets of tracks can be operated on Market street. The offending tracks were outside tracks, hence the removal order.

FIFTH ILLINOIS REVOLT ENDED.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK July 30.—The movement of troops from Camp Thomas is temporarily suspended, and all the commands have settled down to work as though they were to be here permanently. The Sixth Tennessee infantry, which has been in camp at Knoxville since its organization, arrived at Camp Thomas today. The Fourth Tennessee infantry, which is now in camp at Knoxville, is expected to come to Camp Thomas during the next few days.

The Fifth Illinois is again settling down to business. The boys have about gotten over their bitter disappointment at not getting to the front at this time, and nearly every man has returned to the regiment for duty. As soon as the rumors to the effect that Colonel Culver was responsible for their recall were shown to be false, the boys were generally satisfied.

For sleeping while on picket duty, Private William G. Ledgle of the First Pennsylvania has been sentenced to serve six months in prison, forfeit all pay during imprisonment and then be dishonorably discharged.

There are now twelve regiments at the Park with temperance canteens. The Y. M. C. A. has made great inroads on the places where beer has been sold. Beer can be purchased at only about fifteen canteens now.

CAPT. DODGE DIES AT SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A telegram received from Santiago announces the death of Captain Dodge of the Twenty-fourth infantry, well known in the West.

TRANSPORTS FOR POTO RICO.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SANTIAGO, July 29, 6:20 P. M. delayed in transmission.)—The transport Mississippi left here this morning for Porto Rico. She will be followed in a day or so by the Oriza and Louisiana. Orders have been received to hasten the departure of the transports here. The Tampa, Saratoga, Iroquois, Knickerbocker and Seguranca probably leave tomorrow, and the others will get away so soon as they discharge their freight. These include the Vigilancia, Miami, Mattewan, Gate City, Manteo, Catania, and Berkshire. The Quartermaster's Department is under orders to exercise the greatest activity in unloading the vessels, but the facilities are meagre.

Canadian Athletes to Go Abroad.

TORONTO, Ont., July 30.—George Worton, who is now in Europe, will bring back a proposition in September for a Canadian athletic team to visit England. The idea is endorsed by S. M. Hallman, President of the London Athletic Club, and will be taken up by the C. A. A. A.

Coon songs at Piedmont Springs, Saturday and Sunday evenings.

Girard Piano Company.
Coast agents for the celebrated Wheelock pianos. Over 500 used on the coast. For durability and sweetness of tone they cannot be surpassed. The largest stock of pianos to select from. Sold on easy terms. Pianos to rent, tuned and repaired. Girard Piano Co., 1112 Broadway.

Coon songs at Piedmont Springs, Saturday and Sunday evenings.

FOR SALE—Oakland Towel Co. Inquire 410 Thirteenth st., Oakland.

THE AGE OF ECONOMY.
The person who gets a "fit of economy" sometimes tries to take it out of his optician. That's a mistake—he takes it out of his own pocket—cuts down his ability to see.
Because, cheap is of necessity poor, and there is only one kind of optical work that is worth what it costs. It must be of the best, be correct and the frames well fitted.
I. A. BERETTA, Optician
1151 BROADWAY. 456-13TH ST.
At A. Steffanoni's Jewelry Store. (2)

Standard Groceries
...Are solely sold by us. All kinds of Delicacies, Dairy Produce, Lunch Supplies, Smoked and Spiced fish.
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GEN. MERRITT SENDS WORD FROM MANILA.

Command in Good Health and the Rest of the Fleet Has Doubtless Arrived By This Time.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The following has been received at the War Department:

CAVITE, July 25, (Via Hong Kong, July 30.)—Adjutant General, Washington: Arrived today about 12. Health of command good. Remainder of fleet about four days in the rear. All troops assigned will probably be needed.

"MERRITT,
"Major General Commanding."

The Navy Department made public the following:

"CAVITE, July 26.—Secretary of the Navy: Merritt arrived yesterday on the Newport. The remainder of the expedition is expected within the next few days."

WANT THE PHILIPPINES TO BE RETAINED.

The Oakland Board of Trade Telegraphs Its Wishes to McKinley.

The Board of Trade at its meeting this morning decided to urge President McKinley to keep the Philippine and Ladrone islands. This step was taken in support of the views of the members who believe that the retention of this property will be of advantage to California's commercial interests.

It was decided to forward the following telegram to President McKinley:

"William McKinley, President of the United States, Washington D. C.—The Oakland Board of Trade urgently recommends the retention of the Philippine and Ladrone islands, provided you anticipate no serious diplomatic complications.

"E. A. HERON, President."

The directors present at the meeting were James P. Taylor, E. A. Heron, H. L. Branthaver, J. E. Johnson, E. W. Marston, Sol Kahn, M. J. Keller, J. F. Towle.

BISMARCK IN THE VALLEY OF THE SHADOW.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BERLIN, July 30.—A dispatch from Friedrichsruhe this afternoon says that Prince Bismarck's condition has become so much more serious that the worst is feared.

Count William Bismarck returned to Friedrichsruhe today.

LADY YARD-BULLER IS RELEASED.

A Parisian Mad House No Longer Holds General Kirkham's Daughter.

Lady Leilah Yarde-Buller, the daughter of the late General Kirkham, has been released from the Parisian madhouse where she has been confined for the past six months and is now on her way to California to settle up her affairs and to secure enough to keep her in modest competency for the remainder of her life.

A rigid treatment has so far restored her health as to enable her to realize the remarkable end to which she had come, and to make one more stand in life.

Information to the effect that "Lady" Yarde-Buller was in New York City and would leave at once for California, to rest en route, and to arrive in San Francisco on August 10th, was received yesterday by the English woman's youngest son, Ralph Kirkham Blair, a Berkeley student, now residing in Oakland. She comes, the son declares, in secret to live upon the coast again, to receive some gentle treatment for her shattered nerves, and to live down the past.

MARTIN THORNE MUST DIE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 30.—Governor Black has decided not to interfere in the case of Martin Thorne, condemned to death for the murder of Guldensuppe.

CLEARANCE SALE

We won't quote prices on paper.

But will invite you to our store and let the quality and prices speak for themselves.

J. COHN & Co.

Tailors and Hatters,

258-60 WASHINGTON STREET, Between 9th and 10th Sts.

THE END TO AN AMBITIOUS CAREER.

L. W. Kennedy, Promoter of Original Tunnel Route is Dead.

Leonard White Kennedy, the speculator and promoter, died in New York July 21st after a short illness.

The deceased, for thirty years prior to his death, had been a resident of this city. He engaged in many enterprises, always striving to force the employment of new contrivances in which it appeared to him there was money for himself, the patentees and the investors.

One of these devices was the Bargeon rail, which, it was claimed, would do away with the injury which cars now sustain by reason of the jolting at the joints between rails. The Bargeon rail, it was claimed, practically did away with rail joints.

Kennedy also started the tunnel route between this county and Contra Costa county. The road leading up to the tunnel was completed, and the tunnel itself was built for a distance of about 200 feet into the hill, when the money ran out and the work was abandoned. The timbers have since rotted and the work is a ruin.

Kennedy left this city for the East about a year ago, and the news of his death is the first that has been heard of him since his departure. He was in his 69th year at the time of his death, and was a native of New York.

STRAUSS & CO. EMPLOY WHITE OPERATIVES.

Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald Testifies to the Fact.

The following letter, touching the report of the alleged wholesale employment of Chinese in the store of Levi Strauss & Company, San Francisco, has been received by the firm from Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald, and explains itself:

"State of California Bureau of Labor Statistics, San Francisco, July 8, 1898. Levi Strauss & Company, 10-16 Battery street, San Francisco, Cal. Gentlemen: From written complaint filed at this office, regarding the employment of Chinese upon Government work in your factory, caused me to make a personal investigation of the same. In reference thereto, permit me to say, that I was gratified to see so large and complete a factory and so thoroughly systemized and equipped, located in San Francisco; and further that the same is admirably located and well lighted and ventilated; that the sanitary conditions are thoroughly in accordance with law, and that I witnessed about six hundred white female employes busily engaged and apparently in good health.

"Regarding the employment of Chinese I wish to particularly state, that the number is small (about 1 per cent) and the work of such a nature as to make it nearly impossible for white men to engage in, and take pleasure in reporting that your factory can be classed as a white labor institution under present conditions, and it pleases me to give credit where credit is due.

"Yours very truly,
"E. L. FITZGERALD,
"Labor Commissioner."

DR. D. D. CROWLEY REACHES NEW YORK.

Dr. D. D. Crowley and wife, in their journeying through the East, have reached New York city. They have had a most enjoyable journey, and at the same time the doctor, as a member of the State Board of Health, has attended to a great deal of business which will eventually be of profit and advancement to the sanitary welfare of this section of the country. The doctor is now making a close study of the quarantine system employed in New York harbor with a view of having similar practice introduced into the harbor management in this State.

During Dr. Crowley's absence in the East his business here is being looked after by Dr. Medros.

CENTRAL CHURCH TO BE RE-ORGANIZED.

A meeting of the trustees and the congregation of the Central Christian Church will be held to-morrow morning, when it will decide whether or not to reorganize the church, elect new officers, and consider securing a new pastor. The church may be reorganized as the Second Christian Church.

In the Courts

A supplemental account of Clara H. Patterson, administratrix of the estate of the late George W. Patterson was filed today. It notes $7,411.99 more receipts on sale of hay.

Carrie Judd Montgomery was today appointed guardian of Alice Brisor a minor or orphan minor.

Inventory and appraisement of the estate of Avis Walrath shows a total valuation of $8,342.13.

DR. C. M. FISHER'S ILLNESS ENDS IN HIS DEATH.

Well-known Physician Dies of Typhoid Fever.

Though Still Young, He Had Rapidly Forged to the Front.

WAS TO HAVE MARRIED SOON

In December He Intended to Wed the Daughter of Captain Tuttle.

Dr. Charles Morris Fisher, one of the most prominent physicians in Oakland, died last evening at the residence of Captain Tuttle, 1007 Market street, after an illness extending over several weeks. His death has occasioned universal sorrow in Oakland, for he was a man loved and respected by all who knew him.

His demise was not unexpected. Five weeks ago he was taken sick, and although at first he refused to admit that his illness was of a serious nature, in a couple of days he was compelled to take to his bed. Dr. Buteau, his life-long friend, was immediately summoned and pronounced his patient suffering from typhoid fever. The attack was a severe one and the strain of overwork told on the patient's condition, depriving him of the strength necessary to rally from the attack. At the end of twenty-one days, when the fever had run its course, Dr. Fisher was too weak to recuperate. A severe hemorrhage sapped his remaining strength, and although the physician in charge waged a close battle, death conquered.

The best of medical attendance was given Dr. Fisher. There was not a physician in the city or San Francisco who did not show a willingness to do all within his power for the sick man. Dr. Buteau, who had charge of the case from the first, called in consultation Drs. Lane of Cooper Medical College, Porter, Wheeler and others. Trained nurses were constantly at the sick man's bedside but it was all of no avail.

When the seriousness of his illness first became manifest Dr. Buteau suggested that he be removed from the hotel where he was residing to the hospital. Mrs. Tuttle, the mother of Dr. Fisher's fiancee, asked that he be brought to her home and the sick man expressed the same wish and it was at this home that he died.

The scene at the death bed was inexpressibly touching. Drs. Porter and Buteau were overcome with grief at the loss of their friend and comrade and the professional calmness of a physician deserted them when Dr. Fisher died.

DR. FISHER'S LIFE.

The deceased was born in Berlin, Pennsylvania, thirty-five years ago. He attended the village school and was also instructed by his uncle, P. M. Fisher, who is now principal of the Central school in this city.

In 1883, P. M. Fisher, who had previously moved to Oakland, sent for his nephew, Charlie, then a young man of twenty. He began teaching in Alameda county and had schools at Alviso, Mount Eden, and Centerville. For five years he taught and then he entered Cooper Medica. College in San Francisco. He was a brilliant student possessing an immense amount of perseverance. Later he concluded to return to Pennsylvania and to enter a medical college at Philadelphia, but was dissuaded from his purpose by Dr. Wythe, who was at that time connected with Cooper College and who was impressed with the brilliant future that was apparently in store for the young student.

It was at this time that Superintendent of Schools McClymonds appointed young Fisher as his assistant. The latter continued his medical studies after school hours. December 3, 1890, he graduated from the medical college with honors. He immediately commenced practice in this city, although for a while he still retained a position in the School Department as night teacher.

He was successful as a physician from the very first and his practice steadily increased as the years passed. About four years ago, when the chair of assistant professor of histology in Cooper College became vacant, Dr. Fisher was selected to fill it. Later, when Dr. J. H. Wythe, his old friend, decided to retire from the head of the Department, he recommended that his position be given to Dr. Fisher, and his recommendation was acted upon favorably.

When Dr. Hirschfelder went East for a year's trip, the ward at the San Francisco City and County Hospital which is under the charge of Cooper Medical College was left without anyone in charge. Dr. Lane, president of the college, tendered the position to Dr. Fisher. He demurred on account of the increased work, but was finally induced to accept the position, as Dr. Lane offered to give him an assistant.

For a number of years he has been the attending physician at the Alameda County Jail, and during this time he has performed some wonderful and noteworthy operations.

Although his medical work constantly increased, Dr. Fisher added to his labors by interesting himself in political matters. At the time of his death, he was president of the Fourth Ward Republican Club.

Dr. Fisher leaves no immediate relatives in California with the exception of his uncle, P. M. Fisher, who has been a second father to the young man. A brother, Robert, died in this city two years ago. A father who lives in Pennsylvania survives him, and two brothers are in Seattle, while a married sister also lives in the East.

WAS SOON TO WED.

A particularly sad feature in connection with his untimely death is the fact that he was shortly to be married to Miss Jessie Tuttle, a daughter of Captain Tuttle of the United States revenue cutter Fern. The wedding was to have taken place in December, and then Dr. Fisher intended taking his bride abroad for a year. During this time he would study at a German medical university.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The remains will be shipped East for burial. Services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 P. M. at the home of Mrs. Tuttle, 1007 Market street, and will be conducted by Rev. C. R. Brown of the First Congregational Church. At 3 P. M. public services will be held at Masonic Temple under the auspices of Live Oak Lodge, No. 61, F. & A. M., of which order the deceased was a member. In the evening P. M. Fisher will start East with the remains of his well loved nephew, whose brilliant career death cut short.

REGRET THE DEATH OF DR. C. M. FISHER.

Board of Trade Adopts Appropriate Resolutions at Today's Meeting.

The Board of Trade met this morning and passed resolutions of regret on the death of Dr. Charles M. Fisher. There were present at the meeting James P. Taylor, Cragie Sharp, E. A. Heron, H. L. Branthaver, E. W. Marston, J. E. Johnson, Sol Kahn, J. F. Towle, and M. J. Keller.

By a unanimous vote, the following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, In his youth and vigor Dr. Charles M. Fisher has been called from earth to Life everlasting, be it

"Resolved, That in the passing away of Dr. Fisher, the community has lost a young man of great promise. Though only 38 years of age he had obtained an exalted station in his profession. In every way he was a good citizen—genial as an acquaintance, of more than ordinary probity of character, kind and gentlemanly in the sick room, charitable and generous almost to a fault. Many among the poor and needy will long miss his kindly ministrations.

Be it further

"Resolved, That in his death, the Oakland Board of Trade losses one of its most esteemed members and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of the Board, given to the daily papers, and sent to the relatives of the deceased."

BECKWITH IS DESTROYED BY FIERCE FIRE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

RENO, Nev., July 30.—The town of Beckwith, Cal., having a population of about 500, and situated on the Sierra Valley railroad, thirty-five miles north of here, was almost wiped off the map yesterday afternoon by fire. The fire started in the depot, and owing to lack of water and fire-fighting apparatus, spread rapidly until every building in the town was destroyed except a church, school house and two dwellings. Among the buildings burned were La Franchino's hotel, McNeil's store, the Masonic Hall, the livery stable, depot, several small stores and about fifteen dwelling houses. The loss is estimated at between $30,000 and $40,000, partially covered by insurance.

THE PETERSONS ARE SEPARATED.

The domestic troubles of City Librarian Henry F. Peterson and Elizabeth W. Peterson, his wife, were today ended by a decree of divorce granted to Mrs. Peterson by Judge Hall. The ground of action was desertion.

Blueing

that the ladies would ask us to make for them if they knew the facts, is, "Windsor Liquid Blueing." It is stronger than ball blueing, contains no sediment, does not stain clothes, nor soil hands.

Merriman Man'fg Co.

OAKLAND,

ASK YOUR GROCER

M. S. SMITH & SONS.

Private and Public Schools

Require text books particularly selected to suit special conditions and special teachers.

Our aim is to furnish any and all books needed for any school. If a book is not in stock it can be supplied on short notice.

Second Hand Books mean quite a saving to everyone. We buy your old books giving cash or other books.

Kindergarten Goods

in complete assortment.

Beads, Straws, Weaving Mats, Needles, Gifts, Singing Books and a hundred and one other necessities.

Magazines for August

Munsey, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, Harper, Scribner, Puritan, Strand, Century, McClures.

Open Evenings.

M. S. SMITH & SONS,

Books Stationery Pictures

1154-58 Broadway - Near 13th St.

TELEPHONE 613

JONES RETORTS WITH A CHARGE OF BLACKMAIL.

Alleges That Francoeur Used Gross Extortion.

Does Not Deny His Complicity With the Death of Annie Johnson.

CONTINGENT TROUBLES ENSUE.

Attorneys Ask Judge Hall to Debar A Fellow Lawyer From Practice.

E. Norwood Jones, who, together with his wife, Gertrude K. Jones, was sued on a note for $500, and who is now being sued for divorce, to-day filed answer to the charge placed against him. He alleges that he is the victim of blackmail, but does not deny his association with the Annie Johnson scandal. Jones is in the East and only by means of shrewd detective work was the summons served upon him.

In substance, Mr. Jones' story follows:

He avers that at all times he has lived with his wife in utter happiness, and that they twain have maintained excellent reputation in the community. From September 1st, 1896 to November 19th of the same year, he states that Annie Johnson lived at the home of Mrs. Jones and that in December of the same year the woman became ill, and in the January following died from a criminal operation.

At that time, Jones avers, some relatives of Annie Johnson approached him, alleging that they had evidence which would tend to convict him and an associate of complicity with her death, and that thereupon his associate, in order to suppress the alleged evidence and to protect himself from the scandal and possible prosecution if the relatives should make public the alleged evidence, employed Attorney Francoeur for $500. This money was subsequently paid with $150 beside.

Jones then charges Francoeur with a grave crime. He alleges that on May 1st, 1897, the plaintiff demanded of him $500 more for his services. Jones refused to pay it, and then the attorney threatened the defendant and his associate that if the extra sum of $500 was not paid or secured by a note signed by the defendant and wife, that he would bring suit and expose to the public all of the alleged evidence in reference to Jones' knowledge of the death of Annie Johnson, and would thereby injure and destroy his reputation. It was impelled by this threat that, Jones claims, he signed the second note.

CONTINGENT CHARGES

Another feature of this suit developed yesterday in Judge Belcher's court at San Francisco. Henry N. Beatty and G. H. Francoeur appeared before the Judge presenting a petition asking for the disbarment of attorney and politician, Joseph Hutchinson, Mrs. Jones' counsel, from all the courts of this State. It is claimed that Hutchinson broke all the vows to which the subscribed when he was admitted to the bar, in that he espoused a cause which he knew to be unjust, and by deceit tried to mislead the Court. The particular offense named is his defense of Mrs. Gertrude K. Jones against Attorney G. H. Francoeur in which he besmeared the character of the attorney by his allegations. He was first tried for libel but acquitted. Judge Belcher refused to grant the petition because the original case was instituted in Alameda county.

Today the attorneys brought their case into the Alameda county courts. They appeared with the petition before Judge Hall this morning and the Court issued a citation compelling Hutchinson to appear in Department No 1 on August 8th.

LAKE IMPROVEMENT CLUB IS GROWING.

The work being done by the Lake Merritt Sanitary Improvement Club is beginning to bear fruit. The following circular letter has been sent to many of the prominent business men of the city, nearly all of whom have joined the club:

"Dear Sir:—This Club has been organized for the following purposes:

"First—To prevent the further discharge of sewage into Lake Merritt and any and all of its tributaries.

"Second—To extend to deep water the sewer running along the easterly side of the lake.

"Third—To improve the entrance to the main lake sewer, and provide it with efficient flushing gates.

"Fourth—To remove the present sewage deposits from the lake, and dredge to a depth not less than four feet below mean high tide.

"Fifth—To make such alterations of and repairs to the flood gates now in use at the Twelfth-street dam, and provide as many additional gates therefor as may be necessary to insure the filling of the lake in twenty-four hours.

"If you are in sympathy with these objects, you are cordialy invited to become a member of our Club. We think it extremely necessary that the Club should be composed of a majority of our energetic, wide-awake citizens. With every member working for objects so essential to the health of our city, we believe that we are sure to succeed.

"Will you not interest yourself in securing other members? If so, the secretary will send you a copy of the by-laws for signatures.

"The membership charge is one dollar, and there are no further dues.

"Hoping for your assistance in carrying out the improvements for the sanitary condition of Lake Merritt, we remain,

"Very respectfully,
"EDWIN GOODALL,
"President."

At Monday evening's meeting of the Council the matter of dredging the lake, the East side sewer, and the Cemetery Creek sewer will come up for consideration. This is not a matter of interest to the Seventh Ward alone, as the Second, Fifth and Sixth Wards are adjacent and the residents of these wards should be especially interested.

Good Milk

.. And a Quarter More

is more prudent than bad milk and a quarter less. But we charge neither more nor less — We charge the same. But the milk!

J. BENTTENCURT & CO.

PROP'RS

NEW JERSEY FARM CREAMERY

978 MARKET ST.

TEL. RED 1704 COR. TENTH

INQUIRING INTO THE PINOLE DISASTER.

Coroner Curry Holding an Inquest at the Powder Works.

The inquest over the remains of Messrs. Murphy, Ashe, Alvarez, and Stratton, who were killed by the explosion at Pinole on Tuesday last, began this morning at the Hercules Powder Works. It was conducted by Coroner Curry of Martinez. Superintendent W. R. Quinan, Assistant Superintendent John Bermingham, George Meyer, A. Graves, W. H. Mann and H. R. Sterling were examined.

There was a recess at noon, and this afternoon the inquiry was resumed. At the hour of going to press no verdict had been returned.

REPUBLICANS OF THE SECOND WARD.

They Will Hold a Meeting in Milton Hall Next Monday Night.

This announcement is made under the authority of John Russ, the president, and Mortimer Smith and J. N. Bonham, the secretaries of the club:

The regular Republican Club of the Second Ward of the city of Oakland will hold its meeting on Monday evening, August 1, 1898, at Milton Hall, Twenty-eighth street and San Pablo avenue, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Hon. George W. Reed will address the club. The club will be entertained also by speeches from several other able speakers.

All Republicans of the ward are invited to attend.

IMPORTANT POLICE NOTES.

This morning Judge Allen sentenced Jack Mullen, an old offender, to ninety days in the City Prison for vagrancy.

Robert Reed, arrested some time ago on a charge of petty larceny, was discharged this morning. At the time of Reed's arrest he was suffering from the use of too much dope. His stay in the City Prison has resulted beneficially, and he is now cured of the drug habit.

Jerry Mullen and Samuel George, the pair of light-fingered rascals taken Thursday night, were sentenced this morning to fifty days in the City Prison.

Mrs. James H. Marsden (colored), living at 1935 Poplar street, came to the police office this morning to take her mother, Mrs. Francis, home. Mrs. Marsden claims that her mother is mentally unbalanced.

Deputy County Clerks.

C. H. Miller, Alfred Clement, L. Berkman, Orrin Page and Henry L. Peterman have been appointed Deputy County Clerks for registration.

DIED.

FISHER—In this city, July 29, 1898, Dr. Charles M. Fisher, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 34 years, 11 months and 9 days.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral TOMORROW (Sunday), at 3 P. M., from Masonic Temple, corner of Washington and Twelfth streets, under the auspices of Live Oak Lodge, No. 61, F. & A. M. The remains will be taken to Berlin, Penn., for interment.

SCHOOL SHOES AT 1/2 PRICE

In many lines, more particularly in Tan Shoes, *which we have reduced as follows:*

Child's 5 to 8.....75c	Misses' 2½ to 6..... $1.25
Child's 8 to 10.....$1.00	Youths' 11 to 2..... 1.25
Misses' 11 to 2.....1.25	Boys' 2½ to 5½..... 1.55

Small size Oxford Ties in both Tan and Black, at.....50c and 75c

Small sizes in Fine Kid Shoes, Common Sense Heel and Toe with pat. tips, regular $2.50 and $3 Shoes, offered this week at $1.45

The above quotations are less than one-half the former selling price, and far below first cost of manufacture but we are determined to clear our shelves of them to make room for the immense stock of new goods which is arriving daily.

For the fall trade we have the most complete stock of clean, up-to-date Shoes for all classes that will be shown on this coast, and the prices are as low as the lowest quoted for good material and workmanship.

Since the establishment of our shoe houses we have maintained first place and we are now, more than ever, determined to hold the advance position.

Through our many branch houses we have forced out all of our old stock, and in our main houses we present the cleanest, up-to-date Shoe Stocks extant.

We handle none but standard makes for styles and quality.

Soliciting your patronage—

MAIN STORES

1059-61 Washington Street and in Macdonough Blk, Oakland.

Corner of Fort and Hotel Sts. Honolulu, H. I.

"The San Francisco" Shoe House
931 Market St., opp. Mason, San Francisco.

BRANCHES AT ALAMEDA, BERKELEY and Other Points.

"THE OAKLAND"

GEO. E. FAIRCHILD, Pres't and Mg'r

GRAND AUCTION SALE

of Fine Furniture, Carpets, Lace Curtains, Household Goods Etc., of the Finely Furnished 11 Room Residence No. 2510 Central Ave., Between Broadway and Regent Sts. Alameda Tuesday August 2nd., 1898 at 11 O'clock A. M. Sharp.

Comprising in part elegant parlor suit covered in rich French tapestry, odd pieces of parlor furniture, Turkish couch, lounges, parlor tables, massive dining table, chairs and sideboard, French etagere, fine bedroom furniture, hair mattresses, one quartered oak French plate folding bed with bookcase combination (cost $50), fine water back stove and kitchen furniture, chiffoniers, some very rare pieces of antique furniture inlaid in copper, portieres, handsome lace curtains, Brussels carpets and linen warp mattings, linoleum, oil paintings, clothings, rugs, crockery, granite ware, agate ware, glass ware, etc., etc.

Also, one ladies' high grade wheel, one conservatory, one barn. All the furniture of this house is in first class condition. Our instructions are to sell without limit or reserve. Do not fail to attend this sale.

Terms cash. Sale absolute.

J. A. MUNRO & CO., Auctioneers,
Office—1527 and 1529 Park street, Alameda, Cal.

Ellason, 1162 Broadway. New stock of stationery. Cards engraved for $1 per 100.

IMPORTANT PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT.

C. W. Kinsey, Auctioneer, Extraordinary Auction Sale by Catalogue of the Magnificent Residence Property of T. E. Pope, Esq., "Hillcrest," Highland Park.

Comprising the entire block bounded by East Twenty-second street, East Twenty-third street, Commerce street and Seventeenth avenue, East Oakland. One of the most elegant homes in this State. Extensive grounds ornamented with every artistic feature the most cultivated taste could suggest. Also, all the magnificent furniture, two grand square and upright pianos, one elegant Brunswick & Balke billiard table, splendid upholstery and mahogany chamber suits, royal gobelin tapestry draperies and portieres, magnificent carpets, bookcases, desks, costly works of art from India and Europe. Also, one valuable family horse, every way reliable; one nearly new extra made phaeton; one new Germantown family carriage, cost $500; one valuable Jersey and Holstein milch cow, with all the other magnificent articles in this palatial home. Home will be open for exhibition Monday, August 1st, from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M., when catalogues can be obtained.

C. W. KINSEY,
Auctioneer.

GEO. F. LAMSON, Auctioneer.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 463-471 Thirteenth street.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

ON THIS DAY Charles Benedict and Mrs. H. M. Vermilyea, constituting the Vermilyea Corset Co., have by mutual consent dissolved. Mrs. Vermilyea retains the business and becomes responsible for the indebtedness of the company.

(Signed) CHARLES BENEDICT.
H. M. VERMILYEA.

WANTED—Couple to board in private family; nice house; lovely location; no other boarders. Address H. S., box 7, Tribune office.

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished flat; reasonable to a permanent tenant. 1161 Jefferson st. bet. Thirteenth and Fourteenth sts.

A PLEASANT ROOM and good board in comfortable home; French cooking at table if desired. 1724 Tenth st.

FOR RENT—Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. 1518 Seventh ave., one block from electric cars.

PARDEE'S FRIENDS HOLD TWO MEETINGS

Rousing Gatherings in Both Fifth and Seventh Wards.

The Gubernatorial Candidate Clearly Outlines His Policy.

There was a largely-attended meeting of the Seventh Ward Republican Club last night in Castle Hall, on Twenty-third avenue near East Fourteenth street, which was called to order by Councilman Rowe.

"You all know," he said, "the object of this gathering of citizens. I believe that you all realize that we have a battle to fight in California this year. We hope you fully realize this fact and we hope to hear from a number of citizens who will entertain you. It is unnecessary to say that this is a duty we owe not only to ourselves but to the community at large. The call has gone out, also, that we are to meet in several conventions to nominate men who are to represent us in Congress, in the State Legislature, and in the county. This is a very important time when every Republican should be wide-awake in the interest of his family, the city, county, the State and the Nation.

"Before I shall call up the speakers of the night, I would like to know if there is any business which is to be transacted by the club."

A. J. Read said that as the primaries were to be held on the 17th and again on the 20th of August, the time was so short that it would be necessary for the club to instruct the executive committee to prepare a list of suitable persons to act as delegates to the conventions. The club did not want to place all the responsibility on the executive committee, but it would be necessary to have some one take the initiative.

He then moved that the executive committee of the Seventh Ward Republican Club be instructed to prepare a suitable list of persons to act as delegates to be presented at the next meeting of the club.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Swift and was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Read stated that, as a member of the finance committee he desired to report that a subscription had been taken up amounting to $14, which had not been turned over to the club because of certain expenses which it was thought advisable to liquidate. One dollar of the amount had been expended by the speaker for distributing circulars, leaving nothing in the hands of the finance committee.

The chair stated that he hoped the matter would be reported to the treasurer of the club so that official might be able to make a report on it at the next meeting.

The chair then read an invitation from A. H. Breed, president of the Young Men's Republican League, asking the club to take part in the opening of the headquarters of the League, 1159 Washington street, on the evening of August 5th, on which occasion speeches will be made by John A. Britton, James A. Johnson, Giles H. Gray, and D. Edward Collins.

The invitation was accepted.

DOW'S TALK.

W. A. Dow, City Attorney, was then introduced. "The people of Twenty-third avenue," he said, "are pleased to have the Seventh Ward Republican Club hold a meeting in this end of the ward, for while the roll may not contain so many names as does that of other sections, yet the people here are as much interested in the work as the residents in any other part of the Ward.

"An unusual amount of interest has been manifested in this campaign, because all the Republicans of the State concede that, this year, Alameda county is entitled to name the next Governor of the State. If the indications are to be taken as meaning anything, the man who will be named for that high office will be Dr. George C. Pardee of this city and Alameda county. [Applause.] I feel justified in making this assertion because the club has already endorsed the doctor's candidacy. He is the friend of the people. He has taken a great interest in every public move in behalf of the people. When he was a member of the Board of Health in 1879, he had the courage to inaugurate a fight for pure water in the face of the power of a strong monopoly. At that time, the water we obtained was unfiltered. He compelled the company to put in a filter. He commenced the work single-handed and had the consolation of knowing that he succeeded. After accomplishing this fact in connection with the Board of Health, he was elected a member of the City Council and served from 1891 to 1893. You remember that then he had to fight the high tax levy of $1.24, the highest that was ever introduced into the Council. During the same Council the people were burned with water rates. Dr. Pardee came forward and engaged in a fight which was eventually successful.

"He was later elected Mayor in 1893. He made an honorable career. There was never a scandal in the administration of his office. No appointment was made save because of the fitness of the applicant.

"In the water-front fight, I remember that one of the first acts was his getting some Councilmen together in his office and saying that something would have to be done about the water front, that a suit would have to be begun that would settle the question for all time. That suit was brought and the result is known.

"He had another contest, when an attempt was made by the Water Front Company to grab many acres of land on the water front by fencing them off with piles. You remember how he pulled up those piles and saved the property.

"Then he had to go down Broadway and tear down gates which he was informed occupied public ground.

"It takes courage to do this. You realize that Dr. Pardee has always been a man of courage, independent and never shrunk from the performance of his duty.

In every contest for years he has been on the side of decency and has taken a hand in every contest that has taken place during this time in the city.

"We have a duty to perform and that is that we want to put that man in a higher office. Do you suppose, if he became Governor of this State he would allow any scandal to creep into his administration? There would be nobody who would lay their foot on him. The way to help him is to remember the primaries. If you want him, I hope you will vote for his delegates at the primary and see that he is returned as the next Governor of this great State." [Applause.]

DR. PARDEE'S SPEECH.

Dr. Pardee was next introduced and was greeted with cheers.

"I feel," he said, "almost overpowered by the warmth of the reception you have so kindly and generously extended to me. I feel that I am among my friends. The Seventh Ward to me is home, as you know I spent ten of the happiest years of my life on this side of Lake Merritt. It was here that I was married. Here my children were born. There is a warm spot in the innermost corners of my heart for the Seventh Ward and the Seventh Warders, and when you extend a hearty welcome like this, I feel it comes from the heart of the Seventh Ward, and it comes to me more gratefully than I can adequately describe.

"When I am in trouble, I go to my friends. I am in trouble now. I have an idea that I would like to be Governor of this State. You all know me here, and I ask you to assist me. If you do not know anything which would show that I am not fit to be Governor, then I want to be Governor of my native State. If you think that another man ought to be chosen and given the leadership; if you believe that I have not the qualifications to be the Governor of the great State of California, then I want you to stand by and cast your vote for a better man.

"I have been asked why I want to be Governor of the State of California. It is an honor that any man would be proud to attain. I was honored by the Seventh Ward with its suffrages to represent it in the City Council. When I was a candidate for Mayor, you again honored me with your suffrages. I am now applying for a higher office. My record, personal and political, is before you. You know me. You know the kind of a man who ought to be Governor of the State. You are able to understand this matter as well as I am. If you feel that I am able to assume the responsibility of that high position; if you feel that I have Gubernatorial timber stowed away some place beneath my skin, then I ask you to go to the polls and vote for me. If you think that my opponent Mr. Davis, is a better man than I am, I want you to go to the polls and support him, and you'll never find me sulking in my tent.

"Mr. Davis is my opponent. He is an honorable gentleman, an upright citizen. No man ever heard me speak disparagingly of W. R. Davis. None of my friends on the platform or elsewhere will do that with my permission for the purpose of pulling him down and building me up.

"I am for an Alameda county man for Governor, first, last, and all the time. If the people of Alameda county want me to go to Sacramento to seek that nomination, I shall be pleased to do so. If they say they prefer Davis, I shall be proud to go to Sacramento as one of his delegation and I should consider it an honor to rise on the floor of the convention to second his nomination.

"If Alameda county would succeed in having the name of one of its citizens placed at the head of the Republican ticket, it must go to Sacramento with a solid delegation for one man. If it goes there with a delegation divided against itself, it will be defeated and it will return with shame written on its banner.

"There never was and there never will be a convention which would listen to the claim of a county that it be given the Gubernatorial nomination, with a divided delegation behind it. Alameda county must go to the State Convention with the purpose of voting solidly for one purpose. In our own county no man ever went to a convention in city or county and got a nomination with a divided ward or county delegation behind him. So it is in the State. So I say, if you can not unite on me, unite on the other man and get the nomination for Alameda county.

"If Mr. Davis should get more delegates at the primaries than I do, it is my wish that he get all. I will do all in my power to get him the delegates that I might then get. If, however, I get a majority of the delegates, I want them all. I don't think I ask too much of the county in asking that the delegation go united to the State Convention for me or for some other man.

"That is my idea. I have no personal feeling against Mr. Davis. Every time I have mentioned him I have spoken of him kindly. No speaker in my behalf has used abusive language about him. If he should do it, he would receive from me that merited rebuke that it should receive for one gentleman for another.

"I am sorry, grieved, and disappointed that this campaign has not been conducted on the high plane that it was inaugurated on. Mr. Davis said that the campaign would be one of which no man ought to be ashamed. Nor am I ashamed of any man who has appeared on the platform and spoken in my behalf.

"You know me. You know my record. You know who I am. You have known me for thirty years. If there is any reason why you should vote for me and my delegation, then you do it. If there is any reason why you should not vote for me, then I do not want you to vote for me. But, whatever you do, I will not retire and sulk in my tent, but will be with you on the day of election and will do my utmost to see the Republican party successful in this State."

The speech of Dr. Pardee was frequently interrupted with applause, and at the close there was a long and hearty round of cheers.

E. C. Lowrey then sang a tuneful solo, "Remember, Boys, the Maine" in an excellent tenor voice and was warmly encored.

DR. FOSTER DECLINES.

The chair called on Dr. N. K. Foster to go forward and preside over the meeting. The doctor declined on the ground that he was a Davis man.

"It may be a little bold," he said, "for me to say that I am a Davis man in a meeting in the interest of Dr. Pardee. I would say it if he were here, because I have already said it in the doctor's presence. I am a Davis man through force of circumstances, but I will say that both the candidates are excellent men. I agree with everything which Dr. Pardee said tonight. Just as soon as the contest between them is settled, I shall be willing to vote for either. If Dr. Pardee secures the nomination, I hope that every man will turn in and help him get elected just the same as Dr. Pardee will help Mr. Davis if Mr. Davis gets the majority of the delegates."

Professor L. D. Inskeep was the next speaker. "It has been said," he remarked, "that the Republican party was born to war. I don't quite accept that. I would say that the Republican party has borne the brunt of war.

"But it is not well to deal altogether in retrospect. Let us take a little prospect. When the Democrats tried to force McKinley's hand what did they find there? They found five things; Calmness capacity, conscientious conviction, courage and control. And those qualities are what we want in the next Governor.

"Why was McKinley chosen Presidential nominee at St. Louis? Because in meetings like this you and I said he was the man. That's why. We saw he stood for certain principles dear to us. And this, we must remember, is a part of the influence which goes toward the making of a Gubernatorial nominee.

"Dr. Pardee is not afraid of corporations. You have found that out. The thing we must demand is that corporations must stand within the powers allowed them and treat each other fairly.

"There was a doctrine that was killed in the last campaign and our friends, the enemy, don't know it yet. The old Democratic party is no more."

H. C. Wyckoff then took the stand. "Alameda county," he said, "has deserved well of the party for its unswerving fidelity to the tents of Republicanism, and the State has vouchsafed the reward of allowing the county to name the nominee for Governor. We should not allow any frail minority to stand in our way."

J. W. EVANS.

J. W. Evans was then called for, and said: "There is just one point I would like to impress upon my neighbors, and that is that the campaign has been conducted, so far as I know, in a very pleasant way. There has been no mud slinging. We must continue to conduct it that way, so that when the election time comes we can work enthusiastically for the nominee of the Republican party, whoever he may be. Our friend has always run his campaigns in a friendly manner, and will continue to conduct them in a pleasant manner."

Mr. Evans then told the fable of the eagle and the worm, the feature of which was the finding in the eyrie of the eagle a worm. Said the eagle to the worm:

"Why, how came you here?"

"I crawled here," was the answer.

"That is one way to get up high. Sometimes a dirty politician will climb to a height, but will leave a slimy trail to show how he has managed to put himself forward. But there is a better way, and that is the way of our candidate. He has the eagle's heart of fire, and his eye is on the sun. His career is onward and right upward. That's the way we will continue till the fall, when we will go to Sacramento and place George C. Pardee in nomination for Governor of this State."

R. C. GRAY.

"I'll bring you good news," said the speaker. "Your chairman knows that I came here as an independent voter. In the Examiner this morning, I saw words to this effect—that if the Democratic party expected to be victorious it would have to become so by the conversion of the independent voters. The Republican party can be defeated only by the abandonment of your leaders. Give us a leader, give the independent voters a man for whom they can vote, and victory will be yours. We who are bone of your bone, flesh of your flesh, will be willing to aid you if you give us the men to vote for who are worthy of our votes."

L. G. HARDY TALKS.

Mr. Hardy, when called for, said: "We have, as Republicans, been witnesses to the saving grace of the Republican party. We know it saved the union. It kept all the stars in the field of blue and it added more, and today it is carrying on a war on Republican principles. That is the saving grace of the party. When we speak of our duty as Republicans, we must not forget it as a party of the nation. We shall have a United States Senator to elect, also a Congressman, this fall. I believe McKinley was elected because of his fitness for the emergency which was about to be experienced. Thus far he has conducted the war with success. The war is not yet over. The settlement of the terms of peace may go on for a number of months. The settlement of the government of Havana and Porto Rico should be left in the hands of the Republican party. We want in Washington a Congress that will be in accord with the President. We want this State to elect a Senator and Congressman who will go on with the present work. Our Congressmen have acted well. It is no time to change our Congressmen at the present and put in their places men of inexperience. So I am in favor of returning our present Congressmen, and I am in favor of putting a Republican in the place of Senator White. I am in favor of a Republican administration in California. What do we want for Governor? We want the Governor to be a man of eminence. Our candidate is a man educated for the position. He has all the requisites. He has the sympathy of the masses. His character is such that nothing can be said against it, and his convictions are such that he will always be in sympathy with you and with good government."

The meeting then adjourned.

ROUSING RALLY HELD IN THE FIFTH WARD.

Good speeches, good music, a large attendance, and great enthusiasm marked the second meeting of the Fifth Ward Pardee Club held last evening at Elite Hall.

Though the younger voters were largely represented, a number of the older supporters of the grand old party were there, while in the gallery were a number of ladies.

President William Nat Friend presided, and his pleasant manner of introducing the speakers of the evening kept all in a good humor.

Introducing the first speaker of the evening, Mr. Friend said he would call upon one who had often whispered to him over the backs of chairs that if the opportunity ever presented itself so that he could speak in Dr. Pardee's favor he would not stop until he had told all he knew that was good of the man who was soon to carry Alameda county's banner to victory. That man was James Oliver of the Berkeley Pardee Club.

Mr. Oliver on taking the stand said he would explain how he came to be one of the speakers at this meeting.

"A few days ago," he said," I met President McKinley's friend, our new postmaster's friend, Dr. Pardee's friend, your friend, my friend, our friend, William Nat Friend, and he said to me, 'Now, look here, you like to talk and so do I. You invite me to speak to your club and I'll invite you to speak to my club,' and that is the reason I am with you to-night."

Mr. Oliver then proceeded to make a very able twenty minute talk, which was, in part, as follows:

"While no party, because of its past record, has any right to live alone upon that record, the record of the Republican party is such that its members can point to it with pride. The history of the Republican party is the history of the Nation. Under the Republican administration the people in bondage have been set free, the industries of the Nation have increased, its resources been developed, and the condition of its people improved until we are the most superior people and ours the grandest Nation on earth. Therefore the Republican administration should be sustained. The army and navy should be sustained by the people and our President, Wm. McKinley [Cheers] should have the support of not only the party but the entire Nation. During the present administration the foreign nations have been shown that we are a people of great resources and our flag is now respected abroad as it is at home. Such an administration should be sustained.

"We, the people of Alameda county, believe the next Governor of this State should come from this county. Dr. Pardee has said so, and he believes it. Mr. Davis has said so and he believes it.

"Mr. Davis has stated in one of his speeches that Alameda was entitled to the Governorship. If this be so, does it not follow that the committee should name its representative? How can that be better determined than by the good old Republican rule of the will of the majority? Let the minority candidate throw his support to the majority candidate, for it will take a solid delegation to win this fight. Dr. Pardee says he is willing to abide by the will of the majority, while the indications are that Mr. Davis is going to be a candidate regardless of whether he gets a majority at the primaries.

"A word about Dr. Pardee's Republicanism. It has been said that at the time Dr. Pardee ran for Mayor of this city that he bolted the Republican ticket, while the truth of the matter is, the party bolted the ticket, as only 956 votes were cast for the head of the Republican ticket, and you don't need to tell me that 956 constitutes the number of Republican voters in this city. The result of Dr. Pardee's advice and reorganization was that Alameda county again became the banner Republican county of the State. A man who has made this possible is good enough for me.

"It has been stated in regard to Mr. Maguire that he is an old warhorse and an orator, and that we will have to put in a good man to beat him.

"It is not always the case that the orator is the better man—the man whom the people want is the broad-minded, deep-thinking man of affairs. Take for example the election of Andrew Jackson over Henry Clay, and a later demonstration is the result of the last campaign. Bryan was considered a great talker, but McKinley had shown himself to be a man capable of dealing with complex questions, and the result shows how the people stood. No orator can explain away a record that is assailable, and I tell you that if our county sends a solid delegation to the Sacramento Convention for George C. Pardee he will be our next Governor."

When Mr. Oliver had finished, Chairman Friend said a celebrated quartette was present and had offered its services to help enliven the meeting. This quartette was celebrated in many ways—it could sing, they all knew, and sing well, but what it would sing was a mystery.

The quartette in question consisted of Abe Leach, Clarence Crowell, W. S. Dickinson and J. P. Learn. Mr. Dickinson stated that they would sing a parody on "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight," the words of which had been written for the occasion by President Friend himself. This exposure of the president caused much merriment, and the quartette proceeded with the following jingle:

Alameda county wants to name
The Governor of the State,
For she's chock full of Republicans,
And has a candidate
Who has led them forth in battle
Unto many a victory,
And he'll lead them to another,
For his name is George Pardee.

CHORUS.

When you hear us
Yell hurray! hurree!
All join in and shout
For George Pardee,
For when the votes are counted
In next November, he
Will be the Governor
Of Cali-for-ni-a.
(My Baby.)

There's going to be a hot time,
And now don't you miss the fun;
Everybody wants to work for George
Until the job is done;
Then we'll send to Sacramento,
Just for sake of harmony,
A solid delegation,
Every man for George Pardee.
(Chorus.)

When we've named Pardee for winner,
Just you watch the voters flop.
From that fuse and bust Maguirelte,
And Shanahan, the Pop.
Why, they'll neither know what struck them
In their Gubernatorial bee,
As they follow the procession
After Governor Pardee.
(Chorus.)

CONDON TALKS.

When the applause had subsided, President Friend introduced Assistant City Attorney S. W. Condon as the next speaker who spoke at some length saying in part:

"I honestly believe fellow Republicans of the Fifth Ward and friends, that at no time in the history of the Republican party has its success at the polls in every State, in every city, in every village and hamlet, been of greater importance to the people of the United States, to all the people, to the Nation, and to humanity at large, than in the campaign just opening and which will soon be in full blast throughout this entire country.

"I wish to show you some of the reasons. In the first place, one of the guns of this campaign has already been discharged and its echo has not ceased to reverberate throughout this country. Our sister State upon the north—the State of Oregon, which I claim rightfully as my own—has been to a large extent in years past under the domination of the Democratic and Populist parties. Not altogether so, for the State rightfully belongs to the Republican party.

"You know when a farmer is selling his wheat for less than he thinks he should receive for it and some man in the city is getting rich by the sale of this wheat, he feels that it is the fault of the administration. Under these conditions it is easy for an educated demagogue to spread dissatisfaction among the residents of the rural districts and as a result of such teachings and the combined forces of the Democrats and Populists, the celebrated Sylvester Pennoyer was elected to the highest office in the gift of the people of that State. The combined strength of Populism and Democracy grew there until in certain districts they had a combined majority over the Republican districts. This time, however, the Republicans came out on a solid platform in harmony with the National Republican administration, and the result was she sent a solid Republican delegation to Congress by a majority of 10,000, which would correspond in the State of California, on account of the difference in population, to a majority of perhaps 25,000 or 30,000 or more, so that Populism and Democracy has been drowned in that State.

"The campaign has opened and on August 6th Alabama will express herself, and though we have good reasons to fear the results may not be as we would like to see them, it is by no means certain she will not support the Republican administration. Under the Republican policy Alabama has been developed, and she has grown to be a great State. Why should she not support an administration which has done so much for her? The Republican principles will finally triumph there as well as north of the Mason and Dixon line.

"We have demonstrated to all the world that we are a people with a great reserve force. When war comes we forge our ploy shares into swords and when peace comes we forge our swords into plowshares.

"I am glad to be with a club that is out and out, in the oen, a Pardee club. (Cheers). Several times lately I have been muzzled, so to speak, and could not express my sentiments on account of my surroundings. I am one of those fellows who want to spit out what they have to say and I feel tonight that I am in my element. I have never yet heard a Democratic orator comment upon the principles of his party, yet they accuse us of talking too much about the achievements of our grand old party. We have a past we can point to with pride.

"We have a definite local question to which I wish to refer. Alameda county has a call upon the Governor's office of this State. It was understood she should be entitled to the honor of sending one of her sons to the Gubernatorial chair this year. Alameda county is entitled to say which one of her sons shall bear her banner. You know that divided delegations are helpless. In union there is strength and only by sending a united delegation to the convention at Sacramento can we hope for success." Here the speaker read portions of Mr. Davis' speech made before the Second Ward Davis Club showing his position.

"Let me tell you as a man from the Second ward of this city—the big Second—that George C. Pardee is the overwhelming choice of the people in Mr. Davis 'own ward. (Great applause.)

"Now, gentlemen, I have been unable to discover upon what theory Mr. Davis bases the action he has taken in this campaign. Alameda county is fortunate in having intelligence and splendid men enough, so that she has more than enough material for any office which she may wish to fill. She is fortunate in having men who are intelligent enough to differ as to their measure of public men. Alameda county is fortunate in having two citizens, either of whom would do honor to the county as Governor of this great State. But Alameda is unfortunate in that one of these candidates has seen fit to make a personal candidacy—has seen fit to indulge in personal detraction, and in public speech has seen fit to assume that while according to his language his competitor for this high office is not a traitor to hisparty (thanks to Mr. Davis for that), while he concedes Dr. Pardee has not bolted the Republican party, he insinuates that Dr. Pardee is unfit for the position of Governor.

"I think Dr. Pardee is willing to concede that Mr. Davis is a man capable of occupying the Gubernatorial chair. We want a party in power that believes in the highest type of manhood. Then let us elect a man who is in sympathy with those principles, and now let every man stand by the candidate who is willing to obide by the will of the majority, that man is George C. Pardee, the next Governor of this State." (Prolonged cheers.)

ANOTHER CAMPAIGN SONG

At the close of Mr. Condon's address the quartette favored the club with another of President Friend's campaign songs, the words of which were as follows:

The Democrats
Have lost their grip.
We've got them tight
Upon the hip,
Jim Budd's full blown
And gone to seed;
He's just as rank
As any weed.
There's Jim Maguire,
A "Polly lop;"
With whiskers on
He'd be a Pop;
But he is still
Just one small fuse,
If he explodes
He'll raise the deuce.

Then Shanahan,
The Sycamore,
Out in the road
You'll hear him roar,
His bark will not
An infant scare,
So let him rave
And tear his hair.

While Populists
And Democrat
Scratch eyes out
Like Kilkenny cats,
Our candidate
Will win, you see.
Hail, Governor
George C. Pardee.

SOLID DELEGATION.

At the conclusion of this song President Friend said: "I will appoint J. Cal Ewing a committee of one to escort the next Governor of this State to the front of the hall."

As Dr. Pardee walked to the front the audience cheered to the echo. When quiet had been restored W. H. Dickinson sang his famous campaign song, "Columbia," at the conclusion of which the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, as Republicans of the Fifth ward, hereby declare ourselves in favor of the delegates from this county to the State Convention solidly uniting in support of the candidate for Governor from this county who receives at our primaries the greater number of said delegates.

Dr. John W. Ellis then made a very scholarly address, quoting from a number of speeches made by prominent men in foreign countries who made prophesies concerning the future of this Nation, all of which were coming true. At the conclusion of Dr. Ellis' address, Dr. George C. Pardee was introduced, amidst wild cheering and when order had been restored, he spoke as follows:

DR. PARDEE'S ADDRESS.

"Gentlemen of the Fifth ward: I appreciate again the heartiness of the welcome which you extend to me at this time. Many of you have known me since I was a little boy in knickerbockers; others of you have known me since I arrived at manhood. If there is one of you here who knows of any reason why you should not cast your votes for the delegates who will be favorable to me at the next primary, I ask that man or those men to go to the primaries and vote for the delegates favorable to my opponent.

"It has been said that I am not a Republican. If that be true, I am proud of the company in which I find myself. (Applause.) If it be true that I am not a Republican, then there are but 956 Republicans in the city of Oakland. (Applause.) And if that be true there are but 956 people in this city who are eligible to Republican office by appointment or by election, and you and I and the rest of us are barred out from the Republican party or any of the honors or emoluments that may flow therefrom.

"The proposition, gentlemen, is absurd. It needs merely to be stated to be proven to be false and fallacious. If I am not a Republican, the Superintendent of the United States Mint, Mr. F. A. Leach, is not a Republican, and the President of the United States made an egregious mistake when he, as a Republican, appointed Mr. Leach as a Republican to hold the chief office within his gift in the State of California under a Republican administration. The Postmaster of this city is also in the same category and is not a Republican if I am not, and the President of the United States, himself a Republican, made another egregious mistake when he appointed as a Republican, in the Republican city of Oakland, under a Republican administration, a man who is not a Republican.

"And so I might go on. I might refer to various gentlemen who have held positions of honor, trust and emolument under the city of Oakland, the county of Alameda, the State of California, and the United States of America, who are in the same category with myself, and who, no doubt, are as proud as I am of the people of Oakland. (Applause.)

"I have no excuse to make nor apologies to offer for any political act that I have committed. (Applause.) I have nothing whatever to say in explanation of any political act that I ever committed, and when any gentleman says that there are but 956 Republicans in the city of Oakland, I say to him that he is making either a mistake, a fabrication or a forgery. (Applause.)

"My principal opponent—in fact, my only opponent—in this county is a gentleman who has received the highest honors at the hands of the people of this city that they can confer upon any one. He is an honorable gentleman, an upright man, and best of all, a good citizen, and should any friend of mine, advocating my cause, appear upon a public platform with me and abuse him, I would do what any gentleman would do under similar circumstances in defense of another gentleman—rebuke that man and cause him to cease his vituperation of my honorable opponent. (Long continued applause.) It is a thing that I would not allow, even if any mistaken friend of mine should attempt to do it, and I know that no friend of mine would resort to such tactics or allow such things to be said in his presence.

"I want to see Alameda county achieve the honor of having one of her citizens at the head of the Republican ticket in the coming campaign in this State. If the people of Alameda county see fit to elect a greater number of delegates at the coming primary for Mr. Davis, ex-Mayor of the city of Oakland, than they do for me, I want every friend of mine to see that Mr. Davis receives the unanimous support of this county in the convention. (Applause.) If this county takes to the next Republican Convention a solid delegation for one of her citizens, the office of Governor is within her grasp. (Applause.) From every part of this great State of ours, from north to south, from west to east, we hear this message sent to the Republicans of Alameda county: Gentlemen, unite upon one of your citizens for the Republican nomination, and it will be granted to you; come with a split delegation and your wishes will be ignored. The Republican Convention has no time, no wish and no desire to settle a quarrel between rival candidates from Alameda county or any other county, and it will refuse to do it. Come with a split delegation and you will be laughed off the floor of the convention. Come with a solid delegation for any man within the borders of your county, and we will take your word for it that he is a good man, a good Republican, and that he will fill the office of Governor to your satisfaction and to the satisfaction of the people of the State of California. (Applause.) Come with such a delegation, and we will place his name at the head of the Republican party and give to Alameda county that which she deserves on account of her services to the party—the honor of heading the ticket.

"Therefore, gentlemen, I say to you, unite upon an Alameda county man, take a solid delegation to the convention, and you and I and all of us will receive that honor which Alameda county deserves, to head the ticket in the coming campaign." (Great applause.)

The audience then rose to its feet and sang "America," after which three mighty cheers and a tiger were given for Dr. Pardee and the meeting adjourned.

WE HAVE MOVED!

Aydelotte's Business College

Is in new quarters. Their quarters in the Y. M. C. A. building became too small to accommodate the growth of the school, and the changes announced by the Association affecting the ground floor of the building would eventually lessen the space we had. We had to have more room and room more advantageously divided. The large Kohler & Chase Hall, and adjoining rooms, Broadway and Eleventh, are being appropriately and handsomely fitted up for the college. The school rooms are all on the second floor, an advantage our boys and girls will appreciate. The college offices are on the ground floor, another advantage the business public will appreciate. Entrance 1013 Broadway. When a business man needs a bookkeeper, stenographer, typewriter, or office helper of any kind, he can simply step in from Broadway and hail us. We have been for years too far to one side to secure the many advantages to the college and its graduates afforded by a location in the heart of the business section. The change of location has been under consideration by the management for two or three years.

This has been one of the most prosperous years in the history of the college. Nearly one hundred and eighty students have been enrolled since the first of January. We hope to merit still more the liberal patronage that has made this the second institution of the kind, in point of numbers, in the State.

AYDELOTTE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE
INCORPORATED
J. H. AYDELOTTE, Pres. and Mgr.

A TENDER FROM OAKLAND VETERANS.

An Offer to Fight Forwarded to the Secretary of War.

Captain C. K. King of this city has received a copy of the following self explanatory note from Washington:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, July 21, 1898—My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a letter referred by you to this office from Captain C. K. King, tendering the services of a company of volunteers. By the President's direction your communication has been forwarded for the consideration of the Secretary of War. "J. A. PORTER.

"Secretary to the President.

"To Hon. S. G. Hilborn, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C."

Ellason, 1163 Broadway. New stock of stationery. Cards engraved for $1 per 100.

Patronize H. Schellhaas

And get trading stamps. High chairs at low prices. 408 Eleventh st.

Don't Be Afraid.

To try Tesla coal at $6.50 per ton delivered: our guarantee protects you. Tesla X, $7.50 per ton. Tesla Coal Co., Tenth and Broadway.

DR. J. L. MILTON

Has moved from the Central Bank building to Canning block, 1115 Broadway. Office hours, 1:30 to 3:30 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Telephone white 874.

A Clean Good Suit.

That is, we make suits cheaper than down town tailors, and clean old suits to save tailors' bills. D. Jacobs, 425 Fourteenth street.

Small Organ For Sale.

A little gem, at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Oakland Tribune

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AMUSEMENTS.

Dewey—"Over the Sea."
Alcazar—"East Lynne."
Columbia—"A Gallant Surrender."
Morosco's—"The Two Orphans."
Tivoli—"The Beggar Student."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 31—Deutscher Krieger Verein of San Francisco, to 11 P. M.

UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — OAKLAND, CAL.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Weather forecast. Fair tonight and Sunday; fresh to brisk west wind.

TWELVE-PAGE EDITION.

SATURDAY.....JULY 30, 1898.

Several hundred editors are en route to the coast from Michigan. If the salutatory of each is that customary editorial expression of "We have come to stay" they will be thrice welcome.

Cuba will be libre all right. It is to be hoped that the natives will rise to the occasion and prove capable of governing themselves for else we will most assuredly get in and do it for them.

Those who have not yet paid their special war taxes had better hurry up and do so. All not turned in before today closes will be delinquent and an extra penalty of 50 per cent will be assessed to them on Monday next.

Hobson had $10,000 insurance on his life when he set forth on his mission with the Merrimac. There were probably no citizens in the country more enthusiastic over the news of his safety than the directors of that particular company.

It is a case of "Lee, the conquering hero comes" with General Miles's advance in Porto Rico. The Spanish are running so hurriedly before him that they do not even check their flight by carrying their guns and ammunition. The Dons may be hungry but they have a stomach full of Yankee bullets.

Blanco's thirst for revenge is fast becoming absorbed in his hunger for something substantial to eat. There is no doubt that one of the principal reasons Spain is capitulating so hurriedly is because Havana is on the eve of a famine that would either result in one of the horrors of the age or else a complete surrender into our hands.

Spain has a long way to go before she can ever recover the financial position she was in before war started with the United States and even then she was none too well off for her four per cents were only quoted at 62 or a little over half value as money goes. Now, however, they are in the 30's, thus showing that financiers don't entertain a very high opinion of them or rather of the prospects of getting any dividends.

The Eastern saloon men are said to be resorting to optical illusion glasses so as to make things a little even on the beer war tax proposition. The glass is made so that it is as thin as the thinnest beer glass at the brim, but by the application of a deceptive art the glass is so arranged in the bottom and far down the sides that it cuts off about a fourth of the capacity. The professional beer drinker can't be fooled by any such device as this. He can test the capacity of the glass as much by his swallow as he can by his eye and when he finds he is only getting three gulps for five cents instead of the customary four, he will shout his protests.

A notable outcome of the newspaper trouble in Chicago is the end of the war that has waged so long and relentlessly between the proprietors. The cutting in price to one cent by the Tribune was necessarily followed by the others and owing to the high figures charged for white paper, the one cent could not meet the cost of production. The result is that a combination has now been formed whereby the price of each paper goes back to two cents and the proprietors are happy for it means thousands of dollars weekly in their pockets. If the proprietors of the New York papers could only reach a similar agreement it would mean a fortune to them. Take the Journal for instance with its circulation of a million. That extra cent would mean $10,000 a day in Mr. Hearst's pocket.

Those who practically show sympathy for the blind and crippled beggars who plead for alms on almost every block in the down town district across the bay have once again been rudely awakened to the fact that in many instances they are dispensing charity to individuals in far more comfortable circumstances than the donors. This has been illustrated in the case of a well known old organ grinder who had a stand on Post street and who has now levanted, taking with him $2,500 he had saved up at the business. It is only a couple of years too since it was discovered that a blind beggar who had his headquarter on Kearney street near Sutter was worth about $30,000. It is too bad that rich impostors such as these should shake the confidence and result in alms being withheld from the really needy ones.

THE PRICE OF PEACE.

Spain will do well to accept the terms on which we have agreed to grant her peace, for although our proposition means to her the loss of the richest of her colonial possessions, we are lenient considering our opportunities. Supposing she should refuse to accede to our demands, what then? Why, we would simply go ahead and continue the war until we had satisfactorily accomplished not only every point we now desire to make but many more besides.

Apart from the loss of Porto Rico, which was a source of considerable revenue, Spain will really be out nothing by the terms upon which we are insisting. Cuba has been a source of great expense instead of income to her for many years, for the insurrection has not only drained the royal treasury at Madrid, but it has cost the lives of thousands of her best soldiers. Furthermore, it is certain that that condition of affairs would have continued there almost indefinitely, for despite every measure attempted by the Spanish forces they were proving more and more incompetent each year to quell the revolt. It is true that the rebels would not have been able to drive them out of the islands, but that after all was an empty satisfaction, one certainly not worth the millions of lives and thousands of dollars it was costing. The United States is therefore in a way conferring a favor on Spain by thus terminating for her the Cuban war that she could not end herself, and one from which she could not voluntarily retire without endangering every other of her possessions throughout the world.

As far as the cession of one of the Ladrone Islands as a coaling station is concerned, she will lose nothing, for none of her commercial advantages will be cut off there by reason of the fact that one stretch of mainland is under the American flag. The same may be said as regards our demand for a coaling station in the Philippines, and Spain certainly cannot ask anything fairer than to submit to a joint commission appointed by this Government and Spain the question of how the Islands shall in future be governed. It would only be exposing them to endless strife to turn them over to Spain again under the present conditions, for the advances made by Aguinaldo of late show that the Spanish forces on the islands are totally incapable of handling the revolt.

The Spanish Councillors of State will surely realize that taking all things into consideration we are, for a victorious, a most gracious foe, and unless they are absolute dolts they will gladly accept peace on the lines we have dictated. As far as our Government is concerned, there is no occasion to call attention to the fact that we are coming out of the affair with flying colors, for apart from the prestige we have obtained and the place we have made for ourselves among the fighting nations of the world we have not only obtained everything we fought for but have in addition secured for the United States commercial and naval advantages that repay us thrice over for all that we have expended in making the conflict.

An irrigation propaganda has been started in the southern part of the State for the purpose of carrying on a campaign that will result in the construction of State and national irrigation works and Federal storage reservoirs. It needs no argument to prove that such a movement deserves general support, for the present dry season is furnishing evidence enough of the necessity of maintaining a thorough system of billions of gallons of mountain water that annually goes to waste and a proper ditch and supply system would mean millions of dollars added to the wealth of the State.

It is interesting to note how the great men of the country are divided in opinion on the question of "imperialism," and it looks as if it would be a dangerous proposition to handle as a political issue. It is estimated that probably less than a fifth of the Republicans are opposed to the policy of holding all the Spanish territory of value which we get, while fully a third of the Democrats seem to favor it. The administration, however, is figuring on the proposition simply on the lines of equity and whatever the decision the country should abide by it without any partisan complaints.

Those who have charge of the Irish Fair that is about to be held in the Mechanics Pavilion are displaying good judgment in deciding not to allow any soliciting by booth-keepers on the floor of the pavilion. The fact that the visitor will be importuned from the moment he enters until he leaves by those desiring to sell him raffle tickets and so forth keeps many a patron away from festivals who otherwise would come for the sake of the entertainment. The directors of the Irish fair have taken a commendable stand on this matter.

Just why one out of every twenty soldiers vaccinated at Camp Barrett should have fainted at the sight of blood is not very clear and it looks as if it would be a good idea to have their drill include a visit to Butchertown every few days so that they may become acquainted with the sight of the red fluid. It would be a rather funny proposition to have five per cent of our troops fainting away as soon as the first blood was shed in the event of an engagement with the enemy.

The peace overtures make it very doubtful that any more troops will be dispatched to the Philippines, and the departure of the St. Paul yesterday may mark the closing chapter of the exodus of boys in blue through the Golden Gate. If everything goes as now anticipated the farewells will soon be changed to welcomes, for ere long they will be streaming back home again.

Our immigration department will have a new feature next month in that it will have to add an export bureau to its belongings. For a starter, an item of 25,000 Spaniards will be a good one.

The Olympia, Dewey's headquarters, will be a flagship in every sense of the word pretty soon. Every individual and organization desirous of expressing appreciation of his prowess at the battle of Manila is sending him a flag, and at the rate they are pouring in he will have to add half a dozen more Saratoga trunks to his personal baggage pretty soon. A flag to an admiral is evidently considered just as much the proper thing as a pair of slippers to a pastor.

The passage yesterday by the House of Lords of the Irish local government bill is an evidence of the spirit of the times that must be assuring to those who have fought so long for the Irish cause. Although it by no means gives home rule, it is at least a good step in the right direction, for it confers on the island many of the privileges for which they have been fighting for the past couple of centuries.

The announcement that Dewey will probably be summoned to Washington to confer with the officials as to the most advantageous points for us to hold in the Philippines means that ere long he will perforce be passing though San Francisco and Oakland. Talk about a reception—well, Rome never howled as loud as this part of the universe will then.

The sale of postage stamps for the fiscal year just ended amounted to $83,000,000. Figuring at the rate of a letter to every two cents, that means about four billion letters, and the statistical crank who wants to pursue the subject further can estimate the miles covered by penmanship, the quality of ink used and so forth. The subject is a prolific one.

As there is to be no Mechanics' Fair in San Francisco this year, what is the matter with taking advantage of the situation and making our Oakland Exposition one that will fill the gap for the other side of the bay as well as our own. By the way, what has become of our Exposition committee—isn't it time it got to work?

The Democratic editors of the interior seem to be animated with but one thought this campaign, for every man Jack of them is blowing on a Maguire horn. There is Gubernatorial patronage to be obtained later on, and that doubtless accounts to a large extent for the gaudiness of the foundation each man is now laying.

Don't overlook the fact that registration closes August 15th. No citizen should disenfranchise himself this year when there is an opportunity to cast a vote endorsing the administration for the splendid manner in which it has handled the war.

Three hundred laborers are to participate in the hop at Pleasanton next month. This is not a social item, but alludes to the onslaught that is about to be made on the hopyards there.

Rather odd that these clean-ups in Alaska are made from pay "dirt."

MANY WITNESSES FAIL TO AGREE.

Judge Wood Forced to Take a Damage Case Under Advisement.

Judge Wood has taken under advisement the question of damages alleged to have been sustained by Elena Hemphill, the little daughter of W. A. Hemphill, who, it is alleged, was bitten by a dog belonging to J. D. Miller, whom the father is suing for damages in the sum of $200. There was a large number of witnesses, some of whom testified that the child had been bitten on the lip by the dog, while others asserted that the cut on the lip had been occasioned by a fall.

Episcopal Bishop For Brazil.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Rev. John G. Meem has arrived in this city from Brazil. He comes as the representative of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of Brazil to the American House of Bishops, empowered to sign a concordat between the two countries. At a convention held recently in Puerto Allegro, a nomination was made of a Bishop of Rio de Grande do Sul, or perhaps of Brazil, the title not having yet been decided. The nominee was the Rev. Lucien Lee Kinsolving, a missionary to Brazil, and a brother of Rev. A. Kinsolving of Christ Church, Brooklyn, and of Bishop Kinsolving of Texas. One of the errands of Rev. Dr. Meem is to present the matter of Rev. Mr. Kinsolving's nomination to the House of Bishops of the United States and secure confirmation of the action.

The concordat is based upon that between the Episcopal communions in this country and Hayti, but provides that when there shall be three Brazilian Bishops, the Protestant Episcopal Church in Brazil shall become an independent body. Meanwhile it provides for a temporary Board of Administration, to be composed of four members of the American House of Bishops and the new Bishop to Brazil, the same to have charge until such time as the church in Brazil may become self-supporting and independent.

Hip Disease

Little Girl the Victim—She Took a Few Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and Was Cured.

"My little girl became afflicted with hip disease when she was five years old. She was confined to her bed and for six or seven weeks the doctor applied weights to the affected limb. When she got up she was not able to walk across the floor. She had lost all her strength and day by day she became thinner. One day I happened to receive one of Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendars and on one of the slips was a testimonial telling of a cure of a severe case of hip disease by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I decided to give this medicine to my daughter and when she had taken three bottles her appetite was excellent and she looked quite well and was very much strengthened. She has not used her crutches for over eight months and walks to school every day." MRS. G. A. LAROSE, Oroville, Cal.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE TREND OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT.

Broadway the Main Artery of the City.

Prof. J. H. Aydelotte's Views of Modern Business College Work.

Apropos of the removal of Aydelotte's Business College from the Y. M. C. A. building to a prominent block on Broadway Professor J. H. Aydelotte said to a Tribune reporter, who interviewed him in his office this morning: "I believe that Broadway will always be the leading business thoroughfare of Oakland. It seems to me inevitable. All geographical data enforce this view. Its magnificent width, its traditions, its relation to converging streets, its general prestige, all assert that Broadway is to be the center of the most substantial business interests of Oakland. All the banks but one are located on this thoroughfare. They will stay there. Most of the real estate offices are there, also the railway ticket offices. The newspaper offices are east of it. It is true Washington street has come up rapidly during the past few years, but the Broadway landlords will wake up yet, and when a few "squats" and rookeries are replaced by splendid business blocks equipped with attractive appurtenances, and when Broadway rents are properly adjusted to the volume of business in Oakland, the question of Broadway's importance will soon be settled. And these things are bound to come.

"I believe that Franklin street will soon come to the front as a business street. Why shouldn't it, and why hasn't it? I believe its chances are much better than Clay street, which has always been and is yet, pre-eminently a church thoroughfare. It will be ten years before Clay street will be noticed by pedestrians in any large numbers.

"These are some of the considerations that have induced our company to seek a location where the college would be in the midst of business and people. This is the policy of all commercial schools in the leading cities of the East. Furthermore, we long ago realized that the Y. M. C. A. building, devoted essentially to church purposes, was not a good place for a commercial institute, the life and workings of which should take on the spirit and vim of the best business blocks of the city, none of which are any too lively in Oakland. And then the educational work of the Y. M. C. A. not only competes with our own, but it furnishes the cause of confusion in the public mind. Many people have an idea that our college is part and parcel of the Y. M. C. A. We have no war with anybody's religious beliefs, but we know that a church enterprise and a business enterprise in the same building work detrimentally to the interests of the business. Business men, though they are church men, do not want church and business mixed. As a collateral idea, I may state that in my opinion there isn't much religion in business these days anyway."

"What are your prospects for the coming year?" was asked.

"Notwithstanding the hard times occasioned by poor crops, war, etc.," continued the professor, "our college is more prosperous than it has been at any period since the panic struck the country. We are compelled to provide a suitable place for our growth. Changes in the Y. M. C. A. building that are bound to come sooner or later would so shrink the space we have had in that building as to make it impossible to accommodate us. We have simply outgrown the building. After providing for the necessary banking offices and other modern counting-house equipment, recitation rooms, typewriting rooms, etc., there isn't enough space left on the two floors to accommodate the convenient seating of one hundred and fifty students, neither in floor space nor cubic air necessities, for the ceilings are very low, being only twelve feet. We have enrolled over one hundred and eighty students since the first of January. By the end of the year we will have at least three hundred names on our college register. This growth is the reward of a reputation for thorough and honest work. It takes a decade or more to thoroughly establish a school of any kind, and get its name upon the public tongue. A school cannot be built in a day or a year. It requires time for an institution of learning to get a foothold. A school differs in this respect from an ordinary business enterprise. A dry-goods huckster can come to town and open up a cheap store and get trade, but when a parent wants to spend $100 for his boy's business education, he selects a school that is thoroughly established and one that can point to good work done. The greatest stronghold of this institution is the prestige of its army of loyal graduates, most of whom are right in the heat of business and many occupying responsible and lucrative positions. Scarcely a day passes that I am not made aware by voice or letter of the powerful help of loyal graduates. This is the most prolific source of both our prosperity and our satisfaction. Nothing so pleases an educator as the hearty good will of his pupils."

"What have you to say in general, professor, about the progress of business education?"

"Nothing, except that it is more popular to-day throughout the country than ever, and the modern, up-to-date business college is the only place to supply it. The public schools do not and necessarily can not pitch commercial work in the key of the business colleges. They can only make their so-called commercial departments side issues in their long twelve-years' course. The business college concentrates, specializes, drills, grinds. Not one public school teacher in a hundred ever took a business course or knows anything about the workings of a business college."

As a parting shot, the genial professor said to the reporter: "Please tell the people we are still conducting the best business college on earth."

BLIND MAN FALLS TO A WATERY GRAVE.

Old Joe Steller's Enterprizing Career Suddenly Ends.

Peddled Brooms Throughout Oakland and Alameda For Years.

Joseph Steller, an aged blind man who has spent the last ten years in peddling brooms throughout Oakland and Alameda is dead. His body was found last evening on the beach at the foot of Goss street, Alameda, where it had been left by the receding tide. Steller was a familiar character around the bay, and had a large patronage.

Owing to his infirmity the old gentleman was permitted to peddle his wares in the two cities without license. During his travels while engaged in selling brooms he was generally unaccompanied, and independently proceeded along his course with the aid of a cane.

It is believed that while tramping around the water front he accidentally fell into the water and was drowned. The body had been submerged but a few hours when discovered.

HUNGER DROVE HIM TO CRIME.

Charles E. Sears Pleads Guilty and Tells Why He Stole.

Charles E. Sears and his wife, Josie Sears, charged with petty larceny, were arraigned before Police Judge Allen this morning. The testimony of Professor S. P. Meads was taken after which Sears plead guilty to the charge, but wished to take all the blame upon himself.

Upon motion of Prosecuting Attorney Melvin the case against Mrs. Sears was dismissed. Sears will be sentenced Monday.

The couple live at 660 Linden street, and D. S. Yerxa occupies a room in the house. Yerxa is an expressman, and a few days ago he was employed by Professor Meads to transfer a trunk from the Sixteenth street depot to his home. Yerxa left the trunk in his room over night, and while he was absent Sears broke it open and took the contents, comprising a number of articles used by Professor Meads on a camping trip, to a saloon at Fifth and Clay streets, where they were pawned.

Suspicion was immediately directed toward Sears, and by means of a search warrant, the missing articles were located in the saloon. Warrants were then issued for the arrest of Sears and his wife, and when they were locked in a cell the husband broke down and made a full confession. His grief was pitiable.

"My wife and I have been married only five months," said he, "and shortly after our marriage I lost my position with an express company in San Francisco. I have done everything I could turn my hand to to make a living since then, and finally, in desperation, I took to digging clams. There was a poor market for the clams, however, and I soon found that I could not compete with the Chinese in the business.

"I was too proud to beg or call upon charity, and one night, after several days during which we had only a few crumbs to eat, I noticed the trunk in the house. I broke it open and took the contents. Next day I pawned them and my wife and I ate our first square meal in weeks."

MELROSE SCHOOL TRUSTEES DIFFER.

The Explosion Causes Complications Regarding the Children's Schooling.

The Melrose school trustees are not fully in harmony and accord since the explosion which shattered the school building. At the time two propositions were possible for the trustees to consider. One was to send the children left without a school house by the explosion to the Lockwood school. The other proposition was to rent a temporary school building. The latter proposition was carried by Trustees Marshall and Mynott leasing a building belonging to the former for a school.

Trustee Laing was strongly opposed to his colleagues' action and declared that the rented building was unsafe for occupancy, as it was not fully completed and the foundations were weak. Laing also declared that as Marshall owned the building the trustees had no right to rent it from him and pay a rental of $20 a month. The discussion ended in nothing as far as the majority of the Board was concerned, for the two stood by their former action.

Laing conferred with the Lockwood school trustees and secured permission to have the Melrose children sent to that institution, so the parents have a choice of the buildings at which their children can attend school.

DRINK GIER'S OLD PORT

A well matured wine made from selected grapes that easily assimilates with the system. It has been found a valuable tonic, promoting the digestion of food and restoring the strength. By the convalescent it should be taken immediately after meals.

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The valor displayed by the soldier, who leads his men into the midst of the carnage of a great battle, is recognized as heroic, and arouses admiration. The unnecessary recklessness of the man who courts death through some insidious disease is pitiable, but not admirable. That dread disease, consumption, slays more men and women than are slain by war, famine and pestilence combined. It is an utterly unnecessary slaughter.

Consumption is curable. One of the most eminent specialists in the world, Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y., so pronounces it. He declares that thirty years ago he discovered a medicine that cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. In his great medical work, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," the names, addresses, experiences and photographs of innumerable consumptives who have recovered are given. This wonderful medicine is known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the greatest of all known blood-makers and flesh-builders. It gives edge to the appetite, makes digestion and assimilation perfect, renders the liver and kidneys active, makes the blood pure and fills it with the life-giving elements that build new and healthy tissue. It strengthens the muscular system, tones the nerves, pumps rich, red, healthy blood into every vital organ, and acting directly on the lungs drives out all impurities and disease germs. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits. An honest dealer will not try to persuade you to take a worthless substitute for the sake of a little added profit.

When baby is sick the mother needs to own a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It tells the home-treatment of all the ordinary ills of life. For a paper-covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For cloth binding 31 stamps.

CUTTER'S PLACE

Is cool, restful and a rendezvous for old friends and good liquors. 473 Ninth street.

ADJUDICATION OF INSOLVENCY

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Edwin R. Gaunce, insolvent debtor.

Edwin R. Gaunce having filed in this Court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said Edwin R. Gaunce is hereby declared to be insolvent.

The Sheriff of the county of Alameda is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said insolvent debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee herein.

All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent debtor, or to deliver any property belonging to said insolvent debtor to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use.

The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property, until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor whose claims shall have been placed on file in the office of the Clerk of this Court at least two days prior to the 8th day of August, 1898, be and appear before the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, Department No. 3, in the county of Alameda, on the said 8th day of August, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in Oakland Tribune, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of Alameda, as often as the said newspaper is printed before the said day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent debtor be stayed.

Dated July 30, 1898.

S. P. HALL,
Judge of the Superior Court.

(Endorsed): Filed July 30, 1898. Frank C. Jordan, Clerk; by F. H. Mason, Deputy Clerk.

ADJUDICATION OF INSOLVENCY

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of W. H. Staniels, insolvent debtor.

W. H. Staniels having filed in this Court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said W. H. Staniels is hereby declared to be insolvent.

The Sheriff of the county of Alameda is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said insolvent debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee herein.

All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent debtor, or to deliver any property belonging to said insolvent debtor to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use.

The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property, until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor whose claims shall have been placed on file in the office of the Clerk of this Court at least two days prior to the day of August, 1898, be and appear before the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, Department No. 3, in the county of Alameda, on the said day of August, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in Oakland Tribune, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of Alameda, as often as the said newspaper is printed before the said day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent debtor be stayed.

Dated July 29th, 1898.

S. P. HALL,
Judge of the Superior Court.

(Endorsed): Filed July 29th, 1898. Frank C. Jordan, County Clerk; by J. Cal Ewing, Deputy Clerk.

JAMES H. CREELEY, Att'y for Insolvent.

MEAT QUOTATIONS—Retail Prices.

Loin Steak	10c
Tenderloin	10c
Leg Mutton	10c
Mutton Chops	10c to 12½c
Pork Roast	8c, 10 and 12½c
Pork Chops	10c and 12½c
Pickled Pork	8c and 10c
Beef Roast	6c to 12½c
Beef Stew	6c
Mutton Stew	6c
Veal Stew	6c and 7c
Veal Roast	10c to 12½c
Mutton Shoulders	6c
Spring Lamb	10c and 12½c
Corned Beef	6c and 7c

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AMUSEMENTS

Macdonough Theatre
MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1898
Opening of the Season
MR. JNO. H. MARTIN presents
MR. CLAY CLEMENT
in his remarkable personation of
BARON HOHENSTAUFFEN
in the idyllic comedy
THE NEW DOMINION
With an exceptional supporting company which so recently achieved a most emphatic general approval in San Francisco.
Prices $1 00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats now on sale.

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FORMERLY OAKLAND THEATER
HARRY JACKSON, Sole Proprietor and Manager
Tonight, Last Time—Over the Sea
Sunday, July 31st and Week
The Great Play
LITTLE EM'LY
From Chas. Dickens' David Copperfield.
HARRY JACKSON as Wilkins Macawber
Commencing Monday, Aug. 1st, RED CROSS WEEK—Every ticket bought aids the Red Cross Society. Prices 10c, 20c & 30c.

$2.00 SUNDAY EXCURSION $2.00
—TO—
SANTA CRUZ,
Personally conducted by MR. WILLIAM H. MENTON, Excursion Passenger Agent, S. P. Co.
SUNDAY, JULY 31, 1898.
Five Hours at the Seaside.
Concert on the beach, Musselbake at 1 p. m. Take 7:45 a. m. boat, ferry landing narrow gauge, foot of Market st., San Francisco; 7:15 a. m. from Fourteenth and Franklin sts., Oakland; 8:20 a. m. from Park st., Alameda. Returning, arrive San Francisco 8 05 p. m.

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Boys prepared for High School and for business. For particulars inquire of
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ST. MARY'S COLLEGE
Studies will be resumed at St. Mary's College, Oakland, Monday, Aug. 1st, 1898.

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First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

KEEP COOL—DRINK HIRES ROOT BEER

The First Methodist Episcopal Church, Dr. E. R. Dille, pastor, has been remodeled and refitted throughout at an expense of nearly $12,000, and is to be re-opened with appropriate services to-morrow, the congregation having worshipped in the spacious lecture room (which has a capacity of 800) while the improvements were in progress.

The entrance has been entirely remodeled, art glass windows taking the place of the two side doors at the main entrance. The entrance is provided with new oak doors, the wood work paneled in oak and Oregon pine stained a dark English oak to match the oak doors. The walls are in Gobelin blue, and the entrance vestibules and lecture room are all supplied with art glass windows. The result is a very imposing, pleasing and attractive approach to the auditorium—quite a contrast to the somewhat sepulchral effect of the old entrance.

The entire stair system has been remodeled and made modern, easy and safe. New stairways being provided from the pulpit end of the gallery makes the system of exits perfect. The auditorium has been enlarged and folding wall seats provided, giving it a total capacity of 1,400, the extended room taking in the lobby under the north gallery.

The decorations are very artistic, and reflect much credit upon the decorators, Messrs. Borland and Lemon. The auditorium is tinted in olive green, the same tone running through the carpets. Mush stuff is used for decorative purposes in friezes and gallery front, and this is in green and gold. The upholstering is entirely new and the auditorium and approaches are carpeted with Brussels of a tasteful pattern. The entire heating and ventilation arrangements has been remodeled and modernized. Electric lighting has been introduced throughout the building at a cost of $1,000, a striking feature being the great chandelier, fifteen feet in diameter, which is the largest on the Coast. It is made of black galvanized iron with old copper trimmings. These were made by the San Francisco Novelty Works.

On the inner rims of the chandeliers is a row of gas jets connected with battery so as to be lighted in case of accident to the electric lights. Mr. J. C. Hill did the electrical work gratuitously.

Last, but not least, the building which was erected twenty-two years ago was provided with a new foundation at a cost of $2,000, so that it has been given a new lease of life, and will doubtless meet the needs of the congregation if necessary for a similar period in the future.

The work has all been done in first-class style under the direction of the efficient and vigilant committee comprising Messrs. Fearn, Kinsey, Hill, Backus, J. S. Burpee, J. A. Johnson, O. S. Orrick. Messrs Newsom and Meyers are the architects, Mr. Kinsey furnished the carpets and upholstering, and Mr. W. W. Tucker had the painting contract.

Special services will be held to-morrow when excellent music will be one of the features. At 9:30 A. M. to-morrow there will be a love feast and reunion led by the Rev. C. V. Anthony, D. D. The regular morning service will be at 11 A. M., when the programme will be as follows:

Organ Voluntary
Gloria Patri, Cred, Doxology
Anthem, "Before the Heavens Were Spread Abroad" .....Parker
Choir.
Psalm CXXII (read responsively)
Prayer
Hymn, "Arise From Doubt and Fear," tune, "St. Thomas."
Announcements
Offertory, "Jesus, Priceless Treasure" .....Roberts
Choir.
Sermon
Rev. E. McClish, D. D.
Benediction

Sunday School services will be held at 12:45 P. M., when there will be splendid music by the orchestra under the direction of Alex Stewart.

A Young People's Jubilee Service will be held at 6 P. M., at which the pastor, Dr. Dille, will deliver an address. Special music will be furnished by a male quartette under the leadership of J. M. Robinson. Rev. E. S. Chapman will lead in the consecration services. A company of soldiers from the Eighth Regiment will attend the services.

The programme for the evening service is as follows:

Organ Voluntary
Anthem—Festival Cantate Domine .....Buck
Hymn—No. 868
Prayer
Male Quartette, "Remember Now Thy Creator" .....Rhodes
Scripture Lesson—Isa. LX
Offertory—Anthem, "O God, Who is Like Unto Thee".....Foster
Choir.
Hymn—No. 869
Male Quartette and Soprano Obligato, "Nearer, My God, to Thee" .....Hanscom
Sermon
Rev. John Kirby, D. D.
Duet—"In His Hand Are the Corners of the Earth"....Mendelssohn
Benediction

Market-street Congregational Church—Prof. Nash will preach at 11:00 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

First Presbyterian church—Corner of Fourteenth and Franklin streets. Pastor, Rev. R. F. Coyle, D. D. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject in the morning, "These Little Ones of Mine;" in the evening, "Angels on the Road."

Sarah Elizabeth Griswold will speak upon "Soul Hunger" in Cler's Hall at 11 A. M.

Fruitvale Presbyterian Church—Rev. E. E. Clark, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

St. Paul's Church—Rev. R. Ritchie, rector. Eighth Sunday after Trinity. Holy communion, 8 A. M.; Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 o'clock; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 P. M.

Central Christian Church—At A. O. U. W. Hall, Fourteenth and Broadway. Preaching at 11 A. M. by Elder J. M. Wishart; subject, "Home;" evening subject, "The Prodigal Son." This will probably be the last meeting of the Central Christian Church. After the morning services the congregation will meet and consider the advisability of reorganizing under a new name and with new officers.

St. John's Church—Corner Eighth and Grove streets. Rev. F. J. Mynard, rector. Eighth Sunday after Trinity. Services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Rev. Geo. Wallace officiating.

First Church of Christ, Scientist—At Loring Hall. Sunday at 11 A. M., subject, "Spirit;" evening at 7:45 o'clock, subject, "Ahab Gains a Vineyard Through Treachery."

First Unitarian Church will remain closed during the month of August. On September 4th Rev. J. T. Sunderland, the new minister, will preach his initial sermon. The Woman's Auxiliary of the Unitarian Church will meet Monday at 2 P. M. This will be the first meeting since vacation.

First Congregational Church.—Rev. Charles R. Brown, pastor. Morning service 11 o'clock, "Hopefulness." Evening service, 7:30 o'clock, "Pure and Undefiled Religion."

First Free Baptist Church, ton Twenty-First street between Brush street and San Pablo avenue. Rev. Philip Graif, D. D. pastor. Subject at 11 A. M., "Pillars of Strength and Beauty in the Temple of God," and topic at 7:30 P. M., "The Power and Greatness of Little Things."

"Watchers Meeting." There will be services at Gospel Tent, Sunday at 3 P. M. Subject: "The Early Restoration of the Jews."

First Baptist Church, corner Brush and Fourteenth streets. C. H. Hobart, pastor. Topic for 11 A. M., "Everything Helps." Evening subject: "Which Way Are You Bound?"

First English Lutheran Church, Sixteenth, corner Grove streets. Divine services Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Sermons by the acting pastor, Rev. Mr. Young. Morning theme, "The Humanity of Jesus." Evening, "The Cross and Its Significance." The public cordially welcome.

Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Montana Hall, Adeline station. Sunday School, 1 P. M. Preaching, 2 and 7:45 P. M. Seats free. All are invited. Questions answered.

Asbury M. E. Church, South. Preaching by the pastor, H. M. McKnight, 11 A. M., "Secret of a Happy Life." Night services resumed August 7th.

Union Street Presbyterian Church. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by Rev. Herbert Thomson. Morning sermon: "Religion for the Kitchen and the Carriage House." Evening sermon: "The God of the Hills the God of the Plain Also."

Zion's German Evangelical Lutheran Church. J. H. Theiss, pastor. At 10:45 A. M. Subject: "The Secret and Blessed Working of the Spirit in the Heart of the Believer." Services in Loring Hall at 7:30 P. M.

Dr. Charles Edward Locke, who succeeded Dr. Dille as pastor of Central M. E. Church across the bay is to deliver his popular lecture, "Every Inch a Man," August 16th in the First M. E. Church, Fourteenth and Clay street in in this city. Dr. Locke has a fine reputation as a preacher and lecturer.

Brooklyn Presbyterian Church, S. S. Palmer, pastor. Morning service 11 A. M. The Rev. F. E. Knopf of Elkhorn, Indiana, will preach. Mr. Palmer will conduct the opening service. 7:30 P. M. Mr. Palmer will preach. Soldiers from Camp Barrett will be present. Singing by the "Boys in Blue."

Church of the Advent, East Oakland. Rev. V. Marshall Law, Rector. Services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Special music.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, corner Fourteenth and Harrison streets. Morning service at 11 A. M. with sermon Evening service with sermon, at 7:30 P. M. The regular Rector, Robert Ritchie officiating. It has been a source of gratification to the Rector and members of the Vestry that the evening congregations through the past summer months have been far better than in previous years, which is due in great part to the excellent music rendered by the adult male choir. The musical committee and Vestry of the church intend to increase the standard of the choir until it is not excelled by any choir of its kind on the coast. Beginning with the first Sunday in August the services of Professor E. D. Crandall, tenor, who is well known as a successful teacher in Oakland, have been secured, which will be an excellent addition. Mr. Otto Wedemeyer, their baritone, who has been in Southern California for the past two months, will also probably be back early in August. The ladies will resume their place in the evening service about the first of September.

Tenth avenue Baptist Church. The pastor, Rev. C. M. Hill, will preach. Subjects, 11 A. M., "The Apostles' Petition." 7:30, "The Illustrious Warrior." Baptism in the evening.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Fifteenth street and Eighth avenue. Rev. J. R. Knodell, pastor. Services as follows: Morning, preaching service, sermon on "The Gospel Preached." In the morning a Christian Endeavor Service. Subject: "Echoes from the Nashville Convention." Speakers: Miss Clara Pierce, George Lowell, John Suhr.

Salinger's

SPECIAL FLYERS IN SILKS

to meet your eye Monday morning.

Splendid line 48c Fancy Colored

WAIST SILKS

See 'em in window

at just 19c

Elegant $1.00 and $1.25 Rhadames and Faille Francais, all leading and fashionable colors, Tan, Myrtle, Dove, Pink, Silver, Olive, Garnet, Ruby, Drab, Smoke Grey, etc..... 48c

Also a pretty assortment of Colorings in 48c grade, Silk de Lyon at..... 25c

S. W. Cor. Washington & 11th

ADVANCE NOTES FROM SCHOOL REPORT

County Superintendent Has Prepared His Annual Statement.

County Superintendent of Schools Garlick, through his assistant, John Fuller, to-day completed the annual report for the year commencing July 1, 1897, and ending June 30, 1898. The compilation is a very exhaustive statement of the condition of the common schools of Alameda county, both material and financial. It will be forwarded to State Superintendent of Schools Black on August 1st.

Following are some interesting figures extracted from the report referring to neighboring towns: In Alameda the total receipts for educational purposes were $80,266.38. $55,254.48 was spent for teachers' salaries, and $74,-914.66 was spent all told. The valuation of Alameda school property is estimated at $169,780.

Applying similar estimates to the town of Berkeley, we have total receipts, $74,985.16; teachers' salaries, $41,909.65; total expenditures, $73,090.84; and valuation of property, $141,800. The figures for Oakland show $10,822.72 on hand at the beginning of the year; total receipts of $270,033.89; paid for salaries, $194,128.04; total expenditures, $263,784.38; total valuation of property, $1,077,980.

There are 177 grammar schools in the county, 270 primary schools, and six High Schools. Two new districts have been organized; nineteen trustees have been appointed by Superintendent Garlick; there are five school houses built of brick and eighty-nine built of wood. One new edifice has been erected. The total number of male teachers is 77; female teachers, 437. The average wages paid to male teachers in primary and grammar schools is $121.70; in High Schools, $140.17. The average monthly wages paid to female teachers in primary and grammar schools is $79.23; in High Schools, $119.25. One hundred and fifty-three teachers are graduates of the California State Normal School; twenty are graduates of other State Normal Schools; 160 teachers hold life diplomas; eighty-seven hold State educational diplomas; thirty-seven hold High School certificates; 414 hold county certificates.

During the past year the Superintendent has visited 511 schools. The rate of county school tax levied in October, 1897, is 24 cents. The county assessment roll of taxable property for '97-'98 is $82,948,726, and amount received from county tax is $200,280.44. Certificates have been granted to twelve males and forty-four females on examination; to eighteen males and eighty-one females on credentials. One hundred and sixty applicants have been rejected.

A FAMOUS DISH.

With a New and Savory Flavor

Chop beef, mutton or pork into a hash. Take a quantity of Grape-Nuts equal to half the amount of meat. Mix into the Grape-Nuts a raw egg and what milk it will take up.

Salt and pepper to taste.

Now thoroughly mix meat and all into a hash, form into patties like sausage and place in a hot skillet with only enough butter on bottom to prevent sticking. Place cover over the skillet and cook until done.

Put a little piece of butter on top of each patty if they tend to become dry, but do not use enough to make greasy.

Serve hot and you will discover that the meat has acquired a most savory flavor from the Grape-Nuts and at the same time it has been rendered easily digestible and the elements in the Grape-Nuts furnish most valuable nourishment for athletes as well as invalids. Made by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Michigan.

Grocers sell Grape-Nuts.

PROGRESSIVE LOUISVILLE.

A City Ordinance Which Exempts New Manufactories From Taxation.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 30.—The General Council passed and the Mayor signed an ordinance exempting new manufactories from city tax for a period of five years. The main object of the measure is to attract capital and factories from points where taxes are at present levied upon industries, and thus supply fields for the workingman and advance the city's position as a great commercial and manufacturing center. The business men of the city have taken a deep interest in the fate of the ordinance, and a delegation of commercial club men, headed by President E. H. Bacon, was present to watch its passage.

Prize For Naming a Railroad.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

DETROIT, July 30.—The Mobile and Ohio Railroad offers $100 in gold to the coupon ticket agent located in the United States, Canada or Mexico who offers the best suggestion for a "fine name" for that railroad and names for its through trains between St. Louis and the Southeast and St. Louis and the South. The contest will close August 14th.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

DEATH BEARS AWAY JAMES M'CLELLAND

Sad Ending of a Short Attack of Heart Failure.

The Deceased Well Known in Railroad and Political Circles.

Death came suddenly at 12:30 o'clock this morning to James McClelland, a young man who for a number of years has been prominent in the employ of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and who has also been foremost in Republican political circles, principally as one of the most active members of the organization in the First Ward, where he resided at 1718 Eighth street for a number of years. A short time prior to his death, however, he moved to 308 East Sixteenth street, and it was there, after an illness of only a day, that death ensued from heart failure.

Mr. McClelland was a native of Philadelphia, Pa., where he was born forty-two years ago. He came to this State about nine years ago. Soon after, he was married in Ceres, Stanislaus county, California.

About seven years ago he went into the employment of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, fulfilling the duties of clerkship in the department under Master Mechanic McKenzie.

In the discharge of his duties he was brought in contact with hundreds of men in the employ of the company, and with all of these he stood in the highest favor.

This was equally true of him in his relations with all whom he met outside the sphere of his daily toil, and had the effect of placing him prominently before the people, by whom he was often selected to represent them in the councils and conventions of the party.

Mr. McClelland came from a family distinguished in patriotic and professional life. His father was the well known Fleet Surgeon McClelland of the United States Navy under Admiral Goldsborough at the time when Dewey and Sampson were both on the Colorado.

He was also a nephew of Surgeon General Barnes of the United States Army at the time of the assassination of President Garfield, and the President after that occurrence was treated professionally by that distinguished gentleman.

Mr. McClelland's grandfather on the mother's side was the distinguished Judge Barnes of Philadelphia.

The deceased has no relatives in this immediate vicinity. He leaves a widow without children, and two sisters in Philadelphia, namely Mrs. F. L. Lewis and Mrs. Charles Maxwell.

Mr. McClelland was not a member of any fraternal organization, although his father had for years been prominent in Masonic circles.

The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon, from the late residence of the deceased, at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Mountain View Cemetery, and will be private.

THIRD WARD DAVIS REPUBLICAN CLUB.

It Met Last Night and Elected George Furry Assistant Secretary.

The Third Ward Davis Republican Club held a business meeting last evening at its room, 836 Fourteenth street, which was quite largely attended. In calling the meeting to order, President W. H. Quinn congratulated the the club now had a membership of about 550—more than a third of all the Republicans in the ward. Whatever happened, Mr. Davis must carry that ward. The reports from the different townships were all favorable to Mr. Davis, and thirty-seven newspapers throughout the State had espoused his cause and were doing battle in his behalf.

On motion of Harry Pulcifer, George Furry was elected assistant secretary of the club. As some of the members wished to attend a Republican rally at Emeryville, the meeting adjourned till next Friday evening, when it is expected that Mr. Davis will address the club.

Colonel Fred Burgin.

The genial face of Colonel Fred Burgin smiles from the title page of to-day's Town Talk. Matters military and social are ably discussed, the summer resorts receiving considerable attention. Storiettes from real life are graphically told and the Saunterer abounds in spicy paragraphs. Musical and dramatic criticisms of the principal events of the past week are given and the editorial is of especial interest commenting on the present position of the American tourist in Paris.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are a simple and convenient remedy for Bronchial Affections and Coughs. Sold only in boxes.

CUBA!

Thou isle of a tropical sea, all hail!
Years passed thee by untold, worlds knew thee not
Save as a dream recalled and then forgot,
Until the Spaniard braved the Western gale.
What though his faults, let none his pride assail,
Since rests it now upon the fated hour
When by his will supreme a valient power
Blazed to a world unknown an ocean trail.
In the triumphant hour when thou art free,
Fair isle, shall we forget his tott'ring throne
Whose antique settings mock the jewels gone?
Shall we forget, when the wild mystery
Of thy existence dawned upon the world
The cause of freedom had no flag unfurled?

F. CAMBLOS.

Ellason, 1163 Broadway. New stock of stationery. Cards engraved for $1 per 100.

24

Sheets of white paper for 10c at BROWN'S PAPER HOUSE, 417 Tenth st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is on every wrapper.

Polytechnic Business College

The new high grade school is already becoming very popular as an educational institution in Oakland. The enrollment has thus far exceeded the most sanguine expectations. New pupils are enrolling every day and the school will open Monday, August 1st with a large attendance. The rooms are being remodeled and retinted, and with new furniture throughout will furnish an equipment unsurpassed by any school in the State. The Shorthand Department will be furnished with new Typewriters of various makes.

First Month Free—

The month of August will be free. Those who can not enroll by the 1st of the month are requested to enter as soon thereafter as possible. Pupils may enter at any time during the month of August and will be allowed the balance of the month free.

BOOKS RENTED

We try to reduce the cost of books to the pupil to a minimum. We are not Book Dealers, and do not wish to mistreat our patrons by requiring them to buy a big bill of books. We rent them for a small fee.

POLYTECHNIC BUSINESS COLLEGE,

COR. 12th AND CLAY STS.

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Dr. AMBROSE SANDER

the Reliable Specialist, has Reopened his Offices at

908 Washington Street

Bet. 8th & 9th Sts., over the Central Market.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DISEASES OF WOMEN confidentially and successfully treated,

No diseases peculiar to Ladies' delicate organization is beyond my sure control.

PRIVATE DISEASES of both sexes a specialty.

ALL BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY CURED

CONSULTATION FREE.

Medicines by treatment furnished free of charge.

TERMS REASONABLE.

Arpers' Oil

Against the Combine

Ask Your Dealer For It.

Bulk Coal Oil

60c Per Can

Stove Gasoline 7oc per can if taken from the store. Coal Oil guaranteed non-explosive.

SIMONSEN & ESPELAND,

17th St. and Telegraph Ave. Tel. Red 81

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT

—French and Family Dinners—

BANQUETS, PARTIES,

LADIES' DEPARTMENTS.

Open Till 12 P. M.

910 BROADWAY John Slavich

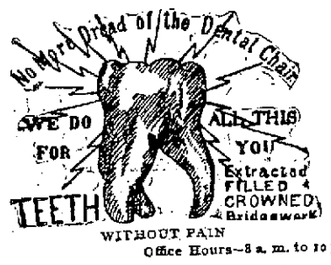
ELECTRO DENTAL CLINIC

809 Market Street, Corner Fourth,

SECOND FLOOR, FLOOD BUILDING, RECEPTION ROOM No. 7

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

CONSULTATION FREE.



OUR SPECIALTY—Crown Bridge Work and PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

The CLINIC is always ahead in Advanced Dental Science. No Students employed.

For the Next 30 Days Our Prices will Be:

FULL SET OF TEETH for	$4 50 up.
GOLD CROWNS, 22k	3 50 up
BRIDGE WORK, per tooth	3 50 up
SILVER FILLING	25c up.
GOLD FILLING	75c up.
CLEANING TEETH	50c up

A Physician Always in Attendance

SKILLED OPERATORS—LADY ATTENDANT

WITHOUT PAIN

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 10 p. m; Sundays 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

809 Market Street, corner Fourth, San Francisco, Cal.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ROBERT N. RISDON
Announces Himself a Candidate
—FOR—
County Auditor
Subject to the Decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER
(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAMES B. BARBER
Announces Himself a Candidate
—FOR—
Tax Collector
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

NEW LOUVRE BOUFE

14th and Broadway - Oakland

"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenia Club*, in charge.

J. J. CARROLL, - Prop.

A Slaughter Sale in "White" Sewing Machines

WE cannot give prices; the amenities between ourselves and the manufacturers of the splendid "White" forbid it. But we throw this pointer against your good judgment—that the sale will be a slaughter sale.

Do You Know the "White"

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW

PINCH TENSION, TENSION INDICATOR

—AND—

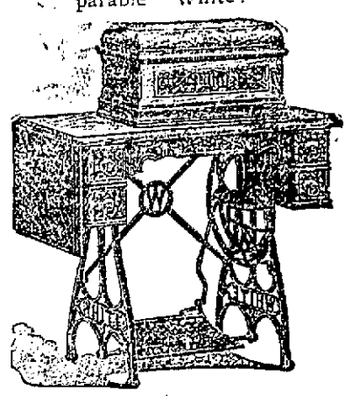
Automatic Tension Releaser.

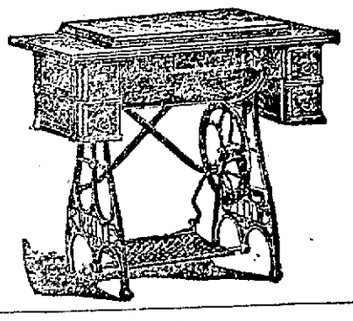
The most complete and useful devices ever added to any sewing machine.

The "WHITE" is

Durable and Handsomely Built, of fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment, sews all sewable articles, and will serve and please you up to the full limit of your expectations.

Here are two styles of the incomparable "White:"





Oakland Agency, 680-13th Street

CORNER FRANKLIN.

Red Cross Women are Having a Little Trouble.

Why the Society Was Unkind to One of Its Members.

GOSSIP OF WELL KNOWN PEOPLE.

Fruitvale Is the Seen of Much Gayety During the Long Summer Days.

If peace will take the soldiers from our midst, I for one am for holding out a little longer and fighting a little more. Since Camp Barrett has settled down here the tedium of a summer in town has been enlivened with strains of martial music and glimpses of brass buttons and blue coats. There is something fascinatingabout a military man and the majority of girls will agree with me in preferring epaulets to a civilian's coat.

To be sure, some of the officers at Camp Barrett are common and ordinary and are not to be thought of socially. A volunteer army is quite different from the regulars, when all the officers are West Pointers and gentlemen, still on Colonel Henshaw's staff are several very delightful young men and the Colonel himself is charming, so we have not much to complain of after all.

The officers have been quite ready to accept invitations and have been decidedly generous in loaning their band. Mrs. Wetherbee was serenaded and cheered by the soldiers and certainly if ever a woman deserved the honor she does, for she has been a veritable fairy god-mother to the men encamped. She has a droll way of looking at things and it is that heavensent gift of humor that has smoothed over many a rough roadway.

It does amuse me, though, to see society women whose delicate hands have never been roughened by hard work cooking and sewing for the soldiers. They wouldn't do it for their own sex and wouldn't do it at the present time if patriotism and self-sacrifice were not the fads of the day, bearing the stamp of approval from the leaders whom the lambs meekly follow. Ah, well, it seems strange to think of society becoming Christianized and I doubt if it ever will be for any length of time.

* * *

I fear that our own Red Cross Society is being scored by other societies in the interior. We are very aristocratic and all that, but not all the men who flaunt the military blue are gentlemen, and those who are not, are unfortunately only eager to pick holes in our armor. The latter class have spread broadcast the rumor that we worked for money. It is absurd to think of, but the story has been told and the harm has been done, and we are smarting from the pin prick of injustice that is more painful than an honest broadsword cut.

The explanation of the whole matter is so very simple, too, that it is really too bad that the story should ever have been so twisted and garbled as it has been. A poor woman who was engaged by one of the ladies to do some washing, hovered around the Red Cross tent afterwards and when the boys wanted mending done, did it and charged. Now, of course, the poor woman did not realize that by her acts she was harming the society, but merely saw a way of increasing her meager income. I do not blame her, nor is the society at fault, but I do think the officers who wrote the complaining letters were too precipitate to say the least. They could easily have informed some of the ladies of the Red Cross and the trouble would have ceased, but no, they wrote to their homes and said the Red Cross had to be paid for services and asked that all future money contributions be sent direct. It looks to me as if the officers' palms were itching for the money more than anything else.

* * *

There is another little incident connected with the Red Cross work that seems to me shows a decidedly mean spirit on the part of some of the members. One member of the society expressed views at a recent meeting that were indirect opposition to the opinions of certain other ladies. Now it takes courage to state views which the majority of your hearers are opposed to but this woman was honest and firm. And what was the result? Many of the ladies quietly boycotted her. That is not a pleasant word, but that is what expresses the attitude of certain members. Now, certainly this is very narrow-minded to say the least, and of course, there is no way of retaliating. It is too bad, but women sometimes act like spoiled children.

* * *

It seems as if all our gayety centers at Fruitvale at present. I suppose it is on the theory that the most men are there and society, like a bee, flutters around the honey pot. Mrs. George Bray and Mrs. Cohen gave a charming affair last Monday evening, one of those lawn parties for which Fruitvale is famed. The night was really charming and I have seldom enjoyed an affair as much as I did this. There were not many there, but everything was delightfully hospitable and informal. The moon gave some light and quaint Chinese lanters furnished the rest. The porches were canvassed for dancing and refreshments were served in the corners. There were dear little cozy nooks arranged in the arbors and odd corners. The music was thoroughly military, the Eighth Regiment band coming over from Camp Barrett and playing during the entire evening. The girls all wore dainty light summer frocks and with the uniforms of the officers, it really made a charming picture. Some of the notables who were there were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith, Colonel and Mrs. Henshaw, Colonel Carrington, Lieutenant Heller, Miss Ada English, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Bray, the Alexanders and many others.

* * *

Another new feature at Fruitvale is the new house of Walter Morosco (who by the way now signs himself Walter Melville Bishop), which he has just moved into. It is an ideal bachelor home, built on the English plan, with a big hall in the center. Talk about a man not knowing how to be comfortable! We women are ages behind them. We know how to put the little things around that gives an inhabited look, but for a real downright comfort, take a bachelor's house every time.

Several small parties have been given at Mr. Morosco's new home at which Mrs. Wetherbee was the chaperone, and the guests included Miss Hylton, the Littles and others of the Fruitvale crowd.

* * *

An interesting engagement was announced in the Fruitvale colony this week also. The bride-elect is Miss Alice Stephenson, and Robert Lee Stephenson is the fortunate man. They have know each other ever since childhood, and the engagement is a particularly happy one. Miss Stephenson has lived the greater part of her life with her aunt, Mrs. C. C. Clay. She has been a great favorite socially and is one of those sweet, sincere girls that social attentions and praise don't spoil. So many girls become like curdled sweetened cream after a season's adulation, but this is not the case with Miss Stephenson.

Her betrothed is at present in the office of the Valley Railroad, and his prospects for future advancement are very bright, I understand.

In spite of the similarity of names, there is no kinship between the two. The fiancee's father was an officer in the late war and was a Southern gentleman of the old school. Mr. Stephenson's name in honor of the great Confederate general is an indication of his family tree, and the Stephensons on his side belong to an old Tennessee family famed for its beautiful women and brave men.

The formal announcement of the betrothal was made at a luncheon given by Mrs. Clay last Friday, although, of course, everybody knew that an announcement was highly probable, as the two have been very devoted to each other for a long time.

The decorations at the luncheon were decidedly elaborate and were all in yellow. The favors were most appropriate and were what one woman wittily termed "honi soi qui mal y pense." Each one was in yellow with a rabbit's foot fastening for luck. I hope it will bring the luck and there will be engagements to announce soon.

Among the guests were Miss McCorkle, the Misses Glide, Annie Clay, Mina Clay, Margaret and Sadie Sinclair, Ethel Kellogg, Jane Rawlings, Mary Meux, Mary Barker, Ethel Kittredge, Lillian Strong, Louise Simmons, Laura and Mona Crellin, Lucy and Alice Moffitt, and Mrs. Robert Knight and Mrs. Howard Bray of the younger married set.

* * *

Mrs. Will Henshaw moved into her new house this week. It is the old Kimball place on Jackson street, but has been so renovated as to be hardly recognizable in its new dress. It has been newly furnished throughout and is quite a fine looking place. I understand that as soon as the Henshaws are out of mourning there will be some elaborate entertainments in the new home. East Oakland was too small for Mrs. Henshaw and it really is a little out of the way for any one with social aspirations.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jordan and family have returned from Niles, where they spent the greater part of the summer. Mr. and Mrs. J. Cal Ewing have also returned. Mrs. Ewing spent part of the summer at the country home of Mrs. J. C. Campbell.

* * *

Dr. J. P. Dunn, who recently returned from Catalina Island, has inaugurated his coming year of hard work after his short holiday by changing offices and is now at the Macdonough building. The change is due in a measure, I believe, to some slight friction between him and one of his former friends.

* * *

I have an idea that we may count on more than the usual share of gayeties at the University this winter. The Phi Delta Theta has purchased a new fraternity house that is capitally adapted for little informal dances, and the boys intend to have a merry winter of it.

* * *

Mrs. Eva Wren and daughter Vera have returned from a three weeks' sojourn at Capitola.

* * *

Del Monte has been almost deserted until recently. Castle Crags is apparently more attractive during the early summer months than the Monterey hotel, and Oaklanders especially seem to have a fondness for the mountain resort. Still Del Monte is beginning to have its full quota of guests. J. J. Valentine has gone to Del Monte. Although his trip to Japan did him a great deal of good, he is far from being a well man. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hall are also at Monterey.

* * *

W. W. Goodfellow and his sons are coming home from Santa Catalina on his yacht "La Paloma." It is one of the prettiest crafts afloat and is managed by Mr. Goodfellow himself, who on his yachting trips, drops his legal title and becomes Captain Goodfellow. Mrs. Goodfellow preferred to come home by the land route, as she dreaded the long voyage on a small yacht, a trip that pleases her husband immensely.

* * *

The Oakland colony at Catalina Island is apparently having a thoroughly delightful season and are flitting home sorrowfully. Mrs. Goodfellow and Miss Davenport have returned and the Moores are also home again. The Palmers will return the early part of August.

Mrs. Palmer recently gave an elaborate dinner at the Metropole, which is quite the swellest hotel on Catalina Island, and has been made the headquarters of all the Oaklanders. The dinner table was decked with red roses and carnations and was very pretty indeed. Covers were laid for nine and the party included Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Doran, Mrs. Sutton, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Landers, Mrs. A. W. Cook, Misses Palmer, Landers and Bessie Palmer.

* * *

Unfortunately the Oakland girls did not win in the tennis tournament at Catalina Island, but then they looked well and were greatly admired, so even defeat has its compensations.

Bernice Landers and Bessie Palmer played the doubles together, but were defeated by a score of 6-5, 6-1 by Misses Donnell and Kidder. Miss Palmer, who contested the ladies' singles, was again vanquished by Miss Donnell, whose score was 6-2, 6-2.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Miller have returned from Castle Crag.

* * *

A little daughter has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Folger and all the relatives are very much delighted with the wee morsel of humanity.

* * *

There is the happiest little band of youngsters to be seen every day in the Park, between Maddison and Oak streets one may find soldiers by the wholesale, very small, but important, saylor girls and contented nurses, and the charm of the place lies in the fact that a kind and patient man has it in charge—William Fleming the gardener, is just the one to pose under his care, a place devoted almost entirely to the small fry. Long may he remain on duty, is the wish of the entire neighborhood.

* * *

Now, my dears, I must really stop. You have heard enough gossip for one week, but to keep your curiosity I will whisper to you that next week you may look for some gossip about a fascinating widow you all know and admire.

THE MEDDLER.

POSTMASTER WHITE CANED.

Last Saturday evening the employees of the Oakland Postoffice took occasion to show their appreciation of their retiring Postmaster, Mr. White, by giving him a little surprise in the nature of a presentation. Knowing that it was the habit of both Mr. White and his assistant to visit the office for an hour or so each evening, the employees assembled in the main body of the office, and after Mr. White and Mr. Martin had seated themselves at their respective desks, marched in a body to the Postmaster's private office and informed him that, while it had been his privilege to dictate to them for the past four years, they now took upon themselves the right to demand his attention for a few minutes. Mr. White, ever ready to oblige his subordinates, readily gave his consent to be "bossed," and after all were seated, the nature of the gathering was explained to him, after which, C. R. Haswell, on behalf of the employees, and with a few well chosen remarks, presented Mr. White with a handsome gold-headed cane, suitably engraved and inscribed. Mr. White feelingly responded and said that while he appreciated the cane very much and would ever keep it as one of his most valued treasures, still the display of friendship manifested by those present was worth more to him than all else, as it showed that he had successfully carried out his intentions of treating his subordinates with impartiality—never using a cross word unless absolutely necessary, and giving each their just dues, regardless of religious or political affiliation, and that, after serving as their Postmaster for four years, to know that he had the good will of the employees, pleased him beyond expression. In concluding, Mr. White invited those present to his home Tuesday evening.

Jos. Kenny then took the floor and, with one of his characteristic speeches, presented A. L. Martin, the retiring Assistant Postmaster, with a beautiful gold locket, suitably inscribed. Mr. Martin responded by thanking each and every one for the uniform respect and assistance rendered him during the term of office, after which, with a hearty hand-shake all around, the meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening, when the employees again assembled at the Postoffice and, headed by the new Postmaster, William H. Friend, and Assistant Postmaster Martin, marched to the home of Mr. White, where a pleasant evening was spent listening to recitations, vocal and instrumental music, after which all repaired to the spacious dining-room, where refreshments and speeches were enjoyed. During the repast, Mr. Friend eulogized Mr. White by saying that he had known Mr. White for twenty years or more, and that he had never known a whiter man than he was, and that it gave him great pleasure to sit by a man who was white in deeds as well as in name. After praising Mr. White's successful administration as Postmaster, Mr. Friend proposed that every one rise and drink to the health of Mr. White and his very hospitable family, which was done with a hearty good will. Mr. White then responded by wishing his successor as much success as Mr. Friend and others claimed had been his good luck.

All then returned to the parlors, and after a few more songs and recitations, those present joined in singing "For He Is a Jolly Good Fellow," and dispersed to their homes.

ROYAL
The Absolutely Pure
Baking Powder
Made of Cream of Tartar.
Baking powders made from alum and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but they are inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE MORTON PARTY.

Miss Belle Morton of 2009 San Jose avenue, Alameda, entertained friends very pleasantly at her home last Friday evening. Music, games, and dancing helped to pass away the hours all too quickly. Among thase present were: Mrs. Nora Rowe, Mrs. A. Carson, Miss Nina Carson, Miss Mabel Carson, Miss Annie Herring, Miss May Larkin, Miss Ella Larkin, Miss Grace Hurley, Miss Edith Hurley, Herbert Poole, Frank Foley, Ernest Nielson, Roland Nielson, Edward Hurley, Harry Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Morton, Misses Alice and Rosie Morton.

MARRIED IN ALASKA.

Robert Kelsey Haskell and Jessie Jane Trowbridge were married at Sumdum, Alaska, July 13th. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. H. Beer of Juneau at the home of the bride's parents. Both the contracting parties are graduates of the University of California, class of '98. Their home will be at Sumdum, Alaska, where Mr. Haskell is employed by the Bald Eagle Mining Company.

A SOCIALIST PICNIC.

The Oakland and Berkeley Section of the Socialist Labor Party will hold a picnic in a beautiful grove, situated about one mile from Berryman Station, Berkeley. In the evening Miss Jane Roulsten, the party's candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, will lecture in Grand Army Hall, 419 Thirteenth street. Miss Anna Shunsky will read a selection and an excellent musical programme will be rendered.

A PICNIC PARTY.

Mrs. Forrester, Miss Mabel Forrester, Miss Harriet Corliss, Mrs. Anna Trescott, Miss Clarice Morris, Mrs. M. A. Boardman, Miss Clara Boardman, H. Gilly, Arthur Jenkins, and Guy Reynolds were members of a picnic party that drove from Oakland Thursday and spent the day in Niles. Most of the party returned to Oakland in the evening. Mrs. Boardman and Miss Corliss remained over for a day and returned on their wheels.

ENTERTAINED SOLDIERS.

A pleasant party of Southerners were gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Laymance, corner Twelfth and Alice streets, Thursday evening, in honor of Assistant Adjutant-General James Knox Polk, Leo Polk, Jas. K. Polk, Jr., and Y. C. Kendrick, all of the Tennessee regiment, now at Camp Merritt, San Francisco, Messrs. Polk's and Kendrick's home being in Nashville, Tenn.

It was indeed pleasant to all to renew old acquaintances as several of those present were until recently located in Nashville, that hospitable Southern city which has so lately given California Christian Endeavorers such an open welcome.

The Messrs. Polk possess both musical and vocal talent, being members of the Episcopal choir of their city. Those present felt themselves carried back to Dixie, while listening to the two gentlemen sing the old familiar Southern airs.

Mrs. Laymance was ably assisted in receiving by Mrs. G. F. Moss, formerly of Nashville.

Among those present were Assistant Adjutant-General James Knox Polk, Leonard Polk, James K. Polk, Jr., Y. C. Kenbrick, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Moss, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Davidson, Mrs. William Kidwell, Miss Alice Kidwell, Miss Grace Kidwell, all of Nashville, Tenn.; Mr. and Mrs. William Dunnington of Fairmont, Virginia; C. H. New of New York; Miss Mabel Paul, Mr. McBride of Oakland; Mrs. M. C. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs E. M. Laymance, M. J. Laymance, J. W. Laymance, William J. Laymance and E. E. Laymance, former Georgians.

A CLASS REUNION.

A reunion of the Oakland Kindergarten training class took place last Wednesday afternoon at the home of Miss Grace Banard, 533 Hobart street. A large number of graduates were present and the afternoon was very pleasantly passed. Songs were sung for the benefit of the members and later dainty refreshment were served.

Three ladies from Honolulu, Mrs. Frier, Mrs. A. Alexander, Miss D. Summers, gave some interesting reminiscences about that place and spoke about the missionary work that was being done.

The members present were: Miss E. Crawford, Miss Kellogg, Miss Boman of Sacramento, Miss D. Miller, Miss P. Miller, Miss N. Walten, Miss Youise, Miss A. Mincher, Miss H. Mincher, Miss S. Mincher, Miss Walner, Miss McRarland, Miss L. Mackay, Miss N. Frost, Miss Wilcox, Miss Howland, Miss M. Woodsum, Miss R. Avery, Miss R. Jacobus, Miss H. Kelley, Miss A. Bell, Mies C. Hawley, Miss Reed of Berkeley, Miss N. Carll, Miss S. Rasoling, Miss M. Williams, Miss M. Munroe, Mrs. H. Bell and Mr. W. A. Banard.

THE MYSTICS DANCE.

"The Mystics" gave their second midsummer dance at Masonic Hall Tuesday evening. It was a most successful affair, over 150 couples being in attendance. The programmes were artistic folios with the American flag design on the cover. Excellent music for dancing was furnished by Jagel's up-to-date orchestra. The affair was in charge of the following: Floor manager, J. A. Travis; assistant, Charles Kucks; floor directors, S. Klein, W. L. Seller, J. B. McCarthy; officers—President, W. L. Seller; vice-president, J. A. Travis; secretary, S. Klein; treasurer, J. B. McCarthy.

COMING DANCES.

A "Dewey Cotillion" will be given at Pythian Hall Tuesday evening, August 16th.

The Trampers will give a dance at Masonic Hall August 10th. Music will be furnished by a well known orchestra.

DAVEY-MENDELL.

The wedding of Miss Rose Davey and Edward Dale Mendell will take place Wednesday evening at St. Paul's Church and will be quite a social event.

THE REIMER PARTY.

Three weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. C. Reimer and a large party of friends made a pleasure trip to San Jose and vicinity. The day was very enjoyably passed, and Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. Reimer invited members of the party to a re-union at their home, 539 Twenty-third street.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Schwerin, Mr. and Mrs. C. Steinbech, Doctor and Mrs. Uth, H. Kracke, Mr. Schubert, W. Ring, Mr. C. Kayser, Miss H. J. Wilkens, Miss F. Kayler, Miss J. Schwerin, and Miss Lottie Schwerin.

THE SMITH PARTY.

Miss Ethel Doolittle of Fresno was tendered an informal evening at home by Miss Edna Smith at the latter's home on Twenty-second street and Telegraph avenue, Monday night. The evening was enjoyably spent with music. Miss Doolittle, who is an accomplished elocutionist and who intends to follow her profession in this city, gave several recitations during the evening.

Among those present were Misses Walters, K. O'Neil, Morse, Jeffries; Messrs. Fry, J. L. Smith, E. Moore, C. Prichard, and R. Smith.

GREIG-RITTLER

Tuesday evening, at Loring Hall, Miss Gretchen Rittler was united in marriage to Alex Greig in the presence of a large number of guests. The hall was decorated elaborately with palms, pink sweet peas, and white carnations. In the wedding bower of flowers was suspended a lovers' knot of La France roses tied with foliage. The bride was handsomely gowned in white satin. Miss Chrissie Greig was maid of honor and was prettily gowned in white Swiss over pink organdie. Miss Mary Rittler wore a gown of blue silk and her younger sister was attired in pink silk.

The groom's attendants were George Hopkinson, Charlie Beck, Jr., and John Rittler. After the ceremony, a sumptuous supper was served, which was followed by dancing that continued until a late hour.

Mr. and Mrs. Greig will spend their honeymoon at Santa Cruz and will later go to Vallejo where Mr. Greig is engaged in business.

BROICH-GORDON.

A pretty wedding took place in Berkeley Tuesday afternoon when Miss Minnie Cecilia Gordon became the bride of Arnold Broich. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin J. Gordon, 2220 Rose street. Edwin J. Lapham was best man. Miss Mabel J. Crandall of Sacramento was bridesmaid.

At the close of the brief though impressive service, performed by the Rev. E. Lyman Hood, the invited guests, consisting of relatives and intimate friends, repaired to the wedding breakfast. The presents, numerous and beautiful, testified to the love and esteem of many friends whose best wishes attend them. The groom is one of the popular salesmen in Taft & Pennoyer's.

THE PALMER DINNER.

Mrs. C. A. Palmer entertained a few friends Thursday evening with a dinner at the Metropole, Catalena Island, where she is spending the summer. The table was handsomely decorated with red roses and carnations. Covers were laid for nine, including Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Dorin, Mrs. Sutton, Mr. and Mrs. William Landers, Mrs. A. W. Cook; Misses Landers, Palmer, Bessie Palmer.

SAMUEL-HARRIS.

The engagement is announced of Miss Birdie Samuel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel of San Francisco to Maurice E. Harris of Oakland. A reception in honor of the betrothal will be held from 2 to 5 P. M. on Sunday, August 7th at No. 313 Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco.

HICKS-KENNEDY.

A quiet wedding took place Tuesday morning at St. Frances de Sales Church, in which J. Hicks and Miss Francis Kennedy were united in marriage.

The bride was attired in blue silk with silver trimmings.

After the wedding, breakfast was served at the house of the groom, 535 Twenty-fourth street. Only a few intiment friends were present. The Rev. Father McSweeney performed the ceremony.

The Weakness of a Woman.

A woman who has suffered eighteen years, who has been cured after a life of misery and lives again in the sunshine of happiness, speaks to other women in words of no uncertain meaning.

Just a woman's story.

Not strange because it happens every day, not romantic or thrilling, but just a story of misery and suffering such as only women know.

For eighteen years, Sara E. Bowen, of Peru, Indiana, carried a burden of pain. Night and day, without respite, she suffered the most dreadful experience that ever fell to the lot of woman.

That she did not die is almost beyond belief.

That she is well to-day is a miracle.

Mrs. Bowen's trouble requires no description beyond the symptom, which every woman will instantly recognize.

In describing them Mrs. Bowen says:

"For eighteen years I suffered with weakness peculiar to my sex.

"I was a broken down piece of humanity; a shadow of a woman.

"My brain was tortured until I could remember but little. I could not sleep or eat and was reduced in weight to a mere skeleton. What little I did eat could not be digested in my weakened state, and caused me untold misery.

"My skin was muddy, my eyes were heavy. I was dizzy all the time and totally unfit for even ordinary housework.

"Doctors prescribed for me without avail. Medicine was recommended and taken in quantity but it did no good.

"Time and time again I was at the brink of despair. Day by day my trouble grew worse, and dark indeed was the day before my deliverance.

"A friend of mine told me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and what they had accomplished for others in my condition.

"It was the first glimpse of the sun of happiness through the dark clouds of misery.

"I bought a box and took them. Even then I felt their effect. I bought more and continued to take them until I was well and strong.

"They liberated me from the most terrible bonds that ever tortured a woman. They brought me new life when death was welcome.

"I recommend them to my friends, and I do not hesitate to say to every suffering woman in the world that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure her."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a specific for all forms of weakness. The blood is vitalized and becomes pregnant with the elements of life. The nervous system is reorganized, all irregularities are corrected, strength returns and disease disappears. So remarkable have been the cures performed by these little pills that their fame has spread to the far ends of civilization. Wherever you go you will find the most important article in every drug store to be Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

A SOCIETY ENGAGEMENT.

The engagement is announced of Miss Alice Stephenson and Robert Lee Stevenson. Both are well known socially and are representatives of old Southern families, and though bearing the same name are not akin. Mr. Stephenson is connected with the Valley Railroad.

The engagement was formally announced at a luncheon given in honor of Miss Stephenson by her aunt, Mrs. C. C. Clay, at the latter's home, Lovel Lea, in Fruitvale. The decorations were all in yellow.

Among Mrs. Clay's invited guests were Miss Bernice Drown, Miss McCorkle, the Misses Glide of Sacramento, Misses Daisy Jesse, Angie Fishburn, Lucy and Alice Moffit, Laura and Mona Crellin, Louise Simmons, Emma Mahoney, Margaret Knight, Florence and Coralie Selby, Emma Wellman, Mary Barker, Ethel Kittridge, Lillian Strong, Ethel Kellogg, Jane Rawlings, Mary Meux, Mrs. Robert Knight, Mrs. Howard Bray, and Miss Stephenson's cousins, Anna Clay, Saidie and Margaret Sinclair and Nina Clay.

A CAMPING PARTY.

A number of Haywards and Oakland residents are camping at Mill Valley and have named their temporary home, "Kuu Lei Aloha," the Hawaiian words for "wreath of love."

The party includes the following: Mrs. E. Garretson, Mrs. G. W. Lyons, Mrs. F. W. Frost, Miss Clara Walpert, Miss Lillie Walpert, Miss Alice Garretson, Miss Ella Garretson, Miss Grace Darling, Miss Nellie Ramage, Miss Sabine Dent, Miss Ada Pimental, Rev. G. W. Lyons, Mrs. Charles Bellina, Mr. Louis Pimental, Mr. A. Morgan, Mr. Thomas White, Mr. Bonnie Lemon, Mr. William Garretson,, Mr. George Lyons.

Among the visitors to the camp have been Miss Kinsey of Oakland, Miss Georgia Hickmott, of San Anselmo, Miss Annie Gray of Hayward, Mr. Frank Frost of Alameda, Mr. John Garretson, Rev. L. J. Garner and Mr. Charley Pimental of Hayward.

PRATT-BUCKLEY.

The engagement is announced of Miss Emma L. Pratt and Frank E. Buckley. The wedding will take place August 10th.

KICK-MARKLEY.

The wedding of John F. Kick and Miss Alice B. Markley took place at the home of the bride's parents, 1215 Linden street, on the 20th instant. The Rev. H. D. Brasefield officiated. A. E. Markley, the bride's brother, acted as best man, and Miss Annie Beaton as bridesmaid. Those present at the ceremony were Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Markley, Mr. and Mrs. G. Rau, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Carrie, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Boell, Mrs. M. Smith, Miss Annie Beaton, Miss Alma Gooch, Miss Annetta Black, Miss Emelie Renz, Miss Emma Tarr, A. E. Markley, Charles Black, N. Tarr and E. C. Andrews.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement is announced of Miss E. Clausius of Southern California and C. W. Killion of Berkeley. The wedding will take place shortly. Mr. Killion is a graduate of the Moody Institute of Chicago and has been a member of the West Berkeley Methodist church for a number of years. After the honeymoon the happy couple will reside in Berkeley.

WHIST CLUB PARTY.

The Jolly Eight Whist and Euchre Club met Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vose. Among the members present were Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Arlett. Miss Jess Kleupfer, M. L. Arlett, and Miss Alice Hathaway of Oakland.

ROBB-YOUNG.

The marriage of Roy J. Young and Miss May Robb was solemnized Tuesday night at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Spaulding, 2233 Ellsworth street, Berkeley. Only a few guests were present, principally relatives of the bride and groom from Sacramento and Oakland. The chief characteristic of the ceremony was its extreme simplicity. The rooms were prettily decorated with hangings of green bamboo and foliage with occasional glimpses of geraniums.

Professor Charles Sumner Nash of the Pacific Theological Seminary performed the ceremony uniting the young couple.

The bride wore a dainty white gown and carried a bouquet of white sweet pea blossoms. There were no attendants. After the ceremony the wedding supper was served and later the young couple left on a wedding trip. They will sojourn a few days in San Francisco, after which they will spend a month with friends and relatives in Southern California. About the first of September they will return to their future home in Merced, Mr. Young having been elected to the position of science instructor in the High school of that city.

The bride has been for a number of years past a resident of Berkeley. After graduating from the Berkeley High school she entered the State University. She graduated with her class last spring, having creditably completed a course in the College of Social Sciences.

The groom, Roy J. Young, lived in Southern California previous to the period of his residence at the University. He graduated with high honors in 1894 from the Los Angeles State Normal school, representing his class at that time as commencement speaker. For two years thereafter he was principal of the Westminster Grammar school in Orange county, resigning that position to pursue special studies at the State University. He completed the pedgogical course in that institution last spring, and was soon afterward called to take charge of the science department of the Merced High school.

A CHRISTENING PARTY.

A remarkable christening took place at the residence of the late Captain James Johnson on Claremont avenue, North Oakland, Friday evening. The event was the baptism of Catherine Helene Woolsey, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. F. R. Woolsey, James McCloud Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Johnson, Gordon Alpheus Wight, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Wight, and Mrs. F. C. Johnson.

The babies are the grandchildren of the late Captain Johnson, and the event was postponed, pending the captain's recovery. It was opportune that the christening should occur at this time, as the relatives were all drawn together.

The services, which took place at 7 o'clock in the evening, were conducted by the Rev. James Curry of the Presbyterian church of Temescal. Among those present were: Mrs. James Johnson, Mrs. J. B. Woolsey, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Wight, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Woolsey, Mr. and Mrs. James Curry, Misses Ida Curry, Elle Reeve, Edith Slack, Selma Johnson, Julia Johnson, Dagma Johnson, —— Johnson, Camila Lorentzen, Mr. and Mrs. A. Guininger, Mrs. James Johnson, Jr., Audubon Woolsey, William Johnson.

JONES-OWENS.

The wedding of Captain J. T. Jones and Miss Alice Owens took place at noon on Tuesday at the home of the bride's mother, 3833 Twenty-first street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. H. Hobart. Captain and Mrs. Jones have gone to Lake Tahoe on a bridal tour.

LAVER-KEEN.

Another of Oakland's belles has been woed and won. So stealthily has Cupid planned his little game that the most alert have been kept in ignorance. Not only is the engagement of Miss Etta Laver to Attorney Camden Keen of Bakersfield ripe for publication, but the wedding day is chosen and fixed for August 10th at Bakersfield.

Miss Laver is not unknown in the cultured circles of this city. In December, 1893, at the head of her class, she graduated from the Oakland High School. Miss Laver left the institution with a rare record for popularity.

Three years ago Miss Laver secured a position as instructor in the Bakersfield High School, and there has remained since that time. It was while in that city that she met Mr. Keen.

The prospective bridegroom is a wealthy young lawyer of Bakersfield. He has extensive mining interests, as well as a bright outlook at the bar.

After the marriage the couple will make their residence in this city, where Attorney Keen will enter into partnership with Attorney H. B. Griffith. The young men will have offices in the Blake & Moffatt building, at Attorney Griffith's present appointments.

It is not unlikely that the near future will find the new partners launching out in the legal realms of San Francisco, with offices in that city.

LANGEL-GEERTY.

A quiet wedding was solemnized in Berkeley last Saturday, when Miss Magadaline Langel and Herman Geertz were married by the Rev. F. H. Robinson at the residence of the pastor. Mr. and Mrs. Geertz will reside in Golden Gate. Mrs. Geertz is a sister of Mrs. Struher and Mrs. Ehert of West Berkeley.

A FRUITVALE PARTY.

Mrs. John Brey and Mrs. Cohen gave a party at their home in Fruitvale on Monday evening. The grounds were illuminated with Japanese lanterns and the porches were canvessed for dancing. Music was furnished by the Eighth Infantry band from Camp Barrett. Among the army officers present

(Continued on page 7.)

TOMORROW'S SPORT ON THE DIAMOND.

Splendid Exhibition Promised by the Several Clubs.

The game of baseball between the Alameda Alerts and the Eighth Regiment team at Elmhurst tomorrow will no doubt be as interesting a contest as has ever taken place on that ground.

The work of the Alerts in their game with the Benicia team last Sunday, when the boys from across the estuary won by a score of 14 to 3, shows they are playing in fine form. The soldiers, smarting over their defeat by the Owls, have promised to redeem themselves in this game, and they will play as they never played before.

Manager Sewell has all the best men who played in their first game, as well as two or three new ones. Foster played in hard luck in his last game but will be on his mettle tomorrow, as will Winters. Pedigo, the crack second baseman and coach, will be there with his voice, while "Stonewall Hayseed" Wilson will hold down first. With this infield, in addition to Cavo in the box, it will be hard for the little fellows to get anything through the lines.

Manager Boyd of the Alerts has signed Rollins, the crack first baseman of the Piedmont Parlors, and he will make his first appearance with this team tomorrow. A glance at the line-up will show the kind of men he has with him and if this game is not a red-hot one it will be very strange.

Below is the line-up:

Eighth Regt.	Positions.	Alerts.
Clark	catcher	G. Schroeder
Cavo	pitcher	Wickman
Wilson	1st base	Rollins
Pedigo	2d base	Simpson
Foster	3d base	Parlser
Hurt	center field	L. Schroeder
Sewell	left field	Shea
Perigo	right field	Hammond

Godman, Lavele, substitutes.

The crack Grand Icule Bazaars are scheduled to cross bats with the boys at Watsonville tomorrow. This latter team has met and defeated some of the best amateur clubs on the coast, including the Olympic Wheelmen and San Francisco Road Club. The game promises to be a hot one.

SOCIETY NEWS.

(Continued from page 6.)

from Camp Barrett were: Colonel Henshaw, Lieutenant Colonel Carrington, and Lieutenant Heller.

Others present were: Mr. and Mrs. Hinkley, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Bray, Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith, Mrs. Rosborough, Mrs. Hick, Miss Thorson, Miss Ada English, Miss Reddings, Miss Clark, Miss Allender, Miss Langling, Miss Roberts, George Wheaton, Alf Clement, Charles Percells, Ed Bray, Joe Rosborough and many others.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS.

Several young people are considering the advisability of presenting the Japanese opera "The Geisha" for some charity. Those who will participate include Misses Irene Baker, Jean Howard, Mary Barker, Florence Shiron, Pauline Fore, Margaret Knight. And among the young men one might mention Robert Newell, Joe Rosborough, Ben Bakewell, Will Olney, and Will Schmidt.

AN AFTERNOON TEA.

City of Oaks, Division No. 7, L. A. to O. R. C., gave the first of a series of afternoon teas at the residence of Mrs. Burns, 1774 Tenth street, Tuesday last. Quite a number of the members and their friends were present, and all passed a very pleasant afternoon, as Mrs. Burns proved herself an admirable hostess. Miss Rodgers, who has a fine contralto voice, gave several numbers, much to the delight of all.

CLARK-REED.

Wellyn B. Clark, formerly of Palo Alto, and Miss Kate C. Reed were married at the home of the bride's parents in Benicia, Thursday, July 21st. Mr. Clark took his Master's degree at Stanford in 1895 and was for some time an instructor at Manzanita Hall. He is at present vice principal of the Cogswell Polytechnical School, San Francisco. Mr. and Mrs. Clark will reside in Berkeley.

A PATRIOTIC SOCIAL.

Oakland Council No. 3, Daughters of Liberty, will give a patriotic dance at Loring Hall Tuesday evening, August 9th. The feature of the evening will be a drill by soldiers from Camp Barrett, under command of Captain Lyons, Captain Cahill, Captain Wenke, Captain Barnes, Lieutenant Estepp, Lieutenant Miller and others. An Oakland girl will pose as the Goddess of Liberty. All members of the order will be in costume.

THE GRIFFITH DINNER.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Griffith of 537 Twenty-second street, gave a pleasant dinner party to a few old friends last Sunday evening. It was the occasion of the partial reunion of the boys of '71, U. C. The dining room was very prettily decorated with flags. The table, decidedly unique, had a cut-glass vase holding a maiden-hair fern in a low dish filled with moss and blue flowers, the national colors. Covers were laid for six, including Cadet Lieutenant Company I from Camp Barrett, Lieutenant Miller, R. French, Mr. Lang, and S. M. Olfen. The menu was elaborate, and the dinner was one of the successful affairs of the week.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

General Carlos Ezeta and family are spending the summer at Del Monte.

Attorney W. F. Aram and wife are staying in Alameda for a few weeks at the home of Mrs. Chittenden on Clinton avenue. He has some quartz mines in the mountains east of Madera, where he has been for a year.

Mrs. Bruntsch and her daughter, Miss Marguerita, have returned from a visit to Blue Lakes, Lake county.

Miss Mazie Crowley of San Rafael who had been the guest of Miss Dora Schofield of Alameda for three weeks, departed yesterday for San Francisco, where her family are staying at a hotel for the summer.

Leslie Bates returned this morning from La Honda, San Mateo county, where he has been visiting his family for a week.

Mrs. Woods, Misses Wood and Parsons are occupying a cottage at Inverness.

Mrs. Thomas H. Welch and daughter are spending a few weeks in Santa Cruz.

Miss Emma and John Warren have been visiting the family of C. P. Hoag at Inverness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitworth, with their son George, are sojourning at Independence Lake.

Weston and Clarence Clark have returned from Inverness, where they spent a delightful vacation.

Professor D. F. Macdonald left this morning for Portland, Oregon.

Professor M. C. James has returned from his vacation which was spent in Kentucky.

Mr. William Hathaway and family, accompanied by Miss Louise Tuttle, are camping on the shores of Catalina.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hillard are expected to return to Berkeley some time within the next few days.

Dr. Robert Ramage of North Berkeley is spending a few days with his parents at Danville.

Miss Helen Ballard and mother have returned from Chico. Miss Ballard is a teacher in the Normal School.

Mrs. W. Fleming and her son who have been spending a few weeks in Marine county, have returned home.

Miss Theresa V. Stoer and Miss Emma R. Stoer have returned from Del Monte where they have spent their summer vacation. They will be better able to resume their studies in the University, after such a pleasant sojourn; Miss Emma Stoer no doubt will do some brilliant playing this coming season in the U. C. basket ball team as she is one of the members.

Miss Ethyl White, who has been spending the past six weeks at Los Angeles, San Diego, and Catalina, returned last night to her home in Oakland.

B. C. Austin has returned from his Eastern trip.

Mrs. D. W. Martin is sojourning at Congress Springs.

Mrs. Waldo Parkhurst left the first part of the week for Ben Lomond.

Miss Olivia B. Samson left last week to visit friends in Portland, Oregon.

Mrs. J. S. Babson of Alameda has returned from a visit to Dutch Flat.

Rev. George R. Dodson, pastor of the First Unitarian Church of Alameda, was sojourning at Munich on the 11th of this month.

Mrs. M. Schneider and daughter of Alameda are expected home next week from a tour of Europe.

Mrs. L. Schell and son Edward and Miss Lolile Morgan of Fresno are visiting in Alameda. Edward Schell has enlisted in the Sixth Regiment, with headquarters at Benecia.

Mrs. E. B. Dunning left last night for a visit to Shasta Retreat.

Rev. E. E. Clark of the Fruitvale Presbyterian Church has returned from a two weeks vacation in the country.

Miss Adams, daughter of Deputy County Clerk Adams, has returned from a month's visit at Glen Ellen.

Mrs. James Bartlett of Louisville, formerly Miss Clare Ralston of this city, accompanied by her baby daughter, Elizabeth, is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. J. Ralston.

Alex Rosborough and party after many thrilling adventures have arrived in Dawson. Among the Oaklanders those who are doing well, with specially fine properties, are Milton Latham, Avery Whitney, and Laurie Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Benjamin have changed their residence this week and will be at home hereafter at 1316 Madison street. Mrs. Benjamin has sent out notices that the French section, Ebell, will hold its first meeting after the vacation holidays on the first Friday in August.

Mrs. T. C. Coogan and family have returned to town after an extremely pleasant summer stay at Angwins.

Mrs. William Henshaw has returned from St. Helena, and the family have taken up their residence in their new home on Jackson street.

Mrs. J. P. McCabe and family are spending a few weeks at Santa Cruz.

Roy McCabe has returned to town after an extensive trip in the Sierras.

Mr. Philip and his friend, Sam Bell Wakefield, have returned from their camping trip at Lake Tahoe.

Miss Sadie Sinclair has returned from an extremely pleasant visit to the family of Mrs. Remin Chabot. They are also entertaining Miss Jean Howard of Vernon Heights.

Miss Marietta Havens will be the guest this week of Miss Ethel Pomroy, who has been spending the summer at Belvedere.

Charles F. Summers left today to spend a week in Santa Cruz.

Mrs. Gould has been spending a few days with her old friend, Mrs. H. K. Huls, of Snelling.

Miss Effie Black is visiting friends at Marysville.

J. Monteith is the guest of James O'Brien at Smartsville.

Miss Annie White of Marysville is visiting in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Faussing of this city are guests of Mrs. M. R. Merritt of Salinas.

W. W. Foote was a recent visitor to Mariposa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kick are registered at Salinas hotel.

M. Beaun is spending a few daws at Modesto.

Miss Mae Cohen, who has been visiting M. A. Marcuse and family of Marysville, has returned home.

W. H. Dowd has been called to Woodland on business.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Emery and family are spending a few days at Biggs.

Mrs. M. M. Silva and son Charles of Newcastle are visiting friends in this city.

Miss Hanford and Robetr Hanford, who have been spending the past three weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Walter St. John of Tacoma, are now visiting at Chehalis and will return home shortly.

Mrs. E. J. Cox and daughter, who have been spending a month at Newcastle, have returned home.

Mrs. A. S. Hart and children, Edgar and Marion, have returned from Auburn and are now living in this city.

The Girls' Dancing Club will give its first grand ball at Chapman Hall, next Monday evening.

The Moon Social Club will give its opening social at Chapman Hall this evening.

Miss May Bowie is visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Ramsey, of Gonzales.

Miss Jeanette Dozier has returned from a visit to Mrs. M. W. Anderson at Santa Rosa.

Mrs. H. R. Farnum and daughter are stopping at Pacific Grove for a fortnight.

Miss Hayes has gone to Pacific Grove as the guest of her son, Harry Kent.

George Pomeroy is spending a few days at Pacific Grove.

D. A. Knight spent the early part of the week at San Andreas.

M. F. McDonald is spending a few days in San Andreas.

George Cunard of Rocklin is visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. W. G. Hawes and son of Rocklin are visiting in this city.

Mrs. Crawford and Miss Kate Bassett are the guests of Mrs. H. C. Deakin of Vacaville.

Miss Kate O'Neal has been spending a few days in San Jose as the guest of Mrs. Carrie Stevens Walter.

Miss Mary Metcalf is visiting her sister, Mrs. Julia Kane, of Placerville.

Henry Baumbach is spending a few weeks in Placerville, where he was called by the serious illness and later death of his uncle, Albert Schulze.

John J. Shoo of this city is now in Portland purchasing supplies for an Alaskan company.

John Walsh has returned from a business trip to Marysville.

James Evans and daughter of Nevada City have been spending a few days in this city.

Mrs. Blumenthal is the guest of P. Farry and family of Santa Clara.

Miss Alderman has returned from a visit with Mrs. A. H. Boulton of Marysville.

Miss Lizzie White and Mrs. G. W. Durst of Grass Valley are visiting Oakland friends.

Mrs. C. E. Haven of Santa Rosa is in town in order to be near her husband, Captain Haven.

Miss Mina Cook is visiting Mrs. Nancy Bills of Oroville.

Misses Edna and Maude Crouch of Chico are in this city for the winter.

Standley Smith of Downieville is in this city.

C. Reede and family are visiting relatives at Petaluma.

Henry Carter paid a short visit to Sonoma recently.

Mrs. Pimentel and daughter June of Sonoma are in Oakland.

Wm. Rodgers of Auburn is in the city.

Miss Cora Bones of this city is visiting Mrs. J. C. F. McGriff of Auburn.

W. F. Blood and son of Auburn are in this city.

Miss Ethel Mulloy of Nevada City entertained a party of her friends Monday evening in honor of Miss Lucia Oliver of Oakland. Dancing, cards and refreshments made the evening pass very pleasantly.

Andrew Cluff is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Wilber Keeney, of Lodi.

Miss Verbeck of Tokio, Japan, was the recent guest of Rev. and Mrs. J. Valentine Law. Miss Verbeck formerly attended Mills College.

C. A. Coolidge, First Lieutenant of Company M, Second Regiment, U. S. V., will leave for Honolulu next week in company with his wife. Mr. Coolidge was born and reared in this city.

Rev. V. Marshall Law and Mr. Scott have returned from a fortnight's outing in Mendocino county. Mrs. Rynders, Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Law gave them quite a surprise by meeting them at Healdsburg on Friday, and coming down with them on Saturday.

Mrs. Mathews has returned from her protracted stay in the vicinity of San Jose.

Mrs. W. S. Goodfellow and daughters have returned from a month's stay at Catalina. Mr. Goodfellow and the sons will return by his yacht "La Paloma," later on.

Mrs. J. Walter Scott and her mother, Mrs. Rynders, have returned from their Mill Valley trip.

Richard Burr spent last Sunday at Pacific Grove.

Mrs. Frank Harrold and family and Master Herbert Read returned from their "camp" on Friday last.

Mrs. A. L. White, Miss Florence and Master Thornton have returned from a month's sojourn in the South.

Mrs. C. H. Wilkins and children have returned from Church Springs. Mrs. Wilkins has been greatly benefited in health.

Miss Maria Ellis has returned from a month's visit at Pacific Grove.

Mrs. Josephine Burg, who has been spending some months in Boston, her old home, returned recently.

Mrs. H. I. Jones has returned from Belvedere.

Mrs. Eva Wren and daughter Vera have returned from a three weeks' visit to Capitola.

Rev. C. H. Hobart, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has returned from Twin Lakes, where he has been spending the past months.

IDAHO HAS A GHASTLY TRAGEDY.

Pistol Shots Precede the Cremation of a Man and Woman.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

KENDRICK, Idaho, July 29.—One of the most shocking and mysterious tragedies ever committed in the Potlatch country took place today at a building known as "The Brewery," about one and one-half miles east of Kendrick, resulting in the burning of the building and the remains, charred almost beyond recognition, of Mrs. E. E. Maraseck, wife of the proprietor of the Kendrick Market, and Nicholas Gehlen, the owner of the building.

The building was first discovered on fire at 8 o'clock this morning by six farmers who were driving to town, but who made no effort to save the structure, believing that there was no one inside and fearing that perhaps there was giant powder about. While the men were watching the building burn two shots were heard, which it is now believed were the ones that caused the death of the occupants. Whether there was a fight between them over business affairs that they were interested in, resulting in the murder, has been covered up by the fire, which burned the forms so that it is impossible to tell.

That the fire was premeditated is shown from the fact that it was started in the west end of the building, while the living rooms were in the east end. Only about fifteen minutes before the fire Gehlen was seen at the door.

The body of Mrs. Maraseck when discovered had the head and lower limbs burned entirely off, and Gehlen's was about in the same condition.

IRON AND STEEL TRADE BOOMING.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Iron and Steel today says: Whatever may be the foreign trade in American iron and steel—and that question is now a most vital one—there can be no uncertainty about the domestic consumption. Within the past week conditions among some of the sellers, who weeks or months ago booked many orders for future delivery, have been growing more serious. The buyers wanted the material they had bargained for; they in many instances wanted it in even larger quantities than they had arranged to receive it, and when in reply to their specifications they were favored with explanations, excuses and promises, but no shipments, their business became more or less deranged. It is remarkable that quite a number of the large consumers of iron and steel are now running their works day and night. Their surplus product has been cleaned out, their stocks are bare, and although the season is ordinarily ended at this time, they are making strenuous efforts to fill an urgent demand that lingers.

ELDERLY MAN TURNS INSANE.

M.L. Enos of San Leandro brought his father—Mr. Enos, 70 years of age—to the Receiving Hospital to be examined for insanity. The younger man states that his father has been weak-minded for many years, but that about a week ago he had a fall which the doctor said had broken a blood vessel in his brain. He now wanders aimlessly everywhere and will walk out of a window if not prevented.

CHICAGO TO HAVE A MAMMOTH BUILDING.

Plans For the Erection of a Colossal Amusement Hall.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The arrangements have been perfected by a number of capitalists for the construction of a colossal amusement and convention hall in this city rivaling the recently destroyed Coliseum in size and capacity. The building will be constructed on the vacant territory formerly occupied by the Chicago baseball grounds on the West Side. May 1st next is the date set for the completion of the mammoth structure.

According to the plans in the hands of the architect, the building will be 600 feet long and 340 feet in width. The area of the inside arena will be 413 by 260 feet. This portion will be entirely free of pillars or obstructions to the view. The seating capacity will be 20,000. For convention purposes the area can be covered with seats, making the total seating capacity of the planned structure 27,000. The height of the building will be 500 feet, and the roof will be arranged so as to permit a large roof garden.

The main material to be used in the construction will be iron and steel. The exterior architecture will be Gothic, with turrets, towers and wood carvings.

FITZSIMMONS DECLARES HIMSELF.

Is Willing to Fight Jeffries and McCoy But Bars Corbett.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Fitzsimmons says he is prepared to arrange a fight with Jim Jeffries, and will also sign articles to meet Kid McCoy if the latter should be successful in his coming contest with Jim Corbett.

"I think," said Fitzsimmons, "that Jeffries is the one man entitled to meet me. He has never been defeated by me, and as he is an aspirant for the heavyweight championship, I will give him a chance at that title, if he so desires. My offer to fight Kid McCoy at middleweight limit still holds good if the Kid beats Corbett.

"Corbett will be no more entitled to meet me if he defeats McCoy than he is at the present day. When he was champion he was dictator. Now I am on top, and unless he defeats Maher or Sharkey I shall never agree to fight him. I am champion of the world, and will fight any middleweight or heavyweight who is a legitimate aspirant for championship honors, provided he has not been defeated by me."

Fitzsimmons is in fine physical condition, and looks fit to go into the ring at short notice.

Dr. Moore Not Licensed.

Secretary Snow of the Board of Health has been making inquiries in regard to the standing of De Witt Clinton Moore, M. D., who sent a threatening letter to Dr. J. P. Dunn the other day demanding a check for $100 to avoid being sued for $10,000. A letter from Dr. Wadsworth, secretary of the State Board of Examiners, states that Dr. Moore is not licensed by that Board.

Exceptional Document.

An old Hillebrand deed has been filed in the County Recorder's office which does not require the affixing of a war revenue stamp, since it had one of the civil war issue on it already. The stamp was for 50 cents, and was canceled by Henry Hillebrand on July 9, 1869.

A Cool Thing

Can always be had at Lehnhardt's cosy ice cream parlors. Ice cream, ice cream soda and French candies made from the purest materials. Order your ice cream for the Sunday dinner or parties; delivered in bricks or freezers to any part of the city. Tel. main 497. 1159 Broadway, near Fourteenth street.

E. C. Lyon Says War

On prices in furniture, matting, stoves, etc., new and second hand. People who buy from him capture bargains. Folding beds, beauties, $11. Bedroom sets, $10. Everything at war prices. Five thousand note books to give away. Get one. Finest express wagon in Oakland. Goods rented for parties. Telephone red 1,934. 412 Eleventh st., bet. Edwy and Franklin.

Order your coal from Davie & Williams, Thirteenth and Webster streets; telephone main 54.

Telephone 852 Blue.
Chairs, tables and dishes for rent or sale at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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CHINESE TEA and HERB SANITARIUM
Describes all kinds o Diseases by feeling of the pulse.
Recently from the Pekin China Medical College.
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CONSULTATION FREE.

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THE OAKLAND RESTAURANT
Caters to Lovers of Home Cooking and makes a specialty of a Business Man's Lunch.
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Have you Tried
our new vein Coal?
Tesla X $7.50 per ton Delivered.
EQUALS THE BEST
AN IDEAL HOUSE COAL!
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$6.50 Tesla
IS BETTER THAN EVER.
All Mined in Alameda County
TESLA COAL CO.
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Telephone Main 79.

Goodyear Welt Shoes
Are better than hand-sewed shoes but cost less. Men, women and children wear them. All kinds are made.
The following named merchants are among those who sell Goodyear welt shoes.
MCMAHON SMITH SHOE CO., 1251 Washington Street
E. STERMAN & CO., 1003 Broadway
GEO. SAMUELS, 1014 Washington St.
JOS. COURT, 1167 Peralta St.
J. L. CHAMPLIN & CO., 1153 Broadway

ADVERTISEMENTS

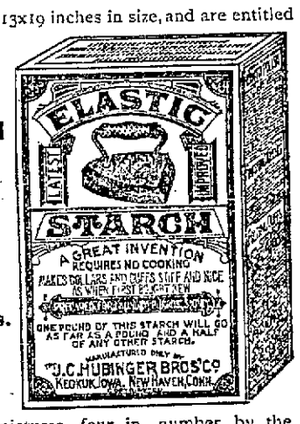
A Beautiful Present

In order to further introduce ELASTIC STARCH (Flat Iron Brand), the manufacturers, J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., of Keokuk, Iowa, have decided to GIVE AWAY a beautiful present with each package of starch sold. These presents are in the form of

Beautiful Pastel Pictures

They are 13x19 inches in size, and are entitled as follows:

Lilacs and Pansies.
Pansies and Marguerites.
Wild American Poppies.
Lilacs and Iris.



These rare pictures, four in number, by the renowned pastel artist, R. LeRoy, of New York, have been chosen from the very choicest subjects in his studio and are now offered for the first time to the public.

The pictures are accurately reproduced in all the colors used in the originals, and are pronounced by competent critics, works of art.

Pastel pictures are the correct thing for the home, nothing surpassing them in beauty, richness of color and artistic merit.

One of these pictures will be given away with each package of ELASTIC STARCH purchased of your grocer. It is the best laundry starch on the market, and is sold for 10 cents a package. Ask your grocer for this starch and get a beautiful picture.

All Grocers Keep Elastic Starch. Accept No Substitute.

Is it not surprising that a remedy that has been the Physician's Trump Card for a century—his ace of trumps!—should now, for the first time, be so prepared as to make it possible to offer it to the public in a form available for immediate use, and capable of being preserved without loss of virtues for a decade?—or until the occasion arises? Such a surprise exists in Ripans Tabules.

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (150 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

TEETH
Filled with Gold for.....75c up
" " Silver for....25c up
Bridge Work, per tooth, $4 up
Gold Crowns, 22 K.....$4 up
Plates for.....$5 up
Cleaning Teeth.....50c up
Extracting.....50c up
All Work Guaranteed.

I make a flexible dental plate, which is but little known by the public, and less known by other dentists. It has an advantage over other rubber plates, being lighter and thinner. It will pay you to examine this process. *Consultation Free.*
Open Saturday evenings until 9. Sundays 9 to 12.
H. W. FRENCH, D. D. S.
1116 WASHINGTON ST., bet. 12th and 13th, OAKLAND
TELEPHONE BLACK 3377.

POORMAN
Repairs Stoves, Garden Hose, Pumps, and also does a general Plumbing business. See him before having your work done.
Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts

TEETH
Gold Fillings 50c, upwards; Crowns, $2.50 upwards
Bridge Work $3.50 per Tooth, up.
Silver Fillings 25c, up. Plates $2.50 up.
OAKLAND DENTAL PARLORS,
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COAL!
For Honest Dealings in Wood and Coal go to
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IF YOU WISH
To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from
L. C. BEEM,
New City Market,
S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.
TELEPHONE RED.

JUDGE HENSHAW BEING BOOMED FOR SENATOR.

The Gubernatorial and Other State Contests All Sifting Down—McLaughlin and Rea—Political Gossip.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The settling of the dates for the two State conventions has had a marked effect upon the political situation. The tightening of lines is perceptible, the anxiety of the candidates and their lieutenants is shown by the hurrying and scurrying that is going on in the various camps and everyone in general is beginning to get a settled opinion as to who will secure the places on the rival tickets.

As far as the Democrats are concerned there is absolutely no question as to what they will do at Sacramento next month on the Gubernatorial issue. Maguire will be their man and he will be nominated by acclamation for those who earlier in the fight were inclined to place barriers in his way have become convinced that he can sweep everything before him anyhow so on the theory of "get in with the winner" they are lining up under the Congressman's banner and he will go into convention with practically a solid vote.

The Republican situation is somewhat more complicated, though it too is straightening out very considerably. There are but five candidates at present before the public out of the long list of aspirants that developed during the campaign and of these at least two can be practically dismissed from consideration. The quintette consists of Flint, Gage, Davis, Brown, and Pardee, and you can do your own guessing as to which are the three who might as well be retired. As far as each of them individually is concerned the most absolute confidence as to the result appears to exist and it would probably be impossible to convince any one of them by argument that his chances had completely gone.

Take Tom Flint for instance. He has had so many political leaders throughout the State tell him that he will be the second choice of their delegations that he is able to sit down and with a sheet of paper and a piece of lead pencil prove to you conclusively that he cannot lose. Then there is Henry Gage. He will tell you how promises of support have come to him from north, south, east, and west and how he will have such solid backing from the leading political elements of the State that there is no way to boat him out of the nomination. Next take Davis and Pardee. It is only a question of which camp you are in as to whether or not you hear that Davis will be elected and Pardee defeated or vice versa. Although they realize that each is cutting the other's throat, there is no immediate prospect of an agreement and unification under one flag and the way things are going now they will keep up the war until each is killed off. Last but by no means the least is Lou Brown. He has been making a hurricane fight throughout the State and the effects of it are discernable in the strong support he is receiving from the interior papers. He is confident enough anyhow, and like Flint, Gage, Pardee, and Davis does not see how he can possibly lose.

* * *

While it is true that the politicians have both eyes fixed steadily nowadays on the State ticket they find time every now and then to take a glance at the Senatorial situation and see how that is going. In this connection too I desire to mention the fact that three weeks ago I announced in this correspondence that Judge Henshaw would probably be a candidate for United States Senator. Nearly everyone was inclined to discredit the statement at the time but of late they have been compelled to admit that there is something in it, for the story has passed the rumor stage and is now being quoted as a settled fact.

One thing can be put down as certain and that is that Judge Henshaw is acceptable to the political leaders. The ease with which he carried off the Supreme Court nomination four years ago despite the fact that his name was not originally in the programme mapped out by those who were in control of the convention, convinced everyone as to his strength and fighting abilities and there is no question that the formal announcement of his candidacy would be received with general satisfaction throughout the State.

There are two good reasons for this—one, Judge Henshaw's personal popularity and the other his ability. There is no occasion to discuss the former trait because although they say that every man prominent in public life must have made lots of enemies in getting there, Judge Henshaw seems to be the exception to the rule. His popularity too is of a very broad denomination for it is by no means confined to party lines and it is safe to say that as the Democrats realize they must accept a Republican Senator this year they would rather have Judge Henshaw in the place than any other candidate now before the public.

As for his ability that is also beyond question. The rapidity with which he stepped from the magistracy of the Police Court in Oakland to the Superior Court and then from there to the Supreme Bench and his record since he has held the last-named high judicial office shows that he is a man far out of the ordinary, and that he possesses the varied requirements of a good United States Senator.

There is, however, one stumbling block in the way and on it depends entirely whether or not Judge Henshaw will be in the fight. Section 18 of the State Constitution provides thata "The Justices of the Supreme Court and Judges of the Superior Courts shall be ineligible to any other office or public employment during the term for which they shall have been elected."

How to get around this provision is the question that is now being considered. Some say that it could be avoided by Judge Henshaw's resignation but others contend that the governing clause of "during the term for which they shall have been elected" would be a preventive as there are six years of his term yet to run. To this again can be raised the point that having put in his resignation Judge Henshaw would no longer be a Justice of the Supreme Court and hence the provision could not apply to him.

Then again it is argued that as the clause in question only relates to State matters it could not affect his position in the United States Senate which being a Federal body is exempt from State regulations. In any event it is plain that he could not be removed on the grounds of non-eligibility after he had once taken his seat in the Senate for no State laws or constitutions could be pleaded there. Altogether the question is a pretty one, though involved as it is, there is no doubt that there will be found a good way to get around it satisfactorily in the event that Judge Henshaw decides to go ahead on the proposition.

* * *

There is one man in the State who would doubtless be well pleased to see Judge Henshaw exchange his seat on the Supreme Bench for one in the United States Senate and that is Governor Budd. In the first place the two men are warm personal friends as was shown by the fact that Democrat though he is, Governor Budd out of all his friends selected Judge Henshaw a leading Republican, to administer to him his oath of office at the time of the inauguration, four years ago. They were cronies at college, and although in business life they did not have many opportunities to rub elbows, the friendship was always thoroughly maintained and continues as firm as ever to this day.

But apart from this personal proposition see what a great political trump card would be placed in Governor Budd's hands. Judge Henshaw would necessarily have to resign from the bench before the year closes and that would of course vest the appointment of his successor in the Governor by virtue of the authority of the Constitution which says: "If a vacancy occur in the office of a Justice the Governor shall appoint a person to hold the office until the election and qualification of a Justice to fill the vacancy, which election shall take place at the next succeeding general election, and the Justice so elected shall hold the office for the remainder of the unexpired term."

As the next general election would not be until 1900, for Judge Henshaw would certainly not resign before the approaching November one so as to make sure that the Legislature would be Republican, the Governor would therefore have the appointment for a period of two years to what is in many respects the most desirable of State offices. Just who the would place there is a subject that has in all probability not even been thought of but it would certainly give him the opportunity to dispense one of the choicest bits of patronage that has come into his hands during his entire administration.

* * *

Apropos of the Senatorial convass, U. S. Grant of San Diego has been visiting the city during the past week and has been making the rounds so as to obtain the personal acquaintance of those who have aught to do with the moulding of politics. He has made a very favorable impression, everywhere he has gone, for he is a courtly, affable man who impresses one at once with the fact that he is a gentleman, somewhat on the line of what is known as the old school. His resemblance to his father is very striking and is not confined merely to facial similarity for there is a reproduction of the same rather under-sized, broad-shouldered, squat figure that any one who ever saw the famous war general can readily recall.

Mr. Grant will at least have the satisfaction of knowing that if he does not secure the Senatorship it is not through any fault of his own. He works late and early on the proposition, he tours the State from one end to the other and from ocean to desert, and any suggestion that appeals to him as a good one he follows up for all there is in it. The antagonism he will have to encounter in his own section of the State in the candidacy of Senator Bulla of Los Angeles is alone a knotty enough obstacle to give him a hard fight, apart from the opposition of the North, but he is pegging away contentedly enough and seems well satisfied with his prospects.

* * *

The altercation that has been waging between Chairman McLaughlin and Jim Rea has at least had the effect of thoroughly disposing of every vestige of the rumors that the Major has Senatorial ambitions. The Examiner has naturally enough been using the incident as one with which to make capital for the Democratic party, but the reflection does not hurt McLaughlin, for the stand he has taken is a good one for the Republicans to campaign on. His re-election as chairman of the State Central Committee is, of course, now certain, for even if there had been any opposition to him, it would have to be buried, as otherwise the Democrats would be placed in a position where they could say that the Republicans did not want to have a man in control of affairs who was opposed to corporation influence or boss rule.

The Major is well pleased with the outcome of the engagement. He has been the recipient of scores of letters and telegrams from all over the State applauding the stand he took and endorsing all he said. The attitude of the press is also a source of great satisfaction to him, for without exception he has received the support of both the metropolitan and the interior papers.

"One of the most charming letters I received in this regard," he said when chatting on the subject the other night, "was from Judge Gibson of Oakland. I understand he is a Populist, but he certainly expressed his sentiments in a way that was really noble."

* * *

The candidates for the municipal campaign over here are working about as assiduously as those who are after State offices and in many instances the combinations that are being made embrace both ends of the political mill. Mayor Phelan's renomination is assured, for the members of the Committee of One Hundred, that will be in absolute control of the selection of the Democratic ticket, are for him almost to a man, and the deal with the Harneyites that I explained last week will prevent any other candidate being put up by that element.

It can be accepted as a settled fact, though that not one of the Democratic members in the "Solid Nine" of the Board of Supervisors will be renominated, neither will any of the Democratic members of the combine in the Board of Education. The Committee of One Hundred being dominated by Phelan through McNab will see to that, so although some of the officials in question want to succeed themselves, the only opportunity they will have to do so will be by running as independents. There is not likely to be a very hard fight waged this election for either membership on the School Board or the Superintendent of Streets, for these offices are merged into appointive ones by the new charter, which, if all goes well, will be in effect a year from now.

District Attorney Barnes will not be a candidate to succeed himself in that office. He still has a long-distance range on the Gubernatorial nomination, but if that fails, as it undoubtedly will, and if the gallant captain does not see an opportunity for active war service ahead he will get into the fight for Public Administrator to the extent that he will have a candidate for that office. Then, if his man is elected, Barnes will be the attorney to the department, a position about as lucrative as any it is possible to hold under the municipal government.

There are plenty of aspirants to succeed Barnes, first and foremost on the Republican side being Senator Eugene Bert. The Senator at one time figured on running for Congress, but he decided to make a bid for the local place instead and is putting up a good fight for it. The other Republican candidates up to date are ex-Judge Murphy, who conducted the Durrant case, and Deputy District Attorney Alfred P. Black. Two prominent Democrats are after the office, the candidates being Eugene Deuprey and John J. Barrett, the well known orator.

For County Clerk the Republican lists at present appear to be well open. Curry does not want to succeed himself, as his ambitions lie either in going to Congress from the Fifth or being Secretary of State. The Democratic candidates are Jack Bonnet, M. C. Haley and John Brown.

Owing to Auditor Broderick's fight with Phelan there is no possibility of his receiving a renomination. John P. Dunn, at present Register of the San Francisco land office, and Senator Mead are after the place.

Assessor Siebe, the Republican incumbent, will be a candidate to succeed himself, and the Democratic bidders for the place are Ed Fitzgerald R. P. Doolan, James N. Block and Tom Carew.

Sheriff Whelan appears to have the best chance in the world to succeed himself, although Registrar Biggy is an active candidate for the place. The Republican nominee will probably be Ed Head, and as he and Whelan are warm personal friends, the campaign is to be conducted on amicable lines, if they are the opponents.

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell is hammering away at his old Coroner's fight, and, realizing that there is no prospect of his getting on the ticket as a party nominee, he is already at work circulating his petition.

Harry Cresswell wants to succeed himself as City and County Attorney, but General A. L. Hart, formerly of Sacramento, is after the nomination.

For Superintendent of Streets, those mentioned up to date are William Patterson, Martin Fragley, D. A. MacDonald, James Crowe and Tim Treacy, the first three named being Republicans and the last two Democrats. C. A. Wetmore wants the Non-Partisan nomination.

The candidates for Superior Judge are Troutt, Borden, Seawell, Wallace, Schlesinger, Murasky and Costello, with others yet to hear from.

The Justices of Peace and the Police Judges all want to be re-elected, and in addition J. C. Bates is a Democratic seeker for nomination as Justice and Spinetti for Police Judge.

* * *

Some of the candidates for State office have been doing politics during the week as regards the Afro-American Congress to be held at Pasadena next Tuesday. The colored men claim a State vote of from 18,000 to 20,000, so those aspirants who do not believe in allowing any stone to remain unturned are making a bid for endorsement by their "friends and brothers."

Police Commissioner Guy Earham is taking in the sights with his many friends. He is staying with Tom Williams at Oakland, but of course contrives to pass a good deal of his time here. He is well in the front line of politics in the South, and a couple of years ago, it will be remembered, was mentioned for Lieutenant Governor on the Democratic ticket.

Senator Fred Stratton will introduce another primary law at the coming session of the Legislature. He has been investigating the subject very thoroughly, and this time will present a measure that will meet in every way the objections raised by the Supreme Court to the former one. Primary law reform has become a sort of hobby with the Senator, and he is spurred on to greater efforts in this direction by the countless letters of endorsement of his work that he has received from all parts of the country. The necessities of a primary law are so pronounced to him that he has determined to make it a feature of his Senatorial labors.

They are talking up Estee for Governor again during the past few days. There seems no likelihood whatever, though, that he will be brought out as a dark horse at the last moment, for it is not thought that he could overcome the opposition that would undoubtedly spring up to his being placed at the head of the ticket again.

Assemblyman Melick of Pasadena has abandoned his half formed intention of running for Lieutenant Governor on the Republican ticket, and is in line to succeed himself in the Legislature. He is using his paper, the Pasadena News, as a good club to make his fight with.

Ex-Assemblyman C. M. Belshaw of Contra Costa, who at one time was mentioned as a Republican aspirant for Governor, has been around town during the week. Mr. Belshaw has not yet decided whether or not he will try to go back to the Assembly or await an opportunity to run for Senator. The death of his father has made him a wealthy man, practically a millionaire.

Judge McKinstry is being mentioned for the Democratic nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court.

J. G. Hizar is announced as a Republican candidate for the Assembly in the Eightieth District. W. H. Dickinson is mentioned for the Seventy-fifth District in Los Angeles, the names of George Sinsabaugh and Louis Vetter being also proposed there.

William Mead, who represented the Seventy-third District in the last Assembly, is a candidate for renomination on the Democratic ticket. Martin Neuner will probably be his Republican opponent.

The Santa Ana section will furnish a lively contest for the Republican nomination for the Assembly. H. W. Chynoweth and Richard Melrose of Anaheim and Major McKelvey of Santa Ana are the candidates.

The test of strength at the recent committee meeting that arranged the Republican Congressional Convention for the Sixth District shows R. J. Waters to be in lead for the nomination. It is claimed that he will have at least three of the Northern counties and a large majority of the Los Angeles county delegation. Ex-Congressman McLachlan is making a final struggle for the place, but his prospects are not the best.

* * *

Charley Cook, formerly manager of the Macdonough, is on the coast again. He has been touring through the East with his own company, and made a hit with a comedy entitled "Our Flat."

The sale of the Odd Fellows' Library was concluded this week, the 15,000 volumes on the shelves being all sold at auction. The event naturally attracted all the bookworms of the city, one of the leading bidders being Chief Lees, who secured enough books to start a fair-sized library. Several thousand volumes were purchased for the San Francisco Free Library, and a large number for the Alameda Public Library. Towards the end of the sale, when every one was well stocked, books went for almost nothing. For example, 150 bound volumes of standard magazines like the Edinburgh Review, the Cornhill and so forth went for $5; a law library of thirty-nine books brought only $2, and seventy numbers of the Review of Reviews and Outing complete for three years were knocked down for 65 cents.

HATTON.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

John O. Anderson, Oakland..... 29
Carolina M. Jackson, Oakland..... 24
Joseph Vargas, Oakland..... 30
Mary F. Souza, Alameda..... 17
John Dooley, Oakland..... 29
Annie Curran, Oakland..... 24

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PHILIPPINES NOT PROPERLY CONSIDERED.

Cabinet Unprepared to Deal With the Problem.

Senate Will Have Something to Say About Their Disposition.

THE CABINET MAY DEFER ACTION.

Until Spain Signs a Definite Treaty the War Will Not Be Interrupted.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A special to the Times from Washington says: It has been said that there were nine opinions touching the Philippines in the Cabinet—one for the President and one for each of his official family. When it came to the turn of the members of the Cabinet to help the President out of the Philippine difficulty, Secretary Day was in favor of retaining only a coaling station, Secretary Gage was opposed to holding anything whatever. Secretary Wilson would hold every thing and defy the allied Powers to object. Secretary Smith preferred to hold Luzon and assent a protectorate over the other islands to secure fair government to them from Spain. Secretary Bliss thought that a coaling station and a zone of corporations at Subig or some other port would answer, and there were other modifications of these views, all given to the President for what they were worth.

Before the Cabinet meeting of the morning was over it became evident that the Philippine question was one that had been forced for determination long before the Cabinet was ready for it. The offer for peace was unexpected, and there had not been that preliminary thought about the future of the island that ought to have been given it. At an afternoon meeting it is said it soon became evident that there would be an agreement either to hold the islands as a group or to be satisfied with a coaling station and guarantees to the Philippines that in revenge for their rebellion and objection to oppression there should not be a series of murders on the prado of Manila after the war was over.

Not a syllable about a coaling station at the Canaries or in the Mediterranean will be suggested. That may come later, should the first attempt to secure peace be unsuccessful and the United States be compelled to indulge in further expense on Spain's account.

There is no doubt of a strong inclination to take an island of the Philippine group, train American ways with it, and see what its influence upon neighboring islands will be. But there is no seeing what would happen to others if Luzon were taken by the United States. All the Powers are watching and worrying lest the group be taken by the United States and made free to the world might fall on the others and divide them up in order to balance things.

The taking of a coaling station in the Islands either on Luzon, Mindanao or Panaya, and the abandonment of the people again to Spanish oppression and misgovernment would not be satisfactory to the people of the country, nor to the Senate. The President knows that it is not only desirable but in a large measure essential to make a treaty that will receive two-thirds of the vote in the Senate. And before that treaty gets so far as that, perhaps to be rejected, Spain will have patched up some sort of arrangement to complicate matters to her advantage.

One suggestion made to a member of the Cabinet today, and perhaps by him mentioned in the meeting this afternoon, was that the Philippine question could be postponed by stipulating in the agreement for peace that until the question of indemnity is decided the United States will retain its control of the islands. This might be exacted as an assurance of good faith by Spain in its promises to pay soon and to provide good government for the Philippines later. It is said that there was no favor shown for any form of joint occupation and control.

There remain to be arranged some particulars about the cessation of hostilities pending the negotiations. The Administration knows that it must make the conditions of negotiations very strong and protect itself by maintaining a status quo until the definitive treaty is completed. This will keep the blockade in Cuba intact, continue in their positions the troops in Eastern Cuba and Porto Rico and leave Admiral Dewey and General Merritt undisturbed in their possession of Manila.

Under these circumstances it is believed by members of the Administration that Spain will deal with fairness when she is met by diplomatic agents not utterly unsophisticated.

CAMARA SNEAKS INTO CADIZ BAY.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Gibraltar says: Admiral Camara's squadron, consisting of the flagship Pelayo, the Emperador Carlos V, the Rapida, the Patriota, the Buenos Ayres, the Audaz and the Pielago, left Carthagena Tuesday afternoon, and, passing through the straits of Gibraltar at night without being observed, arrived on Wednesday morning at Cadiz. The Lepanto and two torpedo boat destroyers remain at Carthagena. Admiral Camara's arrival at Cadiz aroused no enthusiasm whatever among the people, who, on account of the rigorous press censorship, remain in ignorance of everything going on in the outside world.

While in Cadiz on Wednesday, the Tribune correspondent noticed that the universal desire of the civilian population remaining there was for peace at any price. Every one seemed heartily sick of the war. The losses to commercial classes, owing to the complete stagnation of business of every description, has told terribly upon the merchants, and the only persons who at all favor continuing the war are a few military officials and functionaries.

General Orchan, the newly appointed commander of the defenses at Cadiz, is hastening the construction of new batteries. Much of the coast defense artillery in position consists of old fashioned pieces, and there is a great deficit of ammunition for the new Krupp guns recently mounted.

PROMOTIONS IN SIGNAL CORPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Lieutenant Colonel H. C. Dunwoody has resigned his commission as Colonel, U. S. V., Signal Corps, in the regular establishment. This office was created at the last session of Congress, before which time there was no Colonel in the Signal Corps. General Greely, the Chief Signal Officer, has the rank of Brigadier General, and the officer next in rank was Lieutenant Colonel Dunwoody, Assistant Chief Signal Officer. He still retains the duties of that offices under his new designation, but with the increased rank and emolument of a Colonel. The vacancy created was filled by the promotion of Captain James Allen to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel.

ANNEXATION MEANS RUIN TO THE REPUBLIC.

Senator Hoar's Views On Our Foreign Relations.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BOSTON, July 30.—Senator Hoar was the guest of honor at the annual outing of the Massachusetts Club at Marblehead Neck, and made a long and carefully prepared speech, in the course of which he discussed the question of our foreign relations growing out of the war. Upon this question he said:

"It is impossible with our eyes on this constantly changing kaleidoscope to predict with certainty how we are to solve the difficult problems that are coming upon us at the end of this war with Spain. But this country may be sure that the vote of every person who now has legislative responsibility in either House of Congress, by the choice of the Republicans of Massachusetts, or is likely to have such responsibility hereafter, will be cast in accordance with the opinion of Massachusetts.

"Her opinions on such questions are the result of nearly 300 years of great and honorable history. She will not depart from the declaration of Independence. She will not depart from the doctrines of liberty laid down in her own Constitution. She will not consent to be the ruler over vassal States or subject people. She will enter upon no mad career of empire in distant seas. She will not seek to force her trade upon unwilling people at the cannon's mouth. She will not exact tribute or revenues from men who have no voice in regard to them. She will not consent to enter with the powers of Europe into a partnership, alliance or contest for the plunder of China, or the subjugation of the Eastern archipelagos, or for compelling unwilling peoples to trade with her.

"If the American flag appears in the East it will be as the emblem of their liberty and not of our dominion. She will desire to meet the great responsibilities which the end of this war seems likely to bring to the American people solely in the interest of the provinces we may deliver from Spain, and not for our own. The power of the United States is to be exerted through example and influence, and not by force.

"It will be a sad thing for the country, it will be a sad thing for mankind, if the people of the United States come to abandon their fundamental doctrine. If we attempt to govern great masses of people, aliens by birth, of strange languages, of different religions, our spirit will not, I am afraid—God grant that I may be wrong—the American spirit will not enter into and possess them, but their spirit will enter into and possess us. The best thing we could hope for in such cases is that we should succeed as England has succeeded with those of her colonies whom she admits to no considerable self-government. It is much more likely that we may fail, as Spain has failed.

"Let us wait until the negro throughout the South can cast his vote and have it counted in freedom and honor. Let us wait until the poor immigrant can come into the Northern ports and be received as a brother and an equal, without being used as an instrument to debase the elections in New York, or Baltimore, or Chicago.

"Mr. Gladstone, in his famous comparison of England and the United States, in which he expressed his admiration for our constitution, says also: 'In England, inequality lies at the very base of the social structure. Equality combined with liberty was the groundwork of the social creed of the American colonies.'

"An aristocracy or a monarchy may govern subject States. It never was done and never will be done successfully by a democracy or a republic."

MORE SAILORS FOR SAMPSON.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Being able to diminish measurably the force of naval auxiliary vessels employed in patrolling the Atlantic coast, Captain Bartlett, commanding this service, has begun to assign some of the best sailors heretofore employed on those vessels to Admiral Sampson's fleet. He has given orders for the detachment of 100 of these sailors to the North Atlantic fleet.

Some have been sent to Norfolk already, and thirty were sent yesterday from Pensacola to Santiago on the steamer Tacoma for distribution among the vessels of the fleet. Most of these sailors were from Rhode Island, New York and Maryland, but the thirty who sailed from Pensacola were recruited in the Southern States. There are still 300 of these auxiliary sailors available, and they will be drawn upon as needed by Sampson.

Commander Hawley and Chief Engineer Webster have made formal returns to the Navy Department of the number of sailors they enlisted during their special tour in the West and South, just closed. This statement shows that fifty-six men were enlisted at New Orleans, sixty-seven at Galveston, sixty-seven at Cleveland, 102 at Chicago on the first trip and 471 on the second, seventy-one men in Detroit, fifty-one at Toledo, twenty-three at Cincinnati, twenty-three at Milwaukee, twelve at Port Huron, 146 at Moline, fifty-eight at Quincy, sixty-three at Alton and twenty at St. Paul.

REGULAR CUBAN MAIL SERVICE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The War Department has received large numbers of complaints from persons all over the country of the non-receipt of mail from soldiers in Cuba. The Postmaster-General has just completed arrangements for regular trips for carrying the mail, and will not depend as heretofore upon the irregular trips of transports. Mail deliveries, however, will be retarded by quarantine regulations, owing to yellow fever.

BLOODY TROPHY OF DEWEY'S VICTORY.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Mayor Harrison has received a Commodore's pennant taken from the Spanish man-of-war Isle de Luson in Manila bay. The pennant is two feet square and is spotted with blood. It was sent as a gift to the city by a party of Chicago men serving on board the United States ship Boston.

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PART 2. # OAKLAND TRIBUNE. PAGES 9 to 12

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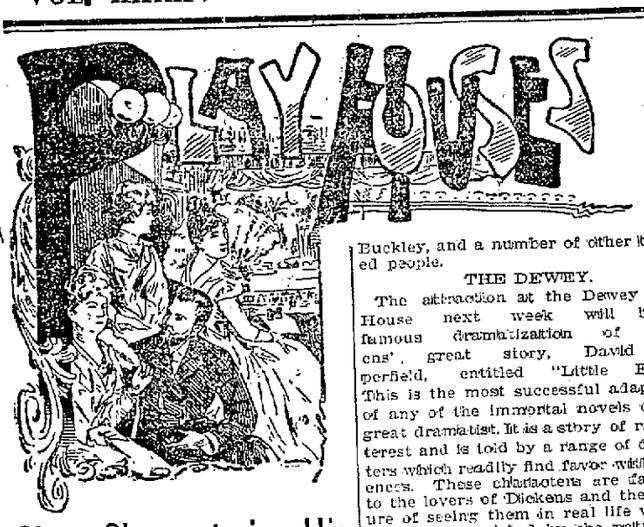


Clay Clement in His New Play at the Madonough.

"Little Em'ly" to Be Put On at the Dewey Opera House.

STRONG BILL AT THE TIVOLI.

Lewis Morrison to Revive "Richelieu" at the Alcazar Theater.

The first attraction to be presented, and the opening one of the new season now approaching at the Macdonough, will be Clay Clement's, "The New Dominion," a story of the South land that has created a furore of pleasure of playgoers wherever it has been seen. This play was originally produced at the Macdonough Theater in this city.

Mr. Clement, as a stellar attraction, is making his first visit to the coast, though he began and pursued his career as an actor some years ago in the cities of this part of the country, and the play he will present, "The New Dominion" was written while he was a resident of San Francisco, where the character, which brought him fame, "Baron Von Hohenstauffen," was created and conceived, but it was in the East that it received recognition. Mr. Clement, with his play, and the excellent company of players presenting it appeared for the first time on this coast at the Columbia Theater in San Francisco last June, and at once were given favor. At the end of the run in San Francisco the company were given a six weeks' vacation and the tour having been resumed August 1st. When "The New Dominion" will be seen at the McDonough Theater for one performance only.

Phosa McAllister and Harry S. Duffield, so long connected with the Frawley Company, and who are well and favorably known on this coast have joined the Clay Clement Company and will be seen in congenial roles in Mr. Clement's "The New Dominion." The company includes Thomas Kent, May Buckley, and a number of other talented people.

CLAY CLEMENT AS BARON HOHENSTAUFFER IN "THE NEW DOMINION."

THE DEWEY.

The attraction at the Dewey Opera House next week will be the famous dramatization of Dickens' great story, David Copperfield, entitled "Little Em'ly." This is the most successful adaptation of any of the immortal novels of the great dramatist. It is a story of rare interest and is told by a range of characters which readily find favor with audiences. These characters are familiar to the lovers of Dickens and the pleasure of seeing them in real life will be greatly appreciated by the patrons of the theater.

The company which Manager Jackson has gathered around him is a most powerful one. It is full of character-artists and these will be at home in the characterizations which the great novelist created.

This play will be produced for the first time tomorrow night, and there is a certainty of a large audience.

Manager Harry Jackson of the Dewey Opera House has set apart next week, commencing Monday, August 1st, for the Red Cross Society, thereby giving a solution of the numbers 9—19—29 that has been so heavily advertised. One cent from every ticket bought during next week for each performance will be donated to Red Cross, as Mr. Jackson's regular prices are 10, 20 and 30 cents for that week, the management will only get 9, 19 and 29 cents for tickets, the Red Cross getting the odd cent.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

The attractions at Morosco's Grand Opera House next week introduces James M. Brophy, in a notable production, with magnificent scenery, elaborate effects and strikingly picturesque costumes, of the great Eastern success, the beautiful romantic melodrama in four acts, by Sidney R. Ellis, Esq., entitled "Bonnie Scotland." The cast will include all the members of the excellent stock company at this house, and the production will, in every way, be worthy of the reputation of the house.

ALCAZAR.

A radical change will be made in the programme at the Alcazar Theater for next week. East Lynne has had its run, and on Monday night will be replaced with Richelieu with Lewis Morrison in the title role. This is a character in which Mr. Morrison has achieved quite an amount of distinction.

THE COLUMBIA.

At the Columbia Theater next week there will be a grand production of The Masked Ball, which made quite a hit some time ago on this coast. It is a very entertaining production and will be remembered as the piece in which John Drew was so favorably introduced to the theater-goers of this coast.

THE TIVOLI.

Next week on Monday night there will be an opening of the season of grand opera at the Tivoli, for which so much preparation has been made. On Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings "Aida" will be sung, and on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday nights and Saturday matinee "Lucia" will be rendered. Both pieces will be sung by a company which has been strengthened in many ways. There will be no increase in the prices of admission.

Decidedly hot looking are the golf stock of red pique. Some of them have ascots of the same color, but I think the prettier ones are those with the white ascots attached.

HARDSHIPS OF TRAVEL ON THE YUKON.

An Oakland Boy's Trip to Dawson City.

Some Features of Life in the Quest of Glittering Gold.

IMPRESSIONS OF DAWSON CITY.

Well Enough in Winter, But a Good Place to Get Away From in Summer.

(Special to the Tribune.)

I last wrote from White Horse Rapids or canyon, where we were detained on account of the illness of Mr. Palmer, the correspondent of the New York Press. We left that place on the morning of the 4th of May, and as the trail was in good order, made sixty-five miles the first two days. This took a fair slice off the 600 miles we had yet to travel to reach this city, and that had to be made holding the "gee pole," which means the long handle on the right hand or "gee" side for guiding the sled and keeping it right side up with care.

The two days took us to the foot of Lake Le Barge over an excellent trail, the weather still being cold enough to keep it frozen. We found a few camps at the foot of the lake, where parties were waiting for the ice to move, so that they could go down in their boats.

From the foot of Le Barge we found the trail in bad shape and particularly along Thirty Mile river, which was now open, so that we were compelled to work our way along. On the shore was ice, which in many places lay at an angle of twenty or thirty degrees toward the rushing waters of the swift stream.

AN ICY PLUNGE.

We were fortunate enough to work our way over this section with but one mishap. My sled started to slide down the incline of ice, and I had to jump into the icy cold water up to my waist to save the outfit from the water. However, this was only an incident of roughing it on the Yukon, and I do not mind a little thing like that, particularly after I got dry and warmed up.

It took us two days to get over this difficult stretch and reach Lewis river. The weather was now getting very warm and the trail soft, so that it made it very hard pulling for the dogs, and they had to be frequently rested. We had to do our best traveling very early in the morning, as the snow would freeze in the night so that in the early part of the day we could make good time. It is a long walk at best, but when it came to being soft and sloppy we found "Jordan a hard road to travel."

A SUMPTUOUS OUTFIT.

An amusing incident occurred on the morning we passed the police station at Freeman's Point. We had started very early, and it was cold and I was all bundled up. I did not notice that I had lost my trail sled, which had broken loose, till I had passed the station. When I went back after it, as I came past the post again, one of the officers came walking out in his night clothes, calling upon me to stop, and wanted to know where I was bound for. When I replied I was on my way to Dawson he said: "Is that all you have?" pointing to a pot of beans and a pair of long rubber boots that were on the sled. I said "Yes," and was adding that the rest of the outfit was ahead, but as it was a sharp, cold morning he did not stand upon his going but dodged back into his cabin as fast as his legs would carry him. I presume he concluded that I was a crazy "che-chaw-cer," or newcomer, making my way through to Dawson with a pot of beans. I certainly did look wild, as I am frightfully brown, nearly black, from sunburn and exposure. I had on a "pankie" with a big fur collar and fur cape, and a big pair of snow goggles. Mr. Palmer has taken a "snap shot" at me and promises to sent it to me when printed in his New York paper.

We now strike the Peely river, and our progress is slow and arduous on account of the warm weather. At Fort Selkirk, where the Peely comes into the Yukon, we rested a day. There is a small trading post there and quite a band of Indians. I tried while there to get some information about prospecting up the Peely, but no one seemed to know anything about it.

From the Peely down is the most beautiful part of the Yukon down to Dawson, but it was the toughest part of our trail, as we had to keep the shore, and the small creeks had begun to thaw and the water was running over the ice, but we managed to pull through in good shape just three days before the ice moved out of the river in front of Dawson.

AT STEWART RIVER.

We stopped over one day at Stewart river in Milton Lotham's cabin, where we saw Paul and Billy Fairbanks had wintered, but they had all left for Dawson. I learned that the party had been some distance up Stewart river, but with no favorable mining result. However, it was said that they discovered what appeared to be a very rich quartz lode near the mouth of White river. I hope that is true, but as a rule people in this section do not put much faith in quartz discoveries. Even if found it would be very expensive to work them.

From Stewart river to Dawson we were all the time wet to our knees, it being warm and slushy. Two days after we arrived in Dawson the ice went out in one grand sheet, the water raising it from the shore, where for a while the stream was almost clear of ice, but the next day there was a big run of ice, the jams having broken above.

AT DAWSON.

Upon our arrival at Dawson we were kindly taken into Milton Latham's cabin, where we were glad of a rest after our long walk. But even after this the tough times come when I must take my pack on my back, wade through water and moss, and fight mosquitoes while dirt prospecting. However, but little prospecting can be done till winter, as it must be done when the ground is frozen. For the present I have been employed to take charge and do the necessary work to hold a claim that is for sale. The pay streak has been found in the claim on both sides of this one, which can be purchased at a fair price. In fact, there is very little show for a newcomer to get a claim near Dawson now, as the whole country within a radius of two miles is staked off, gold or no gold, and there are plenty of claims for sale. There will be many disappointments among the thousands that are rolling a head now, when they will wonder what they came for. All or nearly all that could fill a sack last winter are going out by the boats down the river, and many of the newcomers are preparing already to go down to American territory, from where we are receiving some good reports of new gold finds.

It seems strange that a better site for a town could not be found than where Dawson City is situated, which you may say is a swamp. To look at the buildings one would think it a temporary affair, as it looks more like a country fair, the buildings being of logs, boards, corrugated iron and cloth—anything for a shelter. The water front, a long street, is a picturesque moss and bog marsh. The streets are crowded with men, and gambling and drinking goes on night and day. The streets are filled with dogs of all descriptions, and everywhere knee-deep in mud—not a pleasant site for a pleasure resort. That the place will be unhealthy this summer goes without saying, as there is no drainage to the ground, and filth abounds. The place appears to have been more especially located for its water front than anything else, as there is deep water up to the bank for boat landings. In winter it is all right; in summer it is—well, it must be left to the imagination.

FRITZ M. GAMBLE.

News and Notes of Single Tax.

EDITED BY EDGAR POMEROY.

The Pilgrim Brotherhood meeting last Friday, called to consider the "Ethics of Socialism," wound up in a spirited battle between the Socialists and Single Taxers.

The New York Sun, after careful investigation, states that 40,000 working women in that city are receiving wages so low that they are compelled to accept charity or do worse.

The Single Tax means free land, free man, and full wages; the abolition of monopoly, and the vacant lot industry.

Mr. Joseph Abury Johnson has discovered,—that is he thinks he has,—"a mare' nest" in the last paragraph of the Single Tax platform. The paragraph referred to reads as follows:

In securing to each individual his equal right to the use of the earth, it is also a proper function of society to maintain and control all public ways for the transportation of persons and property, and the transmission of intelligence; and also to maintain and control all public ways in cities for furnishing water, gas, and all other things that necessarily require the use of such common ways.

But Mr. Johnson in his letter to "Industry" quotes:

"With respect to monopolies other than monopoly of land, we hold that when free competition becomes impossible, as in telegraphs, railroads, water, and gas supplies, etc., such business becomes a proper social function which should be controlled and managed by and for the whole people concerned through their proper government, local, State, or national, as it may be."

Mr. Johnson's quotation is not the correct wording as will be seen by comparison and the actual paragraph means so much more than the one quoted by him, that his alarm and argument are out of place. In answering Mr. Benton, Mr. Buell also answers Mr. Johnson.

E. P.

THE HIGHWAY PLANK.

To the Editor: Mr. Charles E. Benton, of New Bedford, Massachusetts, objects to the last paragraph of the Single Tax Platform, and asks if that was "also" adopted at the Chicago conference.

It was. The facts are these: The entire platform, except the last paragraph, was adopted at the New York conference in 1890. It was written by Henry George, recommended by a committee of nine, of which the writer had the honor to be a member, and almost unanimously adopted by that conference after a debate of over three hours on the last clause. As adopted at New York, the last paragraph related to substantially the same matter that it now covers, but was somewhat differently worded, and left more opportunity for the charge of a squint toward socialism.

At Chicago also the writer had the honor to be a member of the committee on platform. The committee was somewhat divided, but finally recommended the readoption of the old platform. A debate arose over the last paragraph. The writer moved to adopt the platform with the exception of the last paragraph, and to submit that paragraph back to a special committee of five to report later. This motion was carried almost unanimously, if my memory serves me right. The writer was then appointed chairman of the committee of five. I have forgotten the other gentlemen on the committee except Mr. Bromhall, of Ohio.

The committee met and proceeded to consider the last paragraph. The wording as it stands now was prepared by me and presented to the committee, and they unanimously endorsed the change. We then submitted our report to the conference, where it was adopted by about a three-fourths vote, the opposition coming entirely from those who favored the old wording of the paragraph.

I quote the two wordings, so that Mr. Benton can judge whether, from this point of view, the news is any improvement on the old:

The old reading: "With respect to monopolies other than the monopoly of land, we hold that where free competition becomes impossible, as in telegraphs, railroads, water and gas supplies, etc., such business becomes a proper social function, which should be controlled and managed by and for the whole people concerned, through their proper government, local, State, or national, as may be."

The new reading: "In securing to each individual his equal right to the use of the earth, it is also a proper function of society to maintain and control all public ways for the transportation of persons and property and the transmissions of intelligence, and also to maintain and control all public ways in cities for furnishing water, gas and all other things that necessarily require the use of such common ways."

If there is any "socialism" in the last reading of the paragraph I fail to find it. It was so worded for the express purpose of avoiding any such interpretation. If the public ownership of public highways is socialism, then I think we are all "socialists" to that extent.

But I think Mr. Benton has not read the paragraph with sufficient care. There is nothing in it to warrant the interference that we favor the public "operation" of any kind of business, not even the carrying trade over any highway. The paragraph was drafted with special care to avoid any such interpretation, but we did want to assert and emphasize the demand that all highways should be owned by the public and not by private corporations.

And further, it seems to me pretty nearly time that single taxers ceased talking about "taxing franchises." Suppose a street car company had a "franchise" permitting five cent fare; its "franchise" would have a certain value. Reduce the fare to three cents, what is the "franchise" value now? Leave it at five cents and tax the company equal to the excess of charge—who pays the tax, the company or the person who rides? The only right way to "tax franchises" is to reduce fares to a proper rate; then there will be no "franchise value" to tax. See decision of the Supreme Court of Minnesota in Steenerson vs. Gt. N. Ry., 72 N. W. 713.

I think the last paragraph is a vital part of the single tax platform. The single tax philosophy covers the whole question of man's relation to the earth. Land is held either in private or in public possession. Where land is in private hands the single tax gives to the public its due; but when land is used as a public highway or for other public purpose, it does not yield ground rent, and the single tax principle does not apply. All highways are, or should be, public—that is, they are land held in common by the public for the equal use of all, and our platform must cover this question if it is to be commensurate with our philosophy.

C. J. BUELL.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Among the gowns I saw at the dressmaker's a few days ago was a dinner gown of crepe de chine, the color of a peach blossom. The underskirt was of crepe de chine, over which fell a sort of tunic that was covered with guipure. The design of the guipure was accentuated by being outlined with a tiny ruching of black mousseline de soie and the edge of the tunic was finished with a plaiting of crepe de chine and the mousseline. Around the bottom of the underskirt was a broad band of Chantilly, headed by a ruching of Mousseline de soie. The low bodice of crepe was trimmed with a band of Chantilly to match the skirt.

The prettiest shirt waist I have seen this summer had no fullness in the neck or shoulders in front. It was cut in such a way that when it was drawn in at the waist there was sufficient fullness, and yet it did not bag as so many of them do that have a great deal of fullness.

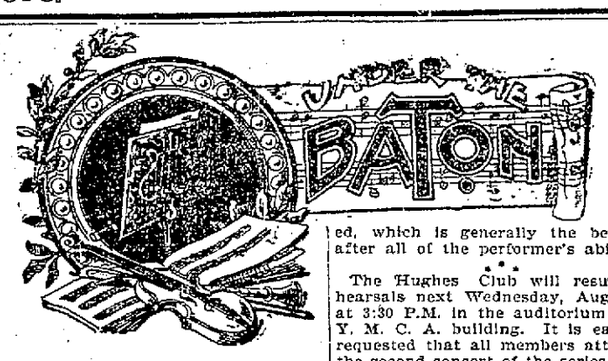
All Caused by a Cigar.

The unfortunate experience of one American who is now attracting some of our attention has its humorous side. A certain German-American named Stempel, living with his family on the outskirts of Berlin, found himself alone one evening in a compartment of the city railway, and being ignorant of the prohibition of smoking in the cars, lighted a cigar. An Austrian officer, who was sitting with a friend in the next compartment, appeared in the narrow corridor which joined the two and bawled out in a most offensive manner: "Throw away that cigar! Smoking is not allowed here!" This way of calling attention to a regulation somewhat "riled" our countryman, who responded with, "Who the deuce are you? I shall smoke until an official of the road tells me to desist."

The officer and his friend then made some most offensive remarks about the American, who replied in kind, whereupon the Austrian struck Mr. Stempel over the head with his stick. This was too much for any self-respecting American. So Mr. Stempel, striking the correct boxing attitude, proceeded to "do up" both the officer and his friend in the most approved manner, taking the former's cane away and rendering both completely hors du combat. At the next station the matter was reported to the station agent, who promptly had Mr. Stempel arrested.

After the usual preliminary examination and establishment of identity the parties were released, and a suit for assault and battery was brought against the American. The outcome of the trial, had it come to pass, would not have been doubtful, as Mr. Stempel acted in self-defense, but, unfortunately, he lost his head, and, frightened at the possibility of six months in a German prison, he shut up his house, paid off his servants, and, shaking the dust of inhospitable Germany from his soles, departed precipitately for Paris, where he now resides. Of course, his flight turned the case against him, and his valuable furniture, which he could not take with him, has been confiscated by the court, and will be sold at auction to pay the heavy fine which will be the result of his unthinking retreat.—From a Berlin Letter.

Remedy: For thin sauces add extra flour, mixed thin with milk or water. Add to the sauce and bring to a boil. For thick sauce add milk, little by little, until the sauce is of the right consistency.



Little Going On In This City During the Week.

Success of Local Singers at the Chautauquan Concerts.

ALEX STEWART'S WORK PRAISED

Hughes Club Will Resume Rehearsals Next Week Preparatory to a Concert.

I have heard of several plans for concerts during August—the Hughes Club will sing, Miss Shorey will give a testimonial concert, and Lovell Langstroth will also give a farewell concert, besides several smaller events. July is always a quiet month in Oakland, and musicians generally are away.

* * *

W. L. Tomlins, the well-known leader in the musical world of Chicago, and whose reputation as a teacher is National, will visit Oakland next month. He is expected to arrive here about the 10th and will undoubtedly receive an even more cordial welcome than he did on the occasion of his last visit to the Coast.

He will give a preliminary lecture, entitled, "Music, Its Nature and Influence," on the evening of Thursday, August 11th. Chorus work will commence Monday, August 15th, at the First Methodist Church, and will continue three weeks, with rehearsals on Monday and Thursday evenings.

The series will conclude with a concert, as at this last visit.

* * *

Lovell Langstroth will give his testimonial concert August 4th at the First Unitarian Church, and it promises to be quite an event from both a musical and social standpoint. Mr. Langstroth goes abroad to study, and as he has undoubted talent, will probably succeed in the wider field just opening before him.

At his concert he will be assisted by Mrs. Beatrice Priest-Fine, the well-known soprano; Robert Newell, pianist; Llewellyn Hughes, violinist, and the latter's orchestra of twenty pieces.

* * *

A series of symphony concerts for the coming season under the direction of W. J. McCoy is now being contemplated under the auspices of the Philharmonic Orchestra. The Orchestra will include forty of the best local musicians and a noted soloist will be engaged for each performance. Subscription papers for associate membership are now being circulated, and Oakland's musical and social circles are greatly interested in making it a success. There is no reason why we should not have a permanent symphony orchestra of a high grade on this side of the bay, and this is a move in the right direction.

* * *

The following account is given of a concert at Pacific Grove in which a number of Oaklanders participated:

"In the evening of the 20th a grand ballad concert was given by Miss Stella W. Odell, Mrs. Mary Weaver-McCauley, Miss Beresford Joy and Alfred Wilkie and a number of readings by Miss R. Frances Luse. A large audience was present and thoroughly appreciated the work done, which was of the very highest order. Each performer was given applause sufficient to compel their reappearance. The following is the programme: Piano solo, Rhapsodie Hongroise No. 9 (F. Liszt), Miss Stella W. Odenn; whistling solo, "Waltz Song" (Ardite), Mrs. McCauley; reading, (a) "The First Spat," (b) "Say, What Would You Have Done?" Miss R. Frances Luse; solo, "Hosanna" (Grenier), Alfred Wilkie; contralto solo, "A May Morning," (Danza), Miss Beresford Joy; reading, "The Street Gamin's Story of the Play," Miss Luse; song, "The Sword of Bunker Hill" (Covert), Mr. Wilkie; soprano solo, "Nymphs and Fauns" (Bamberg), Mrs. Mary Weaver-McCauley; contralto solo, (a) "There Was an Ancient King," (b) "A Red, Red Rose" (Henschel) Miss Joy; duet, "Eden Land," Mrs. McCauley and Mr. Wilkie.

"The solo by Miss Odell was a very difficult one, and showed a wondeful talent of execution in its performance. She never lost sight of the theme and the exquisite melody was heard, now soft and low, again in grand tone ringing out with fine effect through all manner of keys, until it culminated in a grand climax of tone. Miss Odell is the regular accompanist for the assembly, and has filled that position with satisfaction for three years. She gave as an encore "Valse Caprice" by Rubenstein.

"Mrs. Mary McCauley was at her best last night, and appeared first in a whistling solo. Her interpretation of it was excellent and received such rounds of applause that she was compelled to respond to an encore. Her solo work was of the highest order.

"Miss Joy appeared best in "A May Morning," though the other numbers were a rare treat. Her unusual success lies in the wonderful expression she gives to her work, and this, combined with a beautiful contralto voice, is so appreciated by the audience.

"Mr. Wilkie needs but little comment, certainly not criticism, for his singing was beautiful and was loudly applauded, which is generally the best test after all of the performer's ability."

* * *

The Hughes Club will resume rehearsals next Wednesday, August 3d, at 3:30 P.M. in the auditorium of the Y. M. C. A. building. It is earnestly requested that all members attend, as the second concert of the series will be given in the last week of August.

* * *

Last Saturday evening the Oakland Orchestral Society gave a splendid programme to a large audience at Pacific Grove, and, if great applause is an indication of the merits of a programme certainly this one was of the highest order. Miss Joy was compelled to respond the third time in her solo, "The Enchantress," an honor which has not been accorded to any number heretofore.

The following is the programme in full: Coronation march, "Due Folkunger" (Kretschmer); overture, "Mirella" (Gounod); vocal solo, "Redemption" (Gounod), Miss Eva Shorey; cornet solo, "The Lost Chord" (Sullivan), Ernest Webb, with orchestral accompaniment; Russian mazurka, "La Czarine" (Ganne); contralto solo, "The Enchantress" (Hatton), Miss Beresford Joy; "The Bride Elect," orchestra; "The Passing Regiment," American Patrol (Meacham); orchestra, "The The Star Spangled Banner;" vocal solo, "A Madrigal," Miss Eva Shorey (Victor Harris); (a) "Presidential Polonaise," (b) "The Stars and Stripes Forever" (Sousa).

The solo work by Miss Eva Shorey of Oakland was worthy of great praise, and she was compelled to respond to an encore to both of her solos. Alex Stewart gave a violin obligato with her song, "Redemption."

Sunday night the orchestra gave a praise service at the Assembly Hall, which was thoroughly enjoyable. The numbers were as follows: Praise Ye the Father, (Gounod); Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty, (Gounod); Sanctus from St. Cecelia Mass: The Birth of Christ, "Nazareth" (Gounod); trombone solo, Mr. Chas. Milner; The Crucifixion "Calvary" (Rodney); The Resurrection "Resurrection" (Shelley); cornet solo, Mr. Ernest Webb; The Ascension "Unfold Ye Portals," (Gounod) from the Redemption; Evening Meditation, (Gruenwald); Sing Ye to the Lord, (Lambillote.)

* * *

James Hamilton Howe gave an interesting address on oratorio work before the Chautauqua assembly at Pacific Grove last Friday.

Rules for fine choral singing were given, and it was indicated what the soloists should be also what the conductor and audience should be.

"Our singers are not brought up in a musical atmosphere," said the speaker, "as in England, and we must hasten the time when they will be. Let us gather those of serious purpose and urge them to centralize their efforts on this highest type of music, this mind ennobler, the education of the soul. Let us build as strong and as influential societies as in the East. In striving to accomplish this we will have done something worthy of our lives and performed a work deserving the beneficent smiles of our creator."

The lecture was a most valuable one to music-loving people and elicited rounds of applause.

* * *

The following notice from the Courier will be of interest to many:

"Miss Maud Chappelle, contralto, is meeting with great success on her recital tour. Miss Chappelle is assisted by the following artists: G. Morgan Strickletl, tenor; Edw. B. Martindell, basso, and Frank Slade Oliver, pianist. The tour is among the fashionable summer resorts."

* * *

The latest report of Paderewski's intentions is that he will begin his tour in Australia, go from there to Mexico, and that he will give his first American concerts in California.

* * *

A benefit for the Alameda Red Cross Society is to take place on Friday evening, August 19th. Miss Westgate and eight of her most advanced students of piano and organ are planning the concert, the programme of which is already prepared. A few details have still to be arranged, but these will be announced early in August.

THE TENOR.

Fashions in the Riviera.

Alice, who is on the Riviera, sends me a gossipy letter about the fashions seen on the Cote d'azur. We always look there, you know, for the heralds of the coming season. In the first place I should predict that the greatest novelty of this new season would be the combination of cloth with foulard which everybody is beginning to wear in the sunny south.

Some of the prettiest frocks on the promenade at Nice have been in light cloths over foulard underskirts. This makes a delightful solution to the problem of "left overs" in foulard from last season. Match the ground of your foulard in light summer cloth or cashmere. Make a long apron front cut square, and a square back, giving the effect of a slit at the side. Make the yoke and sleeves of the dress of shirred or corded foulard, or of little tucks of the silk with insertions: drape over that the cloth with the slightest possible blouse effect, or drape it across in folds to fasten at the waist line with princesse effect, naturally cut out at the top to show the silk yoke and sleeves, and you can have the smartest possible new summer gown with comparatively little expense. The cloth may be edged with stitched bands, or with ribbon ruches, or even with shirrings of mouseline de soie. The same style is seen with yoke and sleeves of guipure, in which case the belt should recall the skirt by being of the foulard.—Paris Letter to Harper's Bazar.

When croquette mixtures are too wet to mold and shape, put in more chopped meat or fish, or in a desperate case, finely pounded bread crumbs.

When jelly is cloudy, and clear soup is not clear, pour either one into a clean pan—scrupulously clean it must be—take the whites and shells of two eggs, break the latter and beat into the former. Throw these into the pan and let all boil up together. Then cover, set to one side for five minutes and strain.

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TO LET—Furnished sunny rooms, with range, for housekeeping. 39 Telegraph avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room; very reasonable. 564 Twenty-first st. near Grove.

FURNISHED front room to rent to an elderly lady; no other roomers. 16 Telegraph ave.

TWO NICE front rooms for light housekeeping; from $10 up. Brunswick Hotel.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath; no transients. 1055 Washington st.

ONE NICE large front suite; suitable for two gentlemen; very reasonable. Brunswick Hotel.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

FOR RENT—Four or five pleasant unfurnished rooms. 1375 Franklin st.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.

WANTED TO BOARD—One or two little girls; a pleasant home and best of care will be given; references exchanged; terms reasonable. Address for particulars, E. R., box 3, this office.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—$12.50 per month; full bearing orchard of three acres, with furnished four-room cottage; barn, chicken houses, etc.; near cars in Fruitvale. Apply to Hugh M. Cameron, 470 Ninth st., Oakland.

FOR RENT—Cosy furnished cottage in suburbs; piano; stable; rent $12; near car. Inquire 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth.

COTTAGES CHEAPER THAN SINGLE ROOM RENT—A chance to make a selection from our list of 3, 4 and 5 room cottages, large yards, with or without stables; only ten minutes' ride on cars from 11th street; good neighborhood; high, healthy location; rent $5.50 to $10; city water included; the cottages must be seen to be appreciated. R. J. MONTGOMERY, 1112 Broadway.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

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VERY CHOICE ROOMS with or without board, for two or three gentlemen, or couple, in strictly private family. W. W. box 8, Tribune office.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—For adults only, a small flat or floor of house, or three or four unfurnished or partly furnished rooms, at reasonable rates; location central; permanent if suited. Address "Immediate," box 2, Tribune office.

FLATS TO RENT.

866 CASTRO ST.—Upper floor; three sunny rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; bath; no children; rent reasonable.

HALLS TO LET.

A VERY PLEASANT and commodious hall for rent; centrally located, first floor; on Clay st. bet. Eleventh and Twelfth sts., Oakland. Apply to 528 Eleventh st.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x115 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $800 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland

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OFFICE SPACE—Neat, light, centrally located; small rent. Tesla Coal Co., Tenth and Broadway.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

COMPETENT GIRL wishes a situation; cooking and housework; in American family. Apply 690 Sycamore st.

A YOUNG LADY wishes to assist in small, respectable family in exchange for room and board. 2303 Santa Clara ave., Alameda.

WANTED—Family mending and sewing, by a German dressmaker and seamstress who would go to the house, one day a week, at $1 a day. Address German, box 6.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 576 black—6 bells.

AN EXPERIENCED GIRL wishes situation as cook; understands German cooking as well as English. Apply 1518 Fifth st., bet. Chester and Henry.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

A GOOD COOK wishes situation in private family; respectable woman; references; no objections to small washing. 515 Ninth st.

A YOUNG WOMAN with 8 year old girl wishes position for housework; wages moderate. Address or call, 1213 Kirkham st., West Oakland, Cal.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 625 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 2291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 2169 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A first class German cook, in small family; wages $25; also a middle aged German woman for housework. Apply Mrs. Marvin, 2159 Washington st.; telephone red 2014.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 2159 Washington st.

ATTORNEYS.

STREET — J. F., Attorney-at-Law, 908 Broadway, rooms 10 and 11.

[illegible] Attorney-at-Law, 1008½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON — Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1001 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law, Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public, 1005½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 908 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 5, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 33.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 881 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 854½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

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D. L. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

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JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 906 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

MRS. WENT, Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 1047 Franklin st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

EDUCATIONAL.

KELLOGG SCHOOL Dressmaking — Pupils taught in three months; perfect satisfaction guaranteed; terms reasonable. Call and see Mrs. A. L. Swarts, teacher, 955 Clay st., Oakland.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

Gilt Edge Investment.—Pays 6 per cent net on the capital invested; absolutely safe; secured by first mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

$1,500—Cottage and lot on Brush st.; six rooms and bath; high basement; cost present owner $2,500; easy terms if desired; street work all done; house in excellent condition. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$600—Fifty feet front on Twenty-second st. bet. San Pablo ave. and Market st.; street work all done; cement walks laid; easily worth $1,000; to see it is to buy it. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$150—On a macadamized street in Oakland; choice building lots for $5 per front foot; two lines of electric cars and not far from local trains; fine neighborhood; unquestionably cheapest lots in city. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,000—Cottage on Brush st. near Fourteenth; lot 25 feet front; house of six rooms and bath; all in good repair; east front; a bargain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

WANTED — A piece of business property, centrally located, worth from $8,000 to $12,000, mortgaged; the owner can exchange his equity for a fine piece of residence property, clear of incumbrance. What have you to offer?

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.

$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $22.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$1,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank at 8 per cent; cost owner $4,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—
$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—25x100; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,000—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140, Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Office and Salesrooms,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

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DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES — Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase an established cycle business, including the agency for a high grade wheel, bicycle material, full rental line, and repair stock, tools, etc.; in the city of Oakland; prominent location. Address A. P., box 8, this office.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2125 Center, Berkeley.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

MAKE OFFER—Corner lot 50x100 and improvements (central), renting for $45 per month; no reasonable offer refused. E. O. Farley, Real Estate, 1068 Broadway.

$1,750—COLONIAL COTTAGE; five rooms and bath; lot 37½x100; a bargain. Address O. W. E., box 2, this office.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x140 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—One small tin covered trunk; flat top; with initials "M. A. G." on end. Finder will receive reward on returning same. Mrs. Dobson, 3618 Nineteenth st., San Francisco.

REAL ESTATE.

SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES
SOME CHOICE PROPERTIES

FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE
FOR EXCHANGE

A fine home on Ninth st. between Broadway and Oak; nine rooms and bath; a bargain; at $3,500, and owner will take a cottage valued at $2,000 to $2,500 or a good lot in part payment.

Pretty cottage on Grove st. near Thirty-third; five rooms and bath; all modern; no mortgage; owner wishes place near local station and will pay or assume mortgage for difference.

Broadway business property, valued at $8,500; mortgaged to bank; owner will trade for city or country property clear, or with small incumbrance.

BELDEN & COOK
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The Leading
REAL ESTATE DEALERS
—And—
INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS
Near Thirteenth St. 1112 BROADWAY 1112 BROADWAY

THE FAMOUS

ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the fine subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
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468 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

$2,750—Comfortable cottage of six rooms; lot 27½x100; on San Pablo ave. near Twenty-fifth st.; future business property.

One of the most elegant homes in the city will be offered by us for a short time at one-half its cost, account of owner's departure; full particulars at our office.

$12,500—Fifteen acres fine fruit or vegetable land; very desirable for subdivision into residence lots or for suburban residence; situate close to elegant homes in Seminary Park; comfortable house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

$250—Lot 34x134, in Teachers' tract, Berkeley; cheap.

$750—Choice corner lot in East Oakland Heights; fine elevation; good view.
$2,200—Lot 60x100 on Telegraph ave.

Property of all kinds, business, residence, inside and outside, at the lowest prices.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

468 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — Household furniture, sewing machine, chickens, etc.; owner going East. Inquire 1615 Fruitvale ave.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.65@4.75; bakers' extras, $4.40@4.50 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.50@6.20; in sacks, $5.00@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$15@20 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS — Rolled barley, $25; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $28@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$15.50@16 per ton.

HAY — Wheat and oat, $15@17.50; oat, $15@16; barley, $14.50@15.50; compressed wheat, $23@24; compressed oat, $16@18; alfalfa, $12.50@13; clover, nominal.

NEW HAY — Wheat, $18@18.50; island barley, $13@14.50.

STRAW—60@85c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.75@2.90; small whites, $2@2.15; large whites, $1.90@2; pinks, $2.50@2.60; reds, $2.50@2.75; blackeye, $3@3.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2@3; peas, $2@2.15; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS — Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.25; flax, $2@2.05; canary seed, 2½@2¾c per lb; alfalfa, 3@6c; rape, 2½@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5½c.

DRIED PEAS — Niles, $1.75@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 70@85c; new potatoes, 40@50c for early rose and 40@55c for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 50@60c per ctl for red and 70@80c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 2½c per lb; string beans, 3½@4c; bay squash, 25@40c box; dried pepers, 5@6c lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 50c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 2@3c lb; cucumbers, 25@35c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 20@40c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES — Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 15@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 60c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY — Live turkeys, 12½@14c for gobblers and 12@13c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, $1@1.25; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $3@4 for young; hens, $4@5; roosters, young, $4.50@5.50; roosters, old, $3.50@5; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 20c; seconds, 18@19c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@18c; second grades, 15c.

Eastern Butter — Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 8@9c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8½@9½c; Eastern, 12@13c.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 18@21c per dozen; store eggs, 13@15c; duck eggs, 17@18c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS — Strawberries, $3.50@5 per chest for large and $7 for small berries; apples, 35@60c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and 20@40c per basket; blackberries, $2.50@4 per crate; plums, 50@75c per crate and 20@60c per box; apricots, 40@75c per box and 40@65c per crate for royals; peaches, 25@65c per box and 50@75c per basket; crabapples, 25@35c per box; raspberries, $4@7 per chest.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.25@1.50; seedlings, 75c@$1.25; lemons, $1.25@2 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.00@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon—9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10c for light, 11c for extra light and 12@12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 9½@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12c per lb.

LARD — Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 8c for pure; pail, 8¾c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 7½c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8¼c; 5 lb tins, 8¾c.

COTTOLENE — Tierces, 6¾@7c; packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9½c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8½c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8½c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7½c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8½c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7½c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7¾c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c second quality, 6¼@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 6@7c per lb.

MUTTON — Wethers, 7½@8c; owes, 7@7½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 8@8½c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4½@4½ for large and 4¾@5c for medium; stock hogs, 2@2½c; dressed hogs, 6@7½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS — Calcutta grain bags, 4¾c; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL — Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.00; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $11 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6¼c; dry granulated, 6¼c; confectioners' A, 5¾c; magnolia A, 5½c; extra C, 5⅝c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ¼c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅝c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2½c for 2-crown, 2¼@2¾c for 3-crown, 3@3½c for 4-crown, 3¾c for seedless sultanas, 2¾c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 4¾@5c for 40-50's, 4¼@4½c for 50-60's, 3¾@4c for 60-70's, 3¼@3½c for 70-80's, 2¾@3c for 80-90's, 2@2½c for 90-100's; peaches, 4@5½c; fancy, 6½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1¾@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 8½@9c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 5@6c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5¼c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS — Heavy salted steers, 10c; medium, 9c; light, 8½c; dry calf, 17c; culls and brands, 12c; deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 70@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 30@40c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.10 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3¼c per lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4½@4¾c; grease, 2c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 7@10c; southern mountain, 9@11; free northern, 12@14c; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; Valley Oregon, 15@17c.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1898.

DEEDS.

July 23, 1898—Central Land Co. (a cptn) to John P. Beckett, Okd, S Logan or 36th st 216 W Grove st W 50 x S 120-3 blk C, Central Ld Co's tct, $600.

July 21, 1898—Geo. & Carrie R. Sterling to The Realty Syndicate, 12 Okd, 4.73 acres N Excelsior av distant SE 212 from most N cor Clinton Mound tct, th SE 251 NE 580 to center Indian Gulch th W 351 to NE cor sub 1 th SW 594 to beg, being sub No. 2 on Map of 24-acre tct of Est. John B. Watson, $2000.

July 20, 1898—B. Kelsey to Mary J. & Louis Brischoux, Okd Tp, Lot 93, Maxwell tct, QCD, $75.

July 28, 1898—The McCarthy Co. (a cptn) to Henry Meyer, Bklyn Tp, Lot 10 blk E, Fruitvale Terminal tct, $300.

Apr. 20, 1895—Morice Keller to Richard Keller, Ala, N Clement av 287-9½ W Park st W 50 x N 145, being lot 21 blk 43, Minturn tct, Gift.

July 27, 1898—V. D. Moody to Mary Moody, Okd, N W-14th st 82 E Chestnut st E 40 x N 105 blk 589,; Okd Anx, Lots 1 to 8 blk 2117, Alden tct at Temescal, Gift.

Apr. 27, 1898—Chas. M. & Lena G. MacGregor to Severin Anderson, Okd, NW Linden and 32d sts N 100 x W 45-9 being lot 27 and E 10 ft lot 28 blk 675, Glascock tct, $10.

July 11, 1898—John P. Beckett to Marguerite E. Beckett wf A. E., Okd Anx., Lot 7, Map of Becketts' 2d Addn to Okd, $625.

July 15, 1898—Emoretta E Echlin wf Jas. A., to John J. O'Rourke, Okd Anx, Lots 13 and 14 blk F, Parsons Golden Gate tct; Beg at SE cor lot 14 blk F, Parsons Goldin Gate tct th SE 100.60 to center of Temescal Creek th down center of said creek NW 42.57 NW 69.73 to a pt where the W line of lot 13 extended intersects the center line of said creek th NW 26.84 to SW cor lot 13 th NE 80 to beg, being ptn blk F, Parsons' Golden Gate tct; E line lot 12 distant 114 S from S Mattie av th NW to a pt on E line lot 11, 95 from S Mattie av th SW 118 S 56.24 E 80 N 58.15 to beg blk F, Parsons' Golden Gate tct, $10.

June 30, 1898—Mattie S. McCormick to Dewitt C. Voy, Bkly, Lots 12, 13 and 14 blk 115, tct B, Bkly L. & T. I. Assn; Lots 10 and 11 blk 87, tct B, Bkly L. & T. I. Assn, $50.

June 30, 1898—Dewitt C. Voy to F. H. & Mattie S. McCormick, Bkly, Lots 12, 13, and 14 blk 115, Same, $50.

June 30, 98—F H McCormick to Dewitt C Voy, Ala, SW High st and Lincoln ave S 52.9 x W 117.6½ blk A, Sather and Robinson tract.

June 30, 98—F H McCormick to Dewitt C Voy, Ala, SE Court st and Lincoln av S 105.9 x E 117.6½ blk B, Same.

June 30, 98—F. H. McCormick to Dewitt C Voy, Ala, lot 6 blk A, Liberty and Garfield tract.

June 30, 98—F H McCormick to Dewitt C Voy, Ala, S Clement av 269.2½ Park st W 37.8 x S 145 blk 44, Minturn tract.

June 30, 98—F H McCormick to Dewitt C Voy, Ala, N Buena Vista av 92.6 W Standford st W 46 x N 147.6, $100.

June 30, 98—F H and Mattie S McCormick to Same, Ala, E cor Alameda av and Union st NE 150 x SE 148 being lots 11, 12, and 13, blk 2, Bartlett 50 acre tract, $10.

June 30, 98—Dewitt C Voy to F H and Mattie S McCormick, Ala, Same, $10.

June 30, 98—Same to Same, Ala, SW High st and Lincoln av S 52.9 x W 117.-6½, lot 18 blk A, Sather and Robinson tract.

Same to Same, SE Court st and Lincoln av S 105.9 x E 117.6½, lots 16 and 17 blk B, Same.

Same to Same, Ala, lot 6 blk A, Liberty and Garfield tract.

Same to Same, Ala, N Buena Vista av 92.6 W Stanford st W 46 x N 147.6, $100.

July 19, 98—Jacob and Frances L Schmidt to Sunol Land & Imp Co (cpn,) Murray Tp, lot 54 blk K, Map of Sub A of Thermal Ro at Sunol, $10.

MORTGAGES.

July 28, 98—Wm C and Mary Fleischhauer to Equity B & L Assn, Okd, N Taylor st 128 E Campbell st E 28 x N 120 blk 698, $600.

June 30, 97—Warren F Myers to Wm C Spencer, Bklyn Tp, 50 acres beg at a pt on W bdry line of 403.74 acre tract of N T Smith and W F Meyers by deed of May 31, 97 from which pt a tree standing near the confluence of Sausal Creek with an E branch on S bdry line of the 403.74 acre tract bears SE 5 chs distant th NE 21.51 chs NE 28.75 chs to a pt on NW bdry of said tract of Sausal Creek as follows SW 81 links to the old station in external Survey th following said Survey down said creek SW 9.30 chs SW 12 chs SW 9.30 chs SW 7 chs SE 4.75 chs to bg being ptn Antonio Maria Peralta ptn San Antonio Rc, 2 years, 8 per cent, $1,300.

July 15, 98—A E and Marguerite S Beckett to Pacific Surety Co of Cal, Okd Anx, lot 7 Map of Beckett's 2d Addn to Okd, 1 year, 8 per cent, $1,500.

DEEDS OF TRUST.

July 7, 1898—John P. Beckett to Du Ray Smith and Adeline H. Brown, trustees for Lottie Brown, S 36th st 216 W Grove st W 50 x S 120-3 blk C, ppty Central Land Co., Okd; $2,000.

July 28, 1898—Theo. W. and Wilhelme Leydecker to H. Severing and J. E. Baker, trustees Alameda Savings Bank, N Santa Clara av since widened 24 E from line dividing the Chipman E 111.687 acre tract from the Aughinbaugh 223.374 acre tract E 75 x N 150, Ala; $1,500.

July 29, 1898—H. N. Morse to J. West Martin and Wm. G. Henshaw, trustees Union Savings Bank, 4.40 acres being plot 3 and 5.78 acres being plot 4 Watson tract of 100 acres; excepting E Newton av 91.35 N from NW Watson av, th N on a curve to the left with a radius of 200.1 ft 162.89 ft to NW Watson av, th SW 211.8 to E Newton av, th N 91.35 to beg, E Okd; $10,000.

July 25, 1898—Rosamond R. and N. R. Johnson to Isaac L. Requa and W. W. Garthwaite, trustees Oakland Bank of Savings, E Myrtle st 193-6 S W-14th st S 40 x E 125 blk B map of Okd Central Hd Assn, Okd; $1,000.

RELEASES.

July 25, 1898—W. G. Henshaw and W. J. Dingee to Michael A. and Mary Hogan, 444 m 413, lot 12 blk A, Major Given tract, Okd Annex; $550.

July 26, 1898—Oakland B. & L. Assn to John and Virginia Dragus, 438 m 235, lot 13 blk A, map of sub blk 23 North Alameda tract, Bklyn Tp; $300.

July 28, 1898—Equity B. & L. Assn to Wm. C. and Mary Fleischhauer, 326 m 206, S Taylor st 128 E Campbell st E 28 x S 120, Okd; $1,800.

Marginal—Delos Pratt to A. K. and Ellen C. Alexander, 575 m 219, lot 15 in sub B Fruitvale Terminal tract, Bklyn Tp; $200.

Marginal—Bertha Lebrecht to Manuel F. Correia, 401 m 365, SE side county road leading to Mowry's Landing, where said road is intersected by NE line lands formerly of Wm. P. Abbey and SW line lands now or recently of Pacific Land Investment Co., th NW to beg, Wash Tp; $250.

Marginal—Chas. M. MacGregor to Severin and Fredericka Anderson, 680 m 67, NW Linden and 32d sts N 100 x W 45.9 blk 675, Glascock tract, Okd; $200.

LIS PENDENS.

15,372—July 28, 1898—Josephine F. Brugi

(Official.)

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Proceedings of Adjourned Regular Meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Monday, July 25, 1898.

The Board of Supervisors met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The roll was called and all members were found to be present except Supervisor Roeth.

The minutes of the meetings held July 18th and July 21st were read and approved without alteration.

RELIEF TO INDIGENTS.

The following persons made application for relief:

Mrs. Josephine Openshaw, 1815 Oak street, nativity Massachusetts, widow, five children

Referred to Supervisor Talcott.

Damiana Sibian, Melrose, nativity California, married, four children.

Referred to the Red Cross committee.

The matter of assistance to Miss Eva Chenoworth was discussed.

Referred to Hospital Committee.

REPORTS OF COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Reports were received from:

Surgeon Receiving Hospital, showing patients admitted, 72; died, 1; sent to County Infirmary, 1; discharged, 72; total number of services, 118.

APPLICATION FOR PERMITS.

Herman Bock, Elmhurst, made application for permit to obtain license for sale of liquors.

Referred to Ordinance and Judiciary Committee.

The bond accompanying the same was approved by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

ALLOWANCE OF CREDITS.

Edward Murray made application for allowance of credits so that his term of imprisonment would expire on July 27th instead of August 26th.

Supervisor Church moved that it be granted.

Seconded, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

REQUISITIONS.

From Sheriff, for badges and handcuffs.

Referred to Building Committee with power.

From R. T. Stratton, Receiving Hospital, for drugs, splints, etc.

AFFIDAVITS OF POSTING.

For grading of county road No. 2,900. Affidavits of John Wells. Filed.

BIDS FOR PIPE LINE, WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Supervisor Wells moved that all bids for pipe line in Washington township be rejected owing to an informality and in accordance with opinion of District Attorney the bids were ordered returned to bidders unopened, by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

THORNHILL AND SHEPARD PASS ROAD, CO. ROAD NO.

Resolutions were received from Merchants' Exchange relative to building road from Alameda county to connect with road from Contra Costa county on Thornhill and Shepard Pass.

After remarks by Wilbur Walker, Esq., in reference to said matter, the matter was set down for hearing Monday, August 1st.

WEBSTER STREET BRIDGE AND ALICE STREET BRIDGE.

Clerk to telegraph asking for six months' extension.

The following resolution was introduced by Supervisor Church:

"Resolved, That the Clerk be and he is hereby directed, for and in behalf of the Board of Supervisors of Alameda county, to telegraph to the Secretary of War at Washington, D. C., requesting that the time for the removal of the Alice street bridge in Alameda county be extended for six (6) months from August 1st, 1898."

The resolution was adopted on motion of Supervisor Church, seconded by Supervisor Wells, by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

The Clerk was directed to send telegram after consultation with District Attorney.

ENGROSSING RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Supervisor Church moved that a Committee of One to have engrossed resolutions of respect to the memory of C. M. White, Geo. C. Woodsum, D. C. Cameron, Gustave Koch and J. J. Lerri, victims of the Melrose explosion.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

The Chair appointed Supervisor Church such committee with power.

WEBSTER STREET BRIDGE.

Copies of resolutions passed by the Merchants' Exchange and Alameda City Board of Trustees were presented and read, also letter under date of July 13th, 1898, from Southern Pacific Company, renewing offer previously made giving free use of the Alice street bridge free of charge, pending construction and completion of Webster street.

Documents ordered filed.

CONSTABLE OAKLAND TOWNSHIP.

Petitions for appointments as Constables of Oakland township were received from Edw. Weidler and J. C. Williamson, and same were ordered filed.

POUNDMASTER ALVARADO POUND DISTRICT.

G. Rojas presented resignation as Poundmaster of Alvarado Pound District. The same was accepted.

Philip Gilbert petitioned for appointment to position made vacant by resignation of G. Rojas.

Supervisor Wells moved that he be appointed.

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

A bond in the sum of $250, with John Henningsen and J. V. Ralph as sureties, was then presented and ordered approved by the Chairman, on motion of Supervisor Church, seconded by Supervisor Wells, by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

PROTEST AGAINST REBUILDING FUSE WORKS, MELROSE.

A protest signed by E. K. Marwedel and 196 others against the rebuilding of fuse works at Melrose, also resolutions passed at mass meeting held July 23d, were read and ordered filed, after which the matter was referred to the Ordinance and Judiciary Committee acting in conjunction with the District Attorney, to prepare proper ordinance and present same at next meeting of Board.

REMOVAL OF BRIDGE OVER PERALTA OR ADAMS CREEK.

A petition was presented by Cosmopolitan Building and Loan Association and others, protesting against the removal of bridge across Peralta or Adams creek.

Ordered filed and referred to District Attorney.

RECESS.

The Chair then declared a recess until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board reassembled at 2 o'clock. Roll called, and all present except Supervisor Roeth.

RELIEF TO INDIGENTS.

The following persons made application for relief:

Mrs. M. K. Dean, 838 Oak, nativity California, widow, one child.

Referred to Supervisor Church.

Supervisor Talcott reported that he had granted the following persons who were sufferers by the Melrose explosion, assistance in groceries, in the following amounts: Wm. Park, $7; Robt. Stevenson, $5; E. Horsman, $5; Fred Jacobsen, $5; A. Fisher, $3.

Supervisor Mitchell moved that the action of Supervisor Talcott be endorsed.

Seconded by Supervisor Wells and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

EXTENSION OF TIME, N. W. ARMSTRONG.

Supervisor Wells moved that one week's further time be granted N. W. Armstrong to complete contract for grading road in Murray township.

Seconded by Supervisor Church, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

OATH OF OFFICE COMMISSIONERS FRUITVALE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1.

The oath of office of E. W. Marwedel, P. L. Bassett and P. C. Fredericks as Fire Commissioners of Fruitvale Fire District No. 1 was presented and filed.

GRADING.

First—San Leandro road from lands of O'Neil and Ivey to Orchard avenue.

Second—Fruitvale avenue from San Leandro road to Hopkins street.

The County Surveyor presented the following:

"Oakland, July 25th, 1898.

"To the Hon. the Board of Supervisors of the County of Alameda, State of California:

"Gentlemen: I estimate the cost of grading, macadamizing, etc., of that portion of San Leandro road near Elmhurst as per specifications therefor filed with your Board on June 25th, 1898, and changed and modified by an order or resolution of your honorable body this day at $7,200.

"I estimate the cost of grading and macadamizing Fruitvale avenue as per specification therefor filed June 27th, 1898, at $5,000.

"Respectfully,

"GEO. L. NUSBAUMER,
"County Surveyor."

Thereafter the following resolutions were introduced:

"Whereas, It has been determined to grade and macadamize that portion of the San Leandro road commencing at or near the line dividing the lands of O'Neil and Ivey and extending northwesterly to the westerly line of Mountain View avenue.

"Therefore Resolved, That the County Surveyor be directed to modify the specifications now on file covering the above work so as to read in place of 3,861 feet on line 6 page 1 of said specifications 3,190 feet, and on line 7 in place of station 91 and 34 to read 81 and 70, and on line 16 page 3 in place of 3,320 cubic yards to read 2,400 cubic yards and in place of 450 same line 3 read 560.

"That the plans and specifications filed June 25, 1898, be and the same are hereby approved and adopted as modified.

"Be it further Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board give notice in accordance with the provisions of law of said work by publishing the same in the Oakland Weekly Tribune and San Leandro Reporter, and that said notice fix the day for the presentation of bids or proposals for said work as August 15th, 1898, at 11 A. M., at the office of the Clerk of said Board of Supervisors, and that said notice also require that a certified check on some responsible bank accompany said bid for an amount equal to 10 per cent of the respective bids or proposals.

"Said check to be payable to the Clerk of this Board, and to be forfeited to the county of Alameda as agreed and liquidated damages should the party or parties to whom the contract for said work is awarded fail to enter into the contract for the performance of said work or fail to give the bond required by this Board."

The roll was called and the resolution adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

CAMP BARRETT REGULATIONS.

The following resolution was introduced:

"Whereas, Many complaints have come to this Board that High street, near Camp Barrett, is being unlawfully obstructed in such a manner as to prevent the free passage and use thereof in the customary manner by the people of this county.

"Now therefore be it Resolved, That the Board of Supervisors of this county do hereby request Colonel Park Henshaw, in command of said Camp Barrett, to aid the officers of the law in keeping said street free from obstruction at or near said camp."

Adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

RECOVERY OF MONEY FROM STATE PAID OUT FOR SUPPORT OF AGED PERSONS IN INDIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES.

J. E. Douglass appeared before Board in regard to recovery of moneys paid to aged persons in indigent circumstances and which had not been repaid to county by State.

He offered to bear all expense of litigation, etc., for compensation of 25 per cent of money recovered.

Written offer filed.

Referred to District Attorney.

ALLOWANCE OF BILLS.

The following claims having been favorably passed upon by a majority of the Auditing and Finance Committee were ordered paid to the persons hereinafter mentioned out of the funds stated and in the amounts given, by the following vote, on motion of Supervisor Mitchell, duly seconded:

Ayes—Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Wells and Chairman Talcott—4.

Absent—Supervisor Roeth—1.

The following were the bills ordered paid.

County General Fund—Bank of Pleasanton, assignee Aug. Bernal, $5; same, assignee Wm. Brophy, $12, $9; Bank of San Leandro, assignee Oakland Printing Co., $165.60; same, assignee J. E. Quinn, $15; James B. Barber, $5.42; E. Barnett, assignee Berkeley Gazette, $25; same, assignee California Publishing Co., $25; same, assignee Oakland (Cal.) Record, $25; same, assignee Oakland Saturday Night, $25; same, assignee Olla Podrida Publishing Co., $25; A. Bretz, $25; California Bank, assignee H. V. Herbert, $9.55; Jas. T. Carey, $75; J. L. Champlin & Co., $22; H. L. Chapman, assignee C. H. Scofield, $25; Guy H. Chick, assignee Emeryville Journal, $25; L. H. Cobb, $25; Contra Costa Water Co., $4.50, $42.50; Henry P. Dalton, $825; G. B. Daniels & Co., $17.90; Fred A. Davis, $125; J. J. Delahanty, $8, $18.20, $49; Daniel Denahy, $75; J. L. Donovan, $145; J. P. Dunn, $60; Wm. P. Dunshee, $220, $180; W. M. Fallon, $100; J. P. Garlick, $44.10; H. F. Goff, $5; W. G. Hawkett, $100; Benj. Haynes, $14.80; C. J. Jacobson, $20.00; Frank W. James, $100; E. L. Johnston, $100; W. J. Keating, $75; Myra Knox, $5; P. J. Kolich, $5.10; J. H. Lankiren, trustee, assignee John H. Delahanty, $25; same, trustee, assignee Everett S. Dowdle, $15.25; same, trustee, assignee J. P. Dunn, $120; same, trustee, assignee Chas. A. Emley, $85; same, trustee, assignee F. J. Gregory, $25; same, trustee, assignee Harrington & Melnnis, $15.05; same, trustee, assignee T. W. Leydecker, $70; same, trustee, assignee C. W. Logan, $15; same, trustee, assignee Niles Weekly Herald, $25; same, trustee, assignee E. A. Richmond, $25; same, trustee, assignee Squire & Leavitt, $1, $5.15, $8.05; same, trustee, assignee Frank T. Thompson, $65.50; same, trustee, assignee Tribune Publishing Co., $15.75, $8.10, $25.71, $11.64, $18.50, $2.46, $22.29, $3.42, $12.06, $1.29, $2.55, $5.61, $1.20, $1.44, $15.15, $11.41, 67 cents, $1.32, $18.89; same, trustee, assignee I. Van Buskirk, $20.10; same, trustee, assignee J. M. Young, $5; same, trustee, assignee Samuel Dinsmore, $28.75; same, trustee, assignee Samuel Rolin, $26.90; same, trustee, assignee Philip Rogers, $31.75; Eugene Lynch, $55; C. E. Maloney, $75; J. G. Mattos Jr., assignee C. C. L. Soares, manager, $25; John P. Maxwell, $1.50; J. L. Milton, $15; J. W. Moore, $75; T. W. Morgan, $10; Oakland Enquirer Publishing Co., $300, $25, $53.41; Oakland Gas, Light and Heat Co., $20.55, $40.65, $14.40; Oakland Journal, $25; Oakland Times, $150; Osgood Bros., $12, $22.50; Joseph Pimental, $30; A. D. Peral, $92; Chas. Roeth, $54.90; C. M. Rosenberg, assignee Haywards Journal, $25; same, assignee E. B. Thompson, $25; same, assignee James W. Travers, $25; H. N. Rucker, $20; Geo. H. Russell, $8.30; J. F. Summers, $75; Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., $9.75, $8; $2.45, $15.25, $1, $39.90, $23.35, $10.25, $8.80, $20.75, $16.40, $7; E. K. Taylor, assignee Encinal Publishing Co., $100; Jas. P. Taylor, $17.59, $23.64; Western Union Telegraph Co., $20.55; Al Williams, $89; Bank of Livermore, assignee Hopkin Hughes, $32; Mrs. M. A. Chauvet, $5.50; Jos. Mello, $408; E. B. Stone, $497; A. Strong & Co., $30.

County Infirmary Fund—Gad Aylwin, $31; W. T. Ashley, $4; Mrs. E. E. Bandy, $37.50; Geo. W. Baxley, $75; Bay State Mercantile Co., $22; Beaudry & McAvoy, $10; Geo. Beck & Co., $38; Burnett & Atkins, $17; S. H. Bureau, $75; M. Carroll, $119.50; J. L. Champlin, $2; W. A. Clark, $125; Geo. W. Cook, $45; Luke Doyle, $20, $30; Ellis Bros., $68; First National Bank, assignee Oakland Mattress Co., $96; Georgo Ford, $2.25; E Freund, $6; Chas. Jeannot, $30; Ed Gill, $8; J. Gillam, $10; C. Hadlen & Sons, $57; H. A. Hebard, $4; Sam'l J. Jeffers, $35; M. Joost, $28; Joseph Judge, $30; P. J. Kolich, $23.10; J. B. Lankiree, trustee, assignee Contra Costa Laundry Assn., $7.80; same, trustee, assignee James Lamb, $6.60, $30.80; same, trustee, assignee Rose & Barrard, $5; same, trustee, assignee Lee Wells, $5; Thos. J. Lavin, $40; M. Learner, $18; Leitch & Corrigan, $10; J. F. Lilley, $40; Jas. L. McCarthy, $16; Murphy & Briscoe, $98; Dan'l Nealon, $15; Oakland Gas, Light and Heat Co., $14.85; Mrs. Annie O'Brien, $10; Pacific Press Publishing Co., $3.75; H. Peterson, $15.90; Chas. A. Sessions, agent, $255.22; Smallman & Cumming, $28; Chas. Stanton, $10; R. T. Stratton, $150; Walter Snell, $162; Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., $12.30, $15, $7.35; I. D. Tobin, $85; Geo. Turner, $30; Geo. W. Walker, $50; R. J. Williams, $40; J. V. Wollpert, $37.50; Mrs. M. A. Chauvert, 50 cents; Strong & Co., $15.

General Road Fund—Bank of Livermore, assignee Hopkins Hughes, $1; Jos. Mello, $1; E. B. Stone, $1.

Brooklyn District Road Fund—J. B. Lankiree, trustee, assignee Tribune Publishing Co., $10.19; Geo. L. Nusbaumer, $20, $80; E. B. Stone, $18, $8.00, $27, $3.60.

Decoto District Road Fund—J. B. Lankiree, trustee, assignee Tribune Publishing Co., $7.52; Geo. L. Nusbaumer, $37.20; Henry Ott, $5.

Dublin District Road Fund—Jos. Mello, $1.

Fruitvale District Road Fund—Encinal Publishing Co., $9.27; Geo. L. Nusbaumer, $130, $10, $80; Henry Ott, $7.50; E. B. Stone, $25, $10.60, $25, $1.

Mission District Road Fund—J. B. Lankiree, assignee Chas. Riedel, $12.

Murray District Road Fund—Geo. L. Nusbaumer, $238.20; Bank of Livermore, assignee Hopkins Hughes, $1.

Pleasanton District Road Fund—Bank of Livermore, assignee Hopkins Hughes, $1.

San Lorenzo District Road Fund—Geo. L. Nusbaumer, $20, $70; Henry Ott, $7.50; E. B. Stone, $15, $170.20.

Vallecito District Road Fund—Orrin Bayles, $1.

Washington District Road Fund—O. N. Hirsch & Co., $3; same, assignee William Ramsell, $8; J. E. Lankiree, trustee, assignee Chris P. Miller, $25.50.

ADJOURNMENT.

There being no further business to transact, the Board then adjourned to meet August 1st, 1898, at 10 A. M.

J. R. TALCOTT,
Chairman.

Attest: Frank C. Jordan, Clerk.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 901 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

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Is not in Alaska. It is on Twelfth street, between Broadway and Washington streets. Never mind the numbers. It is a gentleman's resort. There is music, Anheuser Busch beer direct from the East. Any lunch to order, and a dining room for families. C. H. Kuck.

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Just received—a large stock of hyacinth, tulip, daffodil and other spring flowering bulbs. An immense stock. Plant early for early flowers.

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Tel. Main 576. 517 Fourteenth street.

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E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 376 Twelfth street.

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Is done to last. Lowest prices. Prompt attention. Anywhere in Oakland. Call up telephone black-14, 1202 San Pablo.

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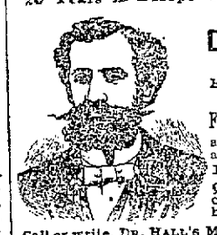

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THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 18ox75 feet, and other improvements.

Hot and cold mineral baths.

Climate, scenery and location unequaled.

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If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged convenient to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.

A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $5.00, room and board $8.00 per week; board for campers $5 00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.

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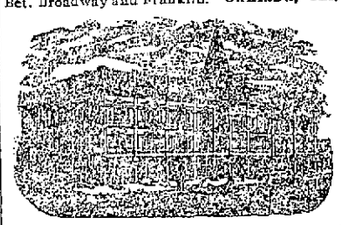

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The former proprietors of
HUFF HOUSE
are now located at the
METROPOLE
6 TURK STREET
Junction Market and Mason, San Francisco, and would be pleased to see their old friends.

I having been a patient under the care of the California Willow Bark Institute at Oakland, California, Dr. A. B. Barnes, Medical Director, for four weeks, for the liquor habit, I feel it due to the Institute, as well as a pleasure to myself, to add my testimonial, hoping it may aid some other poor fellow. I have no craving or appetite for alcoholic stimulants. The California Willow Bark Institute have done as they agreed to with me, and I am glad to say I am now cured of the disease of dipsomania and drunkenness.

Respectfully,
JACK PARSONS.

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CALIFORNIA WILLOW BARK INSTITUTE,
1020 Oak Street, corner Eleventh.
A purely vegetable cure for Dipsomania, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco habits.

RAILROADS

Southern Pacific Company

Trains are Due to Arrive and Leave

—at—
OAKLAND
SIXTEENTH STREET STATION.

Leave.	From July 10, 1898.	Arrive.
7:34 a	Benicia, Suisun, Sacramento	10:09 a
7:34 a	Marysville, Oroville and Redding via Woodland	5:14 p
7:34 a	Vacaville and Rumsey	8:02 p
8:04 a	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	5:46 p
8:37 a	Atlantic Express, Ogden and East	8:07 p
9:36 a	New Orleans Express, Fresno, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	6:03 p
10:32 a	Vallejo, Martinez and way stations	7:14 p
.....	Fresno, Yosemite, Merced, Martinez	11:45 a
4:34 p	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, El Verano, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	8:44 a
4:38 p	Benicia, Vacaville, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville and Sacramento	10:09 a
5:09 p	Los Angeles Express, Lathrop, Modesto, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	7:04 a
5:10 a	Peters, Oakdale and Jamestown	6:39 p
5:09 p	Martinez, Merced, Raymond, Yosemite and Fresno	11:45 a
5:09 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	6:03 p
6.40 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:09 a
*6:40 p	Vallejo	11:45 a
†7:00 p	Vallejo, Port Costa and way stations	†9:20 p
8:38 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	7:36 a

NILES ROUTE.
First Street Near Broadway.

*6:36 a	Via Seventh St., Niles, San Jose and way stations	*8:06 a
9:10 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Ione, Sacramento, Marysville, Chico, Tehama and Red Bluff	3:37 p
*9:10 a	Milton	*6:39 p
1:36 p	Niles, San Jose and way stations	*9:09 a
.....	San Jose, Niles and way stations	†8:36 a
2:36 p	Livermore, Mendota, Hanford and Visalia	3:37 p
.....	Livermore, San Jose, Niles and way stations	*10:46 a
5:09 p	Niles, San Jose, Tracy and Stockton	0:39 p
5:09 p	Stockton and Lodi	0:39 p
6:40 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:07 a

A for morning. P for afternoon.
‡Sundays only. *Sundays excepted.

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IRISH FAIR

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CALIFORNIA RAILWAY

—TO—
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TRAINS LEAVE TIDAL CANAL BRIDGE, ALAMEDA.

6:00, 9:00, *9:30, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, #6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE LEONA HEIGHTS.

7:35, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, *11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30 9:30 p. m.

*Sundays only.

Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway cars to Tidal Canal bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway conductors.

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NOTICE—All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.
Oakland, January 1, 1898.

BANKS.

—THE—
First National Bank of Oakland

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

Capital stock paid up.....$300,000

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Principal Correspondents—San Francisco, First National Bank, Lincoln, Paris and American Bank L'd, and Bank of California; New York, National Park Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank.

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Location, N. W. cor. of Broadway and Twelfth St.

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Cor. Broadway and 12th St.

INCORPORATED 1867.

Authorized Capital	$1,000,000 00
Capital Paid in	480,000 00
Reserve and Contingent Fund	187,559 81
Deposits Dec. 31, 1897	5,210,540 72

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OAKLAND, CAL.

Authorized capital	$1,000,000
Capital fully paid up	200,000
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LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the
County Clerk of Alameda County,
Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1083, which provides that those who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts

PAGE OF HISTORY.

A glimpse into the lives of two young girls is shown in a charming way by a manuscript written nearly two centuries ago, which has just been brought to light. The paper bears the dates of 1709 and 1711. The words were penned by Anne Brayne, and concern herself and her beautiful sister Kate, who afterward became the wife of Alexander Spotswood, governor of the Virginia colony, whose name is closely identified with the early history of that part of the country. The first chapter in this entertaining little romance reads as follows:

"A school girl's journal! What folly to keep a record of idle days! Pranks played on old professors and stolen sweets eaten on the sly! Kate, my lovely sister, keeps me up to it. You do not know, Anne, how readable it will be when you and I are matrons,' she would say. We have been pupils in Madame Askirt's celebrated seminary for many years, placed here by our good uncle, James Butler, Earl of Ormond. Our mother had been lady-in-waiting on the Princess Anne during the reign of her sister Mary, and a warm friendship existed between them. On her deathbed she consigned her two orphan girls to the princess, and through her influence we were placed in this school dedicated to noble young ladies. We have passed all the branches (precious few) which are taught; can dance a minuet, drop a sweeping courtesy, work all sorts of hideous dragons and nondescript flowers on canvas, and are now full-fledged young ladies, ready for society. The blackboard has been taken from us, shoulderbraces removed, and hoop and fardingale adorn our girlish figures. Our uncle is to present us at court next month, and we are only existing for that event.

'I will describe how we look, this bright June morning," the story goes on. "She is tall and the embodiment of grace. Oh, such dewy violet eyes! Complexion of roses and lips like cherries, teeth which must have been the whitest of pearls, and sunny brown hair which lies in masses of curls around her ivory neck. Oh, my darling Kate, you are the perfection of girlhood!

"Poor insignificant me! As I walk by her side, I look like a pigmy. A little brown, slender thing with nothing attractive save a pair of merry sparkling eyes, and a hundred laughing dimples around my mouth. My only attraction is a sweet-toned voice. My music teacher said I had a nightingale in my throat, and Mrs. Askirt said I was a famous reader." Then follows a description of a visit to the school of Mrs. Herbert, lady's maid to Lady Ormond, aunt of the girls, who has come to inform them of the death of their uncle and to take them away to the funeral. By his will the girls are heiresses, and after the days of mourning are over they are taken to Queen Anne, who is to find them a suitable home.

Under date of May 10, Anne writes: "The summons has come and tomorrow we leave for the court. I am all excitement and in everybody's way. Lady Ormond fears the Duchess of Marlborough will claim us, as her influence is terrible, and then, poor Anne, no more fun or frolic for you!" A little later it says: "Well, the ordeal is passed and we have come out as Mrs. H. hoped. The Queen was all love, tears and kisses. She took me, her little namesake, in her arms and said she 'loved me for my likeness to her dead friend, my mother.' Kate's beauty rather dazzled her, so you see my plain looks did me service. She wishes the Countess of Sutherland to take us, but dares not act till her friend, 'Mrs. Freeman' (the Duchess of Marlborough), has been consulted.

"June 1—Alas! alas! The Duchess has set her lion's paw on us two lambs and we are inmates of her palace, for she rivals royalty in her surroundings. We have a suite of rooms with countless attendants. Mrs. Herbert is our first maid, and I sicken over the cold, heartless routine of court life. As to the Duchess, I fairly despise her and fear her. To you, dear journal, I will draw her person and character. She is an overpowering woman, with blunt manners, voluble tongue and fierce black eyes. Scandal is the breath of her life; to divulge secrets, undermine friendships and aggravate enmities are her enjoyment. I recoil by instinct from contact with her, and Kate is so subdued by her loud, harsh tones as never to speak in her presence.

"The Duke, who conquers countries and leads victorious armies, is so subdued by her that he never stays at home. Her tyranny is so great that it has called forth public remonstrance. Last week she did not have a gown to put on and so could not open a drawing room. The Duchess, as mistress of the robes, had carried them off, and, her enemies say, sold them. We slipped off to see the Queen one day, but we paid the penalty, for the Duchess locked us up for two days. I really feel as if I should lose my hope of heaven if I live longer with this she-dragon."

Colonel Alexander Spotswood, a Scotchman, whom the Queen approves, falls in love with Kate and he is made Governor of the Queen's favorite colony, Virginia having been freed of her tyrant. The wedding takes place in the court chapel, the Queen's gift being a bandeau of diamonds. Anne is domesticated as reader to the Queen, while the young couple go to Scotland. She reads all the new books, she says, the Rambler, Tattler, and they are very amusing, as is Gulliver's Travels. Then comes the account of the start from England.

The London Emigration Society is bidding largely for emigrants to go out with the new Governor, a band of scientific men is engaged to explore, investigate and report on the advantages of the country, and the Queen is aiding them by promises of land grants. I am all eagerness for the change, for I am wearied of the deceitfulness of court, and I think I will marry an Indian chief so as to get back to nature.

September 1—The captain of the Erebus has written to the Queen for the dispatches, as he sails tomorrow, and there is hasty preparation to leave. I am ashamed to say, dear journal, that smiles, not tears, adorned my face. It is only when my arms are around my Queen, my second mother, that a sob chokes my utterance. She slips a package in my hand, not to be opened until I reach Virginia, and then I tear myself from her embrace, and in a few hours am standing with Kate on board a noble man-of-war vessel.

Three large ships laden with emigrants follow in the wake, and strains of music with hearty cheers from the shore bid us farewell. Kate has two ladies-in-waiting to accompany her, for she is to represent royalty in Virginia. They are a noble looking couple, and will be an ornament. Poor little, insignificant me! I will act as a foil to Kate's loveliness.

We have now been fourteen days at sea and for the first time I have held up my head. The Governor holds a levee every evening and quite a crowd of well dressed guests are present. "What can be taking so many sprigs of nobility to Virginia?" I ask of a wise old gentleman. "Why, Lady Anne, they are office seekers; each one expects a lucrative position under the new Governor. They were worthless at home and their friends have sent them to other pastures hoping never to see them again." I turn with a feeling of disgust from them as they present themselves as partners in the minuet. I have had enough of your kind at court, I think; so always decline the dance. I am overwhelmed with admirers. I dare not set my foot on deck that a half dozen are not ready to escort me. I am intensely happy. John Benger, the Governor's secretary, is by me and together we are discoursing on the wonders of creation. Now no love is talked, but I have a strange sensation whenever he is near me.

Poor little Anne! a summons from the Governor's cabin sends a throb of alarm to her heart. She is accused of encouraging the attentions of one in every way her inferior, and she is reminded that the Queen will do well by her if she chooses a husband worthy of her. The girl replies with spirit, saying, "There is a higher type of nobility than that found in the heraldic shields and titles, and she scorns such things unless they are united to truth and purity." She starts to leave the room, but is taken with a fainting fit and is ill for days. When she recovers letters containing proposals are read to her, but she refuses them all—including the one from the ship's captain. Descriptions of merry makings that help to shorten the voyage are related and when at last Newport News is reached the journal concludes as follows:

Right and left the land is thrusting itself into the foam. We are soon to see nature in its loveliest form, her pathless woods, bold rivers and heaven-capped mountains. Nothing in England could equal this! I am almost happy. A splendid coach and four horses has been disembarked from one of the ships, and there is a beautiful saddle horse with trappings for Kate. We are hailed on by a number of burgesses from Williamsburg, who are to act as escort and crowds of people are shouting "Welcome to the new Governor." Kate is splendidly dressed and he in his uniform. As I am about to follow them to the coach the Governor lays his hands upon me. "Stop, Anne, you are to ride Kate's horse, and there is an escort for you. Come, Benger; do your desire to your lady, and raise her on the saddle."

Shall I ever forget that ride? The sweet odor of the woods, the soft sighing of the winds in the pines, the delicious something of everything so inexpressible! and why? Because two divided hearts have met. We talked of the sad past, our bright future, for John said after he had expressed his love for me to the Governor, and he had an alarming illness, he gave his consent on condition that John would not attempt to see me until the Queen's consent had been obtained and until then be only friends. Dispatches are en route to meet the Governor in Williamsburg, and then we will know our fate. Dear journal; friend of my heart and depository of my inner self, oh listen as I write; the dear Queen has consented, and that a large grant of land is to be my dowry. John does not wish to be ennobled, and I shall sink into plain Mrs. Benger.

This memento of my girlhood's life, John and I seal up today, with a rose from his coat and a blue ribbon from my curls. It is our wedding day, and he and I will need a journal no longer, for we are a duality now.—Anne, John.

Saved by a Confederate

There had been a daring case of burglary at a farm house in Cheshire. Three men had tied town and gagged the farmer and his two maid servants, and had rifled the house at their leisure.

There were two clews. In the struggle one of the men had left a button from his coat behind, and he had also had his face so severely scratched by one of the maids that the girl said "she was sure she had left her mark upon him."

Weeks passed without any arrest being made, and people began to forget the burglary, until one day a man was arrested at Liverpool. He had with him a bundle containing some of the plunder of the farm house. His face bore traces of scratching, and, to clinch the matter, his coat wanted a buttons and the buttons on it corresponded exactly with that picked up at the scene of the burglary.

His defense was very flimsy. "He knew nothing about the burglary, but had bought the coat and things very cheap of a man in the street." He accounted for the scratches by saying that he was a sailor, and had in that capacity much rough work to do.

There was no defense; the jury found a verdict of "guilty" without leaving the box, and the prisoner was asked if he had anything to say.

"Well, Cap'n," he said, "it's hard to be convicted for noth'n. I know no more of this burglary than a baby; when it happened I was fightin' the slavers on the Gold Coast."

There was something in the man's manner that impressed the Judge, so he said, not unkindly:

"But surely, prisoner, if your story is true, you must have friends and comrades with whom you could have communicated? It is too late now."

"You're right, Cap'n; it's too late. I couldn't communicate with them anyhow, for I don't know where they are. They may be in America, or they may be at the Cape."

"But," urged the Judge, "the Court has no wish to convict a man who may be innocent. Is there no one who could speak for you?"

The prisoner looked in a hopeless sort of way round the Court.

"No," he began; but just when his eye lighted on a man in the Court. "Yes," he added, pointing to him, "there is a gentleman who might speak for me if he would." The Judge looked in the direction of the individual pointed at.

"Do you know the prisoner?" he asked.

"No, My Lord," was the reply, "I never saw him before in my life."

"Well, Captain Sharpe," said the prisoner, "I know you well enough."

"Is you name Captain Sharpe?" asked the Judge.

"Yes, My Lord," came the reply.

"Well, the prisoner seems to recognize you, so I will ask you to step into the witness box and be sworn, that he may ask you questions.

The Captain then went into the box, and the following dialogue ensued:

"Are you Captain Sharpe of the warship Vulture?" asked the prisoner.

"Yes."

"Were you in command of her on the slave coast this Spring?"

"I was."

"And wasn't I one of the crew?"

"Most certainly not."

"But, Cap'n, don't you remember the slave ship that you boarded?"

"Yes."

"And you yourself led the boarders?"

"Oh, yes; but all that is nothing—you may easily have heard of her or read all about that.

"Well, but Cap'n once more—don't you remember the big black shaver who was almost cutting you down? Don't you remember the one man who stood between you and death, and what he got for it? Don't you remember that?"

And, brushing back his hair, the prisoner showed a great scar down one side of his head.

The whole Court looked on breathless as the Captain stared at the scar and at the man till his eyes seemed starting from his head. At length, as if in a dream, he muttered to himself: 'Good heavens, is it possible?"

Then slowly and deliberately he got out of the witness box and clambered into the dock, where he seized the prisoner's hand, and, turning to the Judge, said: "My Lord, this was the best man in my crew and he saved my life. Providence has sent me here to save him. He is so changed by illness that I could not recognize him. But there is no mistake now. If you imprison the old bo'sun of the Vulture, you must take the Captain with him."

Amid cheers and sobs that no one cared to suppress, the Judge briefly directed the jury to reconsider their verdict, which they at once did, finding a unanimous "not guilty."

As the left the Court Captain Sharpe might have been heard addressing his companion some what as follows:

"Well, old man, we pulled through that business pretty well, I think. It was a near shave, though!"

"Captain Sharpe" was nothing less than a confederate, and he had assumed the part of Captain to save his companion in crime.—From the London Evening News.

Lost Her Bracelet.

Only a few days ago the loss of a valuable diamond bracelet was advertised, and a reward of $100 was offered for its recovery. The loser, whose name was attached to the advertisement, was a woman known for her wealth, her elaborate toilets, and her considerate treatment of her six French bull terriers which are lodged in an uptown hotel at an expense that would support a family. A week passed, and the bracelet was not returned, although it was supposed to have been lost between the owner's hotel and a point only a few blocks distant. Then, when there seemed to be little hope of its recovery, a servant in the hotel found it under a table in the hotel, where it had lain all the time. To the servant's astonishment, the owner, who had been generous to her on many occasions, insisted that the girl should accept the reward of $100. The girl, in turn, caused as much surprise when she positively refused to accept the money, and raised the somewhat complicated objection that she was doing only what her customary liberal tips called for when she found the bracelet, and was therefore entitled to nothing more. She was steadfast in her refusal and the owner of the recovered treasure was just as firm that she should accept the reward, and concluded negotiations with the threat to see that she got the money in one form or another. As she is a woman of her word, there is little doubt that she will devise some means by which the $100 will go to the person who she thinks deserves it.

He Had a Hard Case.

"S-a-ay, be you the man that arrests fellers?"

A tall, raw-boned, freckle-faced stranger stood in the doorway of Justice Krueger's court room one day last week and looked timidly at Constable Kennedy, who was writing at a desk.

"Yes, come in," said the constable, without looking up.

The stranger shuffled through the door and approached the desk. His bones creaked as he walked and an occasional cake of mud shook from his clothes and fell to the floor.

"Waal," said he, "I want my shotgun what a feller stole from me down yere by the dee-pot. He was a blame nice feller but he got my shotgun, an' I'll have to have it, 'cause I'm on my way to Cuba."

The constable looked up at the sound of the voice and smiled. The voice was slightly muffled by straining through a bunch of tangled whiskers, and there was a sort of nasal accompaniment to the words, which sounded very unmusical but quite entertaining.

"Who was the man who stole your gun?" asked the constable, "and how did he get it?"

"Ef I was a knowin' of that," said the stranger. "I wouldn't be 'round here, would I? The gun was wrapped up in a oil cloth kiver, an' the feller jes up an' lit out with it. We was settin' down yere on the dee-pot standin' place a-talkin', when a train came in. Waal, I gits up ter see the folks git off an' leaves my gun layin' there with this feller. When I come back he had done lit out with it. As I was sayin', I wouldn't lose that gun for anything, 'cause I'll need it when I git ter Cuba."

He had seated himself on a bench where criminals of all sorts had sat—from pickpockets to murderers. But he was an innocent man, almost childish. The constable began to draw him out and the clerk and a few others gathered about him and asked him questions. He had traveled to Kansas City and would travel thousands of miles yet if fortune favored him.

"I was workin' on a farm up yere in Ioway, when the war broke out—Hastings, Ioway. The fellers in town were talkin' a deal 'bout enlistin' an' I kinder gits the fever. I had $65 what I had saved up, an' knowin' that that couldn't take me clean to Cuba I bought a bicycle— a nice yaller one with blue stripes, 'cause I heerd some-'un say that the best way to git at the Spaniards was to find the Cubans.

"Waal, I learned to ride the bicycle in 'bout two days and so I says good-by ter the folks and starts out. The wheel was a daisy an' I must a' kivered some hundred mile in 'bout three days. But yo niver kin tell 'bout them bicycles, or I mean the weather. It begun to rain cats an' dogs when I was ten mile from any town an' there wasn't nuthin' fer me to do but jest pick up the dern wheel an' carry it. I'll bet I lugged that machine twenty mine through the allfiredest rain you ever seed and I tried at every farm-house to trade it fer something that'd carry me in muddy weather. I'd a-taken the measliest ole jackass that ever kicked over a gate, bnt them farmers weren't no fools. 'A man can't drive cows to pasture on a bicycle,' says every one of 'em, an' I had ter agree with 'em.

"I'd ' bont lost sight o' Cuba an' the Spaniards in the trouble I was havin', when along comes a feller ridin' the bonyest nag y'ever see. It was branded all over with crosses and bars, but it could walk, Waal, I traded my bicycle fer the nag an' thought I'd made a purty good bargain considerin' everything, though the hoss wasn't worth more'n $10, noway."

The stranger began to perspire as he warmed to his narrative, and drew forth a huge flaming bandana. It mopped clean streaks across his face. He ran his hand through his hair and played with his beard.

"I guess I hadn't gone more'n a mile when the durn critter began to flounder round a bit an' I seed that suthin' was ailin' of him. Purty soon the hoss tumbled over in the mud an' slung me over in a puddle. Waal, I was purty durn mad, you bet. Ef I'd a had my bicycle I could o' picked it up an' carried it, but the critter, bony as he was, couldn't be pulled up with less'n a derrick. I was in a heap of a fix, but by workin' two hours I got the beast on his feet. Just then a man come along an' I begun dickerin' with him to buy my animal. The feller had a shotgun —the one that was stole from me today —and I traded the horse fer the gun an' $5 to boot. You bet when I got that money I made up my mind not to stop 'till I come up with a train.

"After that I fixed it up with a conductor to bring me as fur as Kansas City fer $5. When I got off I was purty durn near lost in all them freight cars, but a feller showed me where the depot was, and that was where I met the man what got my gun."

He stopped suddenly and fished in his pocket a moment. When his hand came out it held a piece of paper which the stranger unfolded carefully and handed to the constable. The paper was covered with mysterious letters and figures, and he did not let it remain long out of his hands.

"We was settin' down there at the dee-pot an' I was tellin of this feller 'bout how I was headin' fer Cuba, when he says, says he, 'I kin git you to Cuba for nothin,' and then he give me this paper. 'Hand that to any conductor,' says he, 'an' he'll take you where you want to go' Them is secrets on that paper. I wouldn't take a good deal fur it, neither."

He put the paper back in his pocket and crossed his legs. No one undeceived him as to the worthlessness of the mysterious secret which he prized so highly.

"I guess that feller thought I meant ter give him the gun fer the ticket to Cuba. He was a mighty nice feller an' asked me all 'bout the folks, an' seemed to know some of 'em, too. But he might a knowed I'd need that gun in fightin' Spaniards. D'ye think you kin find him fer me?"

In the meantime Chief Hayes had been notified of the theft, and while the stranger was still telling his story, a prisoner was brought into the room. The officer carried a bundle wrapped in oilcloth, and when it was opened the lost gun fell out in two pieces. It was a curious thing—an ancient split-barrel weapon with a hickory ramrod. The prisoner grinned as he saw the farmer, and gave his name as William Carter. He pleaded guilty to stealing the gun without parley and was promptly sentenced to ten days in jail.

"Waal, if there ain't the gun all right," said the farmer as it was uncovered, "I never thought you'd get it."

He was about to speak to Carter, but the officer led Carter away.

"Saay," he drawled to the constable, "you needn't lock the feller up. I've got my gun now, an' he give me a ticket to Cuba, you know. Waal, I guess I'll be meanderin' down toward the depot, cause I must be gettin' a little along the road."

He was half out the door when the constable shouted after him:

"Say, what's your name?"

"Jacquinot," was the answer. "William Jacquinot, Hastings, Ioway."

MARGERY, A FLIRT.

She was a slight, fluffy-haired young thing, looking even younger than her age, nineteen, and which she told to the girls of her set (who were all older) with a happy abandon to the pleasures of honesty. She could afford to. There were in her powers of attraction that enabled her to be graciously generous to all.

"I've often wondered," she said to Hawksworth, one time, looking up at him a little sadly, and with a plaintive minor tone in her voice, "what I would have done if I'd—well, if I'd been real plain, you know, and—and shy?"

Hawksworth looked down at her with an irrepressible smile. It was hard to imagine Margery shy. She had a timid little way with her, to be sure, but 'twas the timidity of the coquette. That little piece of bubbling, sparkling, roguish gayety! Hawksworth smiled again. The truth was, Margery was an undoubted little flirt. Hawksworth was two years the elder, and feeling much older in experience (which Margery perceived and encouraged), he did the elderly brother act in a way that brought about many pleasant evenings, and long walks, and confidential chats, which, if he had succumbed as a mere ordinary beau he could not have had. The walks were gradually lengthening themselves to excursions, little trips to picture galleries (where Margery only looked at the pictures she liked, and said "she hated the old masters, anyhow"), to pleasant drives on quiet roads where they had long, serious talks in the afternoon sunlight.

Hawksworth's sisters felt the calamity coming even before he did himself. When a brother is uniformly polite for two twin weeks, and says "certainly, dear," in a meek tone of voice when asked to go to church, there is danger brewing. You may not know where, or what point the assault threatens, but sooner or later you will reach the corner where the red flag hangs out.

Well, the girls did this even before Hawksworth, and when they saw it was Margery, they gave a little gasp, and retired from the field.

"If it was any other girl but Margery," said Alice, grave and dignified, who suffered from "principles," "it wouldn't be so bad."

By this, no doubt, it is already evident that Margery was a sure shot, and always succeeded, in vulgar parlance, in "bagging her game." After all, it came about very suddenly, as earthquakes do. It was a calm summer's evening, and they had drifted into the semi-sentimental mood to which half light and no lamps invariably succeeds in reducing an earnest young man, and a charming young innocent and childlike and unsophisticated. This was her most dangerous mood. A trap into which the unwary invariably fell, yet which, to do her justice, was as sincere as her own honest, impulsive little self. Hawksworth had been telling her the story of his life (in a tender tone and to slow music) until she in turn responded with naive confidences and some of her heart's history. Then came a tremulous pause, and then—"Margery, dear, there is something I must tell you. I love you. I never met any woman I love like you. Margery, will you be my wife?"

Now, "any other girl" at this interesting moment would have blushed, paled, sighed, cried, and said: "Yes, John," in a little voice, finishing on John's shoulder. Any other girl but Margery.

"Oh, bother!" she said, a little rosehue of actual anger rising to her face. "Oh, bother, I didn't think you'd do it that way. I thought you were more original, John Hawksworth."

"What?" said John, feeling as if the heavens were about his ears, and wondering if Margery was not suffering from a fever, or—or something. "What, my darling? I—that is, you—that is, I—I don't understand,"

"It's only this," replied Margery, with a mad stamp of her tiny foot, and in a most disappointed tone: "They all do it just this way, every one of them! I—I thought you had more brains, John Hawksworth. Instead of saying it some original way, you said it exactly like Tom Pearl did, and he's in the butter business, and stupid. Oh, dear!"

"So Tom Pearl did it, did he?" retorted Hawksworth, grinning savagely. "So he's done it, has he; and I do it just like him and the others, do I? Oh, darn it!"

"John—Mr. Hawksworth," said Margery, in an offended tone, "do you realize your language, sir?"

"Oh, I do, my darling, I do; but, Margery, Margery, only say you'll have me, and make me the happiest fellow under the sun."

"The stars, you mean," said Margery, saucily. "No, sir, I won't do anything of the kind. I am disappointed in you."

With this heartrending statement, Margery rose haughtily to her feet, anger and ill-supressed wrath in her eyes and voice.

"You mean," said Hawksworth, miserably, "that you won't have me?"

"I said I was disappointed in you. Are we apt to love those we are disappointed in?" retorted Margery, evidently with full relish of the position.

"But, but, Margery, if I'd only known—that is, dear, you see, I didn't have time to practice. It came so suddenly. You—you know," (with a pathetic touch of humor) "we—we have to practice things to do them well."

Margery stood for a moment lost in thought. "I have it, John—Mr. Hawksworth," she cried, suddenly. "You shall have another chance. If, in a week's time, you succeed in actually doing it different from anybody else, I—I may think about you."

At length the eventful Saturday—the last day of his allotted week—arrived, and with it despair, and as Hawksworth resolved bitterly in his mind, "a suicide's grave." It was when in this dismal mood that he suddenly thought of the tomb of his ancestors.

"Margery," said Hawkworth to her that afternoon as he rose from his seat in her front parlor, hoping she saw how pale and wan he looked, "Margery, will you come for a last walk with me?"

He really said this touchingly, and Margery responded with a sympathetic quiver. "Yes, John."

On the way to the cemetery he spoke but little. Margery noticed the turn their walk took, but she made no remark. It should have been a dark day, with lowering clouds, but contrary to romance the sun shone brightly and the air was fresh and sweet. John walked along, as we have said, without speaking. Suddenly, however, a light came into his eyes. He straightened his shoulders and threw back his head with a jubilant shout. "Hi! Yi! I've got it! Come along, Margery," he yelled, dragging her wildly by the hand and forcing her almost into a run.

"John—Mr. Hawksworth, what do you mean? You mustn't run. Where are you going, John?" she gasped, as he raced through the gates, and up the paths of the empty old cemetery.

"Hi! Yi! I've got it. That's' it! Come on, Margery," he cried. "I knew I'd get it," and then, suddenly pausing before an ancient tomb green with mold and bright with flickering sunbeams, he said with a mixture of fun, wickedness and tender pleading in his voice: "Margery, that's our family tomb. Sweetheart, will you consent to some time being buried there?" and then Margery saw the joke and accepted the plot.—Ruth Jane Reid of Jersey City in Wilmington News.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Illinois alone publishes more newspapers than all Spain.

The Queen of Italy is a robust person. She has a reputation as a long distance pedestrian and she turns to chess for relaxation.

She—"Love is like seasickness." He—"Why?" She—"Because you can have it awfully and yet can't describe it."—Detroit Free Press.

A fellowship for women with an annual income of $1,000 has been founded in the American School for Classical Studies in Athens.

"Any news?"

"Yes; the Goddess of Liberty is going to be Queen of the May this year."—Chicago Record.

A Quaker once, hearing a person tell how much he felt for a friend who needed assistance, dryly observed: "Friend, hast thou felt in thy pocket for him?"—Tit-Bits.

A Definition—Mamma—"Oh, dear! Jimmy, I don't believe you know what it is to be good." Jimmy—"Yes, I do, mamma. It's not doing what you want to do."—Truth.

Fuddy—So you were at the theater last evening? What did they play?

Duddy—Play? They played a mighty mean game on the audience.—Boston Transcript.

"I's hyuhd it said dat folks is only chillun grown," remarked Uncle Eben, "an' it do seem dat a heap oh 'em hab de habit of hollerin' lots wifout sayin' nuffin' "—Washington Star.

Housekeeper (to a book agent who brings the tenth installmen of a novel) —I can't take the book—Mr. Miler is dead.

Book Agent—Oh, what a shame! It's right in the most exciting part of the story!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Getting off With Honors—"How did that Boston girl receive your letter offering marriage?" "She wouldn't have me because I don't like Ibsen, but she said my spelling and punctuation were better than she expected."—Chicago News.

The Revolutionary War cost $135,193,703 and 30,000 lives; the war of 1812, $107,159,000 and 2,000 lives; Mexican war, $74,000,000 and 2,000 lives; the Indian wars and other minor wars, $1,060,000 and 49,000 lives, and the war between the States, $8,500,000,000 and 644,000 lives.

THE FUN MAKERS.

The Letter.—"What are you thinking about, Ethel?"

"I am wondering whether I should sign myself 'Yours ever' or 'Thine only' to a girl I detest."—Boston Beacon.

McSwatters.—Dou you think President McKinley will accept the offer made by the circus?

McSwitters.—I think not. He's elephants enough on his hands already.—Syracuse Herald.

"Bridget, I told you five times to have muffins for breakfast. Haven't you any intellect?"

"No, mum; there's none in the house."—Brooklyn Life.

"What's the matter, old man?"

"Oh, an old uncle of mine is coming up from the country to visit me. He's one of the greenest old guys in seven States. I suppose he'll make me the laughing stock of everybody that knows me."

"It isn't your Uncle Henry, who was up here, last year, is it?"

"Yes."

"You didn't seem to be afraid that he'd make a laughing stock of you then."

"I know; but he's gone and lost all his money."—Chicago News.

Love's Manifestation.—"What excuse, if it were possible to have any excuse for such conduct, have you for beating your wife?" asked the Judge.

"She flung it in my face that I didn't care a rape for her," replied the prisoner, "and I just gave her one to show her error."—Indianapolis Journal.

Aunt Abble.—Perhaps you would not believe that your uncle married me for my beauty.

Saucy Niece—Oh, one can believe almost anything of poor, innocent Uncle George.—Indianapolis Journal.

They do say that the high, close-fitting turnover collar is to be worn again this summer. The girls who know the delights of a soft neck will scarcely greet this news with enthusiasm.

A Blue Umbrella.

"Colonel, why did you never marry?" If a cyclone had struck the sharp-featured man who sat with his feet elevated upon the iron railing of the veranda it could not have caused him to start up more quickly. He snipped the ashes from his cigar, paced to the farther end of the veranda, and returning to the questioner's side he said:

"Harry, what made you ask me that question?"

The young man upon whose shoulder the other's hand rested lightly, lifted his eyes. Evidently the Colonel was deeply moved.

"Why, all men marry; that is, men of means or—anyhow, they should marry."

"But you have not married."

"And for a good reason: I am not able."

"But you could support a very comfortable household if you were not—well, what you are," said the Colonel, as he moved away.

"Ah! Hold on, Colonel! do you leave me in that— he's gone!"

The other, paying no attention to his words, went down the broad steps and walked slowly away in the moonlight.

"I know what he means; he might just as well have told me in so many words—spendthrift! Hang it all! I know very well that I am careless about finances and all that sort of thing. If I had been forced to work early I'd know the value of dollars and be a very different sort of a chap now. Ah, well! Life is too short to fret over mistakes gone and done for. Edith Lisle it a—here she comes now."

Was it the tap-tap of tiny feet or the frou-frou of snowy skirts that made Harry Lancaster's heart throb tumultuously? It was both—and the fact that the woman he loved more than all others was nearing him. Rising, he tossed his cigar away, lifted his hat, and offered the charming creature in white a chair.

"Do not disturb yourself, Mr. Lancaster; I merely came out for a brief walk up and down the veranda. Isn't it a lovely evening?"

There was a witchery in the tones of that low, sweet voice. Harry's heart pumped away more vigorously than ever. If the veranda roof hadn't been eave-fringed with ivy the moonlight would have disclosed the hot flush that mantled the young man's face.

"It is indeed a delightful evening. If you will not rest here for a few moments will you not permit me to offer you my arm for the stroll?"

She laid her dainty hand upon his arm and the pair strolled slowly to the farther end of the veranda; they turned to retrace their steps, when Edith said:

"Was not that a firefly, over there among the bushes to the left? See, there it is again, and such a glowing one, too! There, it has disappeared."

"It may be a firefly, but it is my opinion that Col. Drake of the regulars is smoking a cigar out there among the shadows," said Harry.

"Is that charming old bear here?" she suddenly asked, allowing her hand to slip from the other's arm.

"He came this afternoon."

"And as I was not down to tea I did not meet him."

"You seem to be acquainted with the colonel, Miss Lisle."

"Fairly, but really I ought not to have spoken so shockingly about a fine gentleman. He is quite engaging—but I detest that absurd idea about his strange umbrella,"

"Umbrella? What umbrella, may I ask?" inquired Harry, puzzled at her remark.

"Why, have you never heard about the colonel's umbrella?"

"Never."

"Col. Drake possesses a blue, old-fashioned umbrella which is supposed to be a very potent love charm or something like that. Plainly, so it is told, when he invites a lady to share its shelter against the rain her heart is won forthwith. Strange, is it not?"

"Absurd! Have you ever—"

"No, not yet."

"I should not like you to accept its shelter—though I do not believe in such silliness," softly said Harry.

If she understood his meaning she was coy of acknowledgment, for, lifting her hand to his arm again, the pair resumed the stroll just in time to meet the colonel as he ascended the steps. The colonel lifted his hat and passed indoors, while Harry and Edith strolled and chatted the hours away.

The next morning Harry Lancaster's heart sank when he looked from the window and saw the leaden clouds scurrying along the darkened sky.

"Rain! And I was to take her for a drive! Well, I suppose I must make the best of it and while away the time in the parlors," muttered he, as he performed his toilet.

When he entered the dining room he saw that Miss Lisle's chair was vacant. Ah! the colonel's chair, too, was vacant! Over his coffee Harry made the resolve to make a break before night. He would ask her for that dainty white hand. He felt in his heart of hearts that she did not dislike him. On the contrary, as he recalled the pleasant past there was more than mere friendliness in the depths of her beautiful blue eyes last night as they strolled along the veranda.

After breakfasting he went to the smoking room and seated himself near a window overlooking the white stretch of sand, the curling waves, and the foam-capped billows beyond.

Ah! A couple approached from the beach. The gentleman carried—a blue umbrella. As the pair drew near, Harry's heart beat wilder and wilder.

It was the colonel's blue umbrella; it was the colonel, but—who was the lady?

"Miss Lisle, by heavens! Pshaw! I'm a fool to think there is anything strange about this. What do I care about that blue umbrella and its potent love charm? But I wish it had not been Edith," mused Harry, and tossing away his cigar, he went out upon the veranda just in time to raise his hat and say "Good morning" to Edith, who tripped by him.

The colonel closed that quaint umbrella with a click as of satisfaction as he passed Harry with a polite bow and a "Good morning."

Two hours afterward Edith Lisle blushed as Harry Lancaster asked her a question. She recovered quickly and said softly:

"Mr. Lancaster, the potency of the blue umbrella is not a fiction. He is a charming gentleman, and—I always did like soldiers. I—I thank you, and, well—I simply said yes under the blue umbrella—and I hope we shall remain friends."—Waverley Magazine.

THE POET'S CORNER.

I argued pro,
She argued con:
The umpire one Dan Cupid.
So to and fro
The strife went on,
For heaven made men stupid.

When logic failed
She found a way
That Eve first taught her daughter,
Though I prevailed,
She won the day—
She wept. And I took water.
—The Criterion.

When Sunday comes,
How foreign seems the thought of angry war
In homes where all things calm and peaceful are!
The city streets are stilled. The city's noise
Has died away. A spiritual poise
Of soul prevails. And, even as the town,
So, too, the country turns from conflict's frown.
Woods, fields and villages all quiet rest.
In nature's soberest Quaker garments dressed.
How, midst such scenes, hear the far roll of drums,
When Sunday comes!

When Sunday comes,
Look forth, oh brothers, in that day of peace,
To where not for an hour doth clangor cease
Its crash upon the iron hulls of ships,
Its shaping blows upon the cannons' lips,
Its weapon forging and its dreadful swell
Of joy at growing stores of shot and shell,
Its never ending ring of steel on steel,
Its Titan roar that makes a continent reel—
And hear, through all, the rallying roll of drums,
When Sunday comes!
—St. Louis Republic.

ANOTHER WARRIOR BOLD.

He was a fiery editor,
Who thirsted for a fight;
He dipped his pen in blood-red ink,
And then began to write.

He called on every valiant man
To shoulder arms and wipe
The enemy clean off the earth—
All in the blackest type.

The headlines o'er his article
Made strong men gasp for breath;
And scared the timid citizens
And children half to death.

That night the editor let loose
Another wild alarm
That roused the neighbors when his wife
Pricked a boil upon his arm.
—Chicago News.

The export of German fire arms by way of Hamburg gradually increased from $1,000,000 worth in 1890 to five times that amount in 1893.